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6 GRAFTON STREET. Telephone No. 2858.
(1)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
IN MEMORIAM.

COADE—In loving memory of Lieutenant W. H. Coade, Leinster Regiment, only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Robertson Coade, who died on November 6th, 1918, of wounds received in action, aged 26 years. "At the going down of the sun and in the morning we will remember them."

DARRAWAY—In loving memory of our nephew, Second Lieutenant Wilfrid Fletcher Garraway, 32nd Punjabis, drowned on duty in Mesopotamia 8th November, 1916, eldest and dearly-loved son of Major and Mrs. Garraway, Bedford.—F. and A. Garraway.

"I thank my God upon every remembrance of him."
"Tread the flowery April blithely for a while;
Took his fill of music, joy of thought, and sweet seeing;
Came and stayed, and went, nor ever ceased to smile."

HACKETT—In loving memory of our dear Willie, died of wounds, in Cambrai, November 5, 1918.—Mother, brother, and sisters.

BIRTHS.

FALVEY—October 27, 1920, at 64 Upper Beechwood av., Ranelagh, to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Falvey, a son.

GROGAN—October 27, 1920, at Devon Nook, Chiswick, the wife of Major C. W. Grogan, M.C., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

ANDERSON and WILLIAMSON—October 18, 1920, at Erney Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. S. S. Killen, M.A., assisted by Rev. S. Capon, B.A., George Wood, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, Castle Hill, Knock, to Gertrude, younger daughter of J. G. Williamson, Rathe, Kilmainham Wood, Co. Meath.

CANNON and O'CONNOR—October 19, 1920, at Church of St. John the Baptist, Clontarf, by Rev. P. J. Rossiter, C.C., assisted by Rev. J. Hickey, P.P., and Rev. P. Hayden, C.C., Dominic J. Cannon, M.B., N.U.I., son of the late Cormac Cannon, Glenties, to Eileen (Celia), elder daughter of John J. O'Connor and Mrs. O'Connor, 37 Haddon rd., Clontarf. No cards.

CAVANAGH and GUEST—October 29, 1920, at St. James's Parish Church, by the Rev. Dr. H. J. Lavier, M.C.D., assisted by the Rev. J. C. Irwin, B.A., Rector Adam, third son of Daniel and the late Mrs. Cavanagh, Ballymona House, Shinrone, King's County, to Rose, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Guest, 17 Church av., South Circular rd., Dublin.

REYNOLDS and TRAFFE—October 25, 1920, at St. Michael's, Dun Laoghaire, by the Very Rev. Canon Murphy, P.P., assisted by the Rev. Father Dowling, President Blackrock College, Lee, fifth son of Hugh Reynolds, Ballinamore, to Eileen, fourth daughter of the late J. G. Traffe, Agent Bank of Ireland, Charleville, and Mrs. Traffe, Clarinda Park, East, Dun Laoghaire.

SINGLETON and COOTE—November 3, 1920, at St. Patrick's Cathedral, Armagh, by the Rev. E. Singleton, D.D., assisted by the Rev. Canon Tichbourne the Rev. T. Bayden Singleton, B.A., son of the Rev. E. Singleton, D.D., and Mrs. Singleton, of Sudbury, Suffolk, to Olive-Stephenie, daughter of the late Captain Albert A. F. Coote, and Mrs. Coote, 1 Victoria st., Armagh, and granddaughter of the late Very Rev. J. E. Wolfe, Archdeacon of Clogher.

THOMPSON and CASH—October 26, 1920, at King's Norton Parish Church, Birmingham, by the Rev. Canon Price, assisted by Rev. Alfred Thompson, M.A., Sidney Lyle, son of the late Rev. Canon David Thompson, of Glenomnellie, Co. Antrim, to Jessie, second daughter of the late T. Cash, Esq., and Mrs. Cash, Gladstone, Northfield, Birmingham.

WILLIAMSON—October 27, 1920, at St. Paul's Church, Devonport, N.Z., by the Rev. George Budd, Thomas, third son of Mr. and Mrs. Wylie Thompson, of Dunmurry, Co. Antrim), to Agnes, youngest daughter of the late Robert Sinclair and Mrs. Sinclair, Derriaghy, Co. Antrim. (By cable.)

DEATHS.

BLACK—November 4, 1920, at the Carmelite Monastery, Harcourt, Drumcondra, Mother Teresa Malachy (Black), of the Immaculate Heart of Mary. A Pie-requie (Mass for the dead) will be said at 9 o'clock and High Mass to-morrow (Saturday), November 6th, at 11 o'clock.

BRADSHAW—November 3, 1920, at her residence, "Irene," 31 Ulverton rd., Dalkey, Co. Dublin, Annie Louisa Bradshaw, widow of the late Benjamin Bradshaw, Esquire. Funeral Service at Christ Church, Kingstown, to-morrow (Saturday), the 6th inst., at 9.50 o'clock a.m., and thence to Mount Jerome.

BUTLER—November 4, 1920, at her residence, Clevedon, Garville rd., Rathgar, Margaret, widow of the late Patrick George Butler, 58 Kenilworth square. R.I.P. Funeral (private) to-morrow (Saturday) morning after 9 o'clock Mass, from the Church of the Three Patrons, Rathgar.

DAWSON—November 3, 1920, from effects of shell-shock, William Seymour Dawson, eldest son of the late William Dawson, Chapelizod. "Thy will be done." Funeral from Richmond Asylum on Monday (to-morrow), November 8th, at 10.40 a.m. Ex Chapelizod Churchyard.

DUNPHY—November 3, 1920, at her residence, Mount Sion, Kilkenny, suddenly, Julia, widow of the late Edward Dunphy. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), 10 o'clock.

FYFE—August 26, 1920, at Takapuna, Auckland, New Zealand, Ricard Dudley, second son of the late Rev. Canon Richard Booth Fyfe, M.A., Rector of Invercool and Rathcline, Co. Galway.

GALVIN—November 4, 1920, at her residence, Daphne Cottage, Strahart, Mrs. A. Galvin. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), 3 p.m.

MONTGOMERY—November 3, 1920, at his residence, Dublin st., Longford, Robert Montgomery, beloved husband of Annie Montgomery. "Thy will be done." Funeral to-day (Friday), 2 p.m.

MOORE—November 3, 1920, at Rating Row, Rathmore, 4 Carlisle rd., Dalkey, Margaret, daughter of the late Charles Moore, Easterlands, Somerset-shire, and the late Mrs. M. Gerard Moore, The Grands, Shankill. Funeral arrangements later.

O'CARROLL—November 4, 1920, at the Richmond Hospital, Dublin, Louis, aged 10 years, third son of Louis Ely O'Carroll, The Lelex, Ailesbury place, Dublin. Funeral private.

PASLEY—November 3, 1920, at Monkstown Hospital, Joseph Richard Pasley, late Royal Hospital, Donnybrook. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing children. Funeral private. Interment to-morrow (Friday), 2.45, from Hospital.

SEAMAN—November 4, 1920, Robert Palmer (Roy), eldest beloved child of Nellie and Lewis Seaman, Rail-yard, Station, Co. Cavan. Funeral from Adelaide Hospital (to-morrow (Saturday) morning.

YELVERTON—November 3, 1920, at Whitland Abbey, Hertfordshire Maven, youngest daughter of late Hon. William Henry Yelverton, M.P., D.L. Funeral, leaving the house on Monday (to-morrow), for St. Mary's, Whitland. Friends please accept this (the only) intimation.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Calvert and family desire to return their sincere thanks to all those from whom they received expressions of sympathy in their recent sad bereavement, and trust this will be accepted by all.

The family of the late **Mrs. H. L. Stewart** desire to thank all friends who sympathised with them in their recent bereavement, and hope they will accept this as an acknowledgment of all letters and telegrams.

IN MEMORIAM.

LAWLER—In loving memory of Patrick Lawler, 42 Hollybank rd., who died 5th November, 1912. Inserted by his sorrowing widow, sons, and daughter.

LONG—In loving memory of our darling mother, Margaret Long, who entered into rest 5th November, 1910.

To fail asleep is not to die,
To dwell with Christ is better life.

Inserted by her loving son and daughter.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
HOUSE & ESTATE AGENTS,
AUCTIONEERS,
VALUERS,
38-39 SOUTH GT. GEORGE'S ST.

Gentleman's Residence and 30 acres of Prime Land—
TO BE SOLD, WITH POSSESSION, at reduced price, excellent House, without basement; only 7 miles from Dublin, and close to Golf and links. Lease for ever. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

County Meath—150 Acres—
GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE and PRIME FARM OF FINISHING LAND to be Sold on very moderate terms, with Possession; land of first quality, fine hunting district; house has 4 reception and 7 bedrooms, hot and cold; central heating; 2 gate lodges, walled-in garden, stabling. Held in Fee Farm, subject to moderate rent. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Coolock —An exceptionally attractive House and Grounds to be Sold; lease (6 ACRES) 50 years; rent £255; 4 receptions, 4 bedrooms, maids' rooms, hot bath; up to date sanitation, stabling, greenhouse, gate lodge. Possession November, 1916, eldest and dearly-loved son of Major and Mrs. Garraway, Bedford.—F. and A. Garraway.

Ailesbury Road—A very fine RESIDENCE FOR SALE with possession; splendidly built; 4 reception, 5 bed rooms, 2 maids' rooms, garden, tennis ground, excellent light. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Clonskeagh—FREE OF RENT FOR EVER. Attractive, well-built, semi-detached, with possession; hall, 4 reception and cloakroom, 4 good bedrooms, with lavatory fitted, 2 maids' rooms, bathroom, 2 w.c.'s, large garden, stabling, electric light, etc. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
HOUSE AGENTS,
38 & 39 STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

SCOTCH FIR.
WHAT Offers for a quantity of Scotch Fir (110,000) Plants, about 2½ to 3ft. high (Andit to HAMILTON, ROSS and PARKE, Castleellan, Co. Down.

FOR SALE, NORTH KILDARE, GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, 9 reception, 4 best bedservants' rooms, modern sanitation; excellent stabling; centre hunting district; 60 Acres prime pasture. Immediate possession. Particulars on application.—Z 177. Residence," this office.

WANTED, KILDARE, CARLOW, MEATH, or QUEEN'S COUNTY, RESIDENTIAL PURCHASE, compact FARM, 100-200 Acres.—ARTHUR JONES and SON, Auctioneers, Greystones.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY CONTINUED.

PALMYRA (Rathmines Road Lower), Dublin.—Superior Boarding Establishment; vacancies for a few gentlemen; C.I. reduced terms helpful patron.—Z 193, this office.

TYRONE Lady offers superior country Home to lady of limited means for 9/10 weekly and light duties. Apply, Principal, 3 Upper Ely place, Dublin.

WILL Furnished Flat, splendid situation, first class position, attendance.—17 Bellfield avenue, Kingstown.

ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, WALES.

TO Let, Furnished House, containing three sitting-rooms and five bedrooms, situated at Halkyn, Flints (1,000 feet above sea level, Prestatyn, Rhyl, Colwyn Bay, Menai Straits, Llandudno, Conway, Criccieth, Barmouth, Aberdovey, Machynlleth, Aberystwyth, Aberaeron, Aberporth, Cardigan, Tenby, Saundersfoot, Pembroke Dock, Milford Haven, Fishguard, Newport, Barry, Penarth, Cardiff, Swansea, Mumbles, Porthcawl, Bridgend, Aberdare, Merthyr Tydfil, Pontypridd, Llantrisant, Newport, Monmouth, Chepstow, Ross, Hereford, Leominster, Ludlow, Shrewsbury, Oswestry, Wrexham, Chester, Birkenhead, Liverpool, Southport, Preston, Blackpool, Lytham, Fleetwood, Morecambe, Lancaster, Carnforth, Grange-over-Sands, Ulverston, Barrow-in-Furness, Whitehaven, Workington, Maryport, Carlisle, Gretna Green, Dumfries, Stranraer, Ayr, Girvan, Ballantrae, Glasgow, Edinburgh, Dunbar, Berwick-on-Tweed, Alnwick, Bamburgh, Seahouses, Holy Island, Tynemouth, Whitley Bay, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Durham, Darlington, Whitby, Scarborough, Filey, Bridlington, Hornsea, Withernsea, Hull, Grimsby, Cleethorpes, Skegness, Boston, Sutton-on-Sea, Mablethorpe, Wainfleet, Hunstanton, Wells-next-the-Sea, Cromer, Sheringham, Yarmouth, Lowestoft, Aldeburgh, Felixstowe, Harwich, Clacton-on-Sea, Southend-on-Sea, Margate, Ramsgate, Deal, Dover, Folkestone, Hastings, Eastbourne, Seaford, Brighton, Worthing, Littlehampton, Bognor, Chichester, Portsmouth, Southsea, Ryde, Sandown, Shanklin, Ventnor, Freshwater, Yarmouth, Lymington, Bournemouth, Poole, Swanage, Weymouth, Bridport, Lyme Regis, Sidmouth, Exmouth, Budleigh Salterton, Dawlish, Teignmouth, Torquay, Paignton, Brixham, Dartmouth, Salcombe, Kingsbridge, Plymouth, Looe, Fowey, Falmouth, Helston, Penzance, St. Ives, Hayle, Redruth, Camborne, Truro, Newquay, Padstow, Bude, Clovelly, Ilfracombe, Lynton, Minehead, Weston-super-Mare, Clevedon, Portishead, Bristol, Chepstow, Tintern, Monmouth

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

THE CUBITT CAR.
16 h.p. 4.5 Seater. Now produced 60 per week. Present price £445. Improved Model. Delivery October.
WALLEN GARAGES,
TRINITY ST. and 11/12 ANDREW ST.
DUBLIN. 'Phone, 4025.
Estab. 1898.

A.T. Woods', Westland Row—Valley Wools Cars, ready to drive away. T

CHEVROLET CARS.
The Chevrolet has made good in Ireland. Let us tell you why.
Book Now for Early Delivery.
LINCOLN MOTOR CO., 4-7 LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. T

WHEN AT OLYMPIA
CALL AT
STAND 93
FOR
1921 SINGER CARS.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 Lower Abbey Street, Dublin. T
'Phone 4778.

CARS OF QUALITY.

CALTHORPE 2-Seater, Detachable Wheels. USUAL Equipment, £520.
MAXWELL 1920 5-Seater, small mileage.
MORRIS-OXFORD 2-Seater, Dynamo Lighting. IN good running order. £325.
NEW BEAN 4-Seater 1st Price.
GOOD SECONDHAND CARS
& COMMERCIAL VEHICLES IN STOCK.

DODGE 1920 5-Seater, almost new. £550.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
LIBERTY-SIX De Luxe, £875.
LIBERTY-SIX. Small Mileage. £825.
OVERLAND 1920 Model 4. 1st Price.
NINETEEN TWENTY ONE MODEL
SINGER ON VIEW AFTER OLYMPIA.
INSPECTION INVITED.
4 LOWER ABBEY STREET,
'Phone, DUBLIN. 4779.

DUBLIN MOTOR COMPANY FOR MOTOR CARS.
25 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN. T

1920 MOTOR SHOW.
OLYMPIA—WHITE CITY.
Our Representatives will be in attendance at the following Stands, and will be pleased to afford full information to prospective buyers from Ireland:—
NAPIER, CHARRON-LAYCOCK,
MINERVA, DE DION BOUTON,
BUICK, BELSIZE.
THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.,
DUBLIN, BELFAST, and CORK. T 5

REPAIRS TO ANY MAKE OF CAR.
TAXIS AND TOURING CARS FOR HIRE.
'Phone 2912, Dublin.

CAR which built up the reputation of the British Motor Industry, "The Sublime Sunbeam." 15 h.p. 4-cylinder Model 20 Sunbeam. Apply 22 Kildare street.
A BROL-JOHNSTON 4/5 Seater for Sale, two months in use, covered 800 miles only, 1920 newest design, 1518 h.p. Tyres all good, screen, electric lighting and starting, detachable steel wheels, Dunlop magnum spare wheel and tire, speedometer, electric horn, painted Brunswick green. £700 cash. Owner, 51b, this office.
BEST, cheapest, and quickest Overhauls and Repairs. Expert maker, Dodges, Hupmobile. Apply only to The Motor Repair Service, Ltd., 9 Lad lane, Lower Baggot st. 'Phone 4606. T
BLERIOT Whippet, run under 500 miles—Near 31 h.p. Fitzroy coupe. T
FOR Sale, 1915 Two Seater, 4 cylinder, 10 h.p.—Apply 125, this office.
FOR Sale, 17-9 Gear Enfield 5 seater, late 1915, little used during war; electric light, four almost new Dunlop Magnum tyres; 520 with spare rim and wheel and tyre, newly painted French grey last July; owner going abroad; cost £1,200; accept £ 700. Apply this office.
FOR Sale, Ruit Calcidet, Saxon Two Seater, and Lagonda Coupe.—Harcourt Motor Co., Clonmel st. T
FIAT Landaulette for Sale; any trial given.—Hughes Bros., 21 Kevin street. T
FOR Sale, one Model 75 Overland Car and one 1914 Ford, from English body; both cars in good running order.—E. S. Wilson, Gowran. T
FIAT Landaulette, newly overhauled and painted; any trial given.—£300.—Express Automobile Co., 131 Marlborough st., Dublin.
FORD 1920 Touring Car, 1915, in perfect running order, very little used, price £150 or best offer.—Q 504, this office.
HUMBER Car (10-12) 5 Seater, Claudel carburetter, H.T. Bosch magneto, running order, for immediate sale; private ownership; trade cheque accepted.—Apply Lagonda Two Seater Coupe, 1914, excellent condition, electric light; £185.—Q 577, this office.
MORRIS-OXFORD 2-Seater, perfect order, price £0.—Chauffeur, Blackrock House, Blackrock. E

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Apply for Prospectus to
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD and CO., LTD.,
50 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN. X

MORRIS-COWLEY 1919 Four Seater, excellent condition; owner driven.—Z 267, Motor. Mis office.
ROVER, late 1915 Two Seater; engine completely overhauled by Rover agents in July; O.A.V. lighting; Nosent, Bagot court, Dublin.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

APPRENTICE to Motor and Engineering Business required; one with some experience preferred; state particulars.—Q 510, this office. T
WANTED, one with some experience, seeks situation, as chauffeur; town. Groom Chauffeur, Kingstown. Lodge, Shillorna.
WANTED, Mechanical Chauffeur wants situation; all repairs; state terms.—C. O'Connor, Ballsgrove, Booterstown.
LADY Chauffeur seeks post; Automobile School certificate; town preferred; housemaid or children; highest references.—Q 516, this office.
WANTED, position as garage or with factory as Storeman, Clerk, or Salesman; thorough knowledge of business; can drive.—Z 476, this office.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

SPLENDID 1916 Ford Four for Sale, new condition throughout; Dublin owner; £310.—Q 508, this office.
WOLSELEY Two Seater, 10 h.p., with dickey seat, Bosch magneto; perfect order; having no use for same, soon say time. Apply O'Neill, Garage, 25 Lower Pembroke st.
5 SEATER Pullman, 1915 model; any trial; best offer over £350.—Q 509, this office.
1914 SWIFT Two Seater, twin cylinder, perfect order; £190.—Q 440, this office.
1914 FOUR Cylinder Fitzmont, two seater, lamps, horn, hood, wind screen, first class condition, £170.—Q 542, this office.
1915 DODGE Five Seater, just overhauled and repainted, electric lighting and starting; cheap for cash.—Q 426, this office.
1918 HUPMOBILE Touring, condition as new; all accessories.—Q 430, this office.
1920 FORD Car, with detachable wheels; immediate delivery; guaranteed; apply and Dillon's Auto Garage, 4 Lower Abbey st., Dublin.
1920 10 H.P. Singer Two Seater and Dickey Seat, electric light, self starter, as new; £440.—Mr. Motor, this office.
1920 OVERLAND, 4, 2 months in use, perfect condition, 4 seater; £395; no offers.—Thomas McAree, Castlebyrne. E

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" MOTOR Cycles waiting for you—New Models, Sole Agents, Harley Davidson (largest) Indian-White and Poppe, and Motor Combinations; Solo Mounts, Sunbeam, Douglas, Levis, Diamond, Spark-plugs, etc.; street Repairs a specialty.—Hendrick Motors, Wynne Ltd., Lesson st. Established 1910. T

A.J.S. TWIN COMBINATIONS, with quick detachable wheels, spare wheel and tyre, screen and apron. £210, plus carriage.
WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE,
11/12 ST. ANDREW ST., DUBLIN.
Estab. 1898. 'Phone 4025.

A.T. Woods', Westland Row—Unequalled value, 6 horse Martinsyde Combination, £170. Immediate delivery.
A.T. Woods', Westland Row—Over Twenty Side Cars in stock to suit all makes.
ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts); new rates.
A BIKE 1918 3½ Combination, superior order, £105; A.J.S. 1918 5/6 Combination, perfect, £115; Scott 1920 Combination, mileage 1,000, cost £225, accept £175; Harley Davidson 1920, as new, £140; Rudge 5/6 1920 Combination, gilded cage, bargain; Sunbeam 3½ 1919 Combination, reasonable offer; James 2¼ Two Speed Two Stroke 1919, as new, £55; Douglas 2¼ Two Speed 1918, £65; F.N. 2¼ Two Speed, £35; Triumph 3½, good order, £55; Rudge 3½, fine engine, little work, £40. Trial and particulars.—Fitzgerald's Factory, 86 Rathmines road.
SUN Motor Cycle for Sale, 1916 two speed two stroke; very little used, condition guaranteed; £40.—Z 218, this office.
TRIUMPH 1914 4 h.p. Combination, 3 speeds and clutch, Model 1920, cost £315 (Henderson), good order and appearance, £85.—Q 487, this office. T
22 DOUGLAS, 1920, running 3 months, perfect condition, accessories and spares.—Q 488, this office.
2¼ EXCELSIOR Jap Starmer-Archer, 2 speed, clutch hill and kick starter; also 3½ T.T. Norton, with Phillipson pump, as new.—Kelly, Beckett's Walk.
4 H.P. Douglas Combination, October, 1919, good condition and running order, tools and spares; seen Dublin any evening; any trial.—Cool, the Lodge, Sagrott, Co. Dublin.
1914 TRIUMPH and Mills-Fulford C.B. Sidecar for immediate sale; splendid condition. For full particulars, Q 494, this office.
1920 3½ T.T. Norton, as claim, 3 speed clutch and kick starter; as new.—Kelly, Beckett's Walk.
1920 7-9 h.p. ELECTRIC Model Harley Davidson Combination, perfect condition, mileage 4,000. What offers? Trial given.—Q 535, this office.
1920 21 DIAMOND J.A.P., mileage 500, condition perfect, £75, or near offer.—77 Merrion square, after 1 p.m.
1920 WILLIERS Two Stroke, two speed, purchased August, mileage 800; owner bought Combination; price £70. this office.
1920 MOTOR Cycle, 3½ J.A.P. Engine, 2 speed, clutch, Sturmey-Archer, kick starter, only ridden two days. £85. Seen at 17 Rathgar avenue, after 1 on Saturdays, 4.30 other days. Owner going abroad.

WANTED

WANTED, Lightweight and Combination Motor Cycles, also Light Cars; prompt cash.—Fitzgerald, 158 Stephen's Green.

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

ALWAYS AT THE TOP.
"KARRIER," COMMERCIAL VEHICLES
THE WORLD'S BEST CAR FOR COMMERCE.
They represent power, quality, reliability, and efficiency. Full particulars from
MOTOR HIRAGE AND SALES CO., LTD.,
61 Brunswick Street, Dublin. T
'Phone 2035.

STEAM WAGGON—For immediate delivery, 6 Ton Clayton Waggon, on rubber tires; also 5 Ton Traller, on rubber tires. To be seen at Thompson's, Great Brunswick st., Dublin.

DAIMLER Lorry, 3-4 tonner, rebuilt (as new), £750; Willy's Truck, 30 cwt., rebuilt (as new), £300; Argyll Lorry, 3-4 cwt., rebuilt (as new), £250; Argyll 12 Double Lorry, £325, this office.
FOR Sale, 4 Ton Petrol Lorry; Clare-Bullock for Hire.—Tenders on Daly Hire Premises, application to T. W. Miller, Motor Engineer, 22 City quay, Dublin. 'Phone 4178.
FOR Hire, One Ton Motor Lorry.—Govett, c/o Thornton, Grenville, 2256.
HAULAGE by Motor Lorries, daily or tonnage rates. Apply to Montgomery, Ltd., Scotch Distillery, Grenville, 2256.
HALLEY 1911 3 Ton Motor Lorry for Sale, recently overhauled and painted, screen, canopy, etc.; recently overhauled and painted, in perfect condition; £450.—Q 425, this office.
TWO One Ton Motor Lorries for Sale, in good running order; cheap.—Apply Beverly Garage, Prince's st., Dublin.
WORK Wanted for 10 cwt. Motor Lorry; any class of work undertaken.—Q 553, this office

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

BOSCH Magneto, guaranteed genuine and brand new, a limited number only in stock for the Irish Motor Industry.—Apply Bosch 6-7 Crow Street, Dublin.
CLEVELAND Ford Wheelbits stock.—City Wheel Works, Ltd., 104 Great Brunswick st.
WANTED, 815 Ford Universal Motor preferred; must be in good order.—Q 534, this office

BICYCLES.

"A1."—NEW Shop Soiled Bicycles (Ladies' and Gents'), all Viudec Rims, durable, from £7; guineas. Second hand B.S.A., Enfield, and Rudge Whitworth, from £5; genuine bargains. See them at Wurtz Bros., Ltd. 27 Upper Sackville st.
BOYCE'S, Enfield, and Rudeon Military Bicycles, £5, £6, £7, £8 and £9; genuine pre-war quality Enfield Frankfort, Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green.
CHILD'S Free Wheel Bicycle for Sale, perfect order; £5 or nearest offer.—Z 128, Bicycle," this office.
GOOD News—Rudge-Whitworth Ladies' and Gents' Cycles, 1920 Models now available; catalogue free. No advance in prices.—Dublin Depot, 1 Stephen's Green. 26 28

WANTED.

BOY'S Bicycle Wanted, 24" or 20" frame; price, condition, accessories and spares.—Q 488, this office.
WANTED, to complete contracts, 500 Ladies' and Gents' high grade second hand Cycles; prompt sale. Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green.

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.
CHAUFFEUR, married, used any work; single, £3 7s. 140, this office.
CHAUFFEUR, with good experience, seeks situation, or car car, running repairs; indoor or out.—Robert Cox, Cranbury Lodge, Shillorna.
GOOD Mechanical Chauffeur wants situation; all repairs; state terms.—C. O'Connor, Ballsgrove, Booterstown.
LADY Chauffeur seeks post; Automobile School certificate; town preferred; housemaid or children; highest references.—Q 516, this office.
WANTED, position as garage or with factory as Storeman, Clerk, or Salesman; thorough knowledge of business; can drive.—Z 476, this office.

Our portrait is of Miss Nellie Thornton, of 70 Brighton street, Salford, Manchester, whose mother writes:—

I am sending a photo of my little girl Nellie, who is now completely cured of Eczema by your "Clarke's Blood Mixture," for sufferings were unbearable, and she often wished herself dead. She was without healthy skin from head to foot, and would not hardly bear to stand, sit, or lie down. I took her to a skin hospital, and I kept her under their treatment for five months. They gave me ointments for her, but they did her no good. I then bought some "Clarke's Blood Mixture" for her, and in no way thankful, for her life is due to the wonderful cure it made of her."

Clarke's Blood Mixture, by reason of its remarkable blood purifying properties, can be relied upon to give speedy relief and lasting benefit in all cases of Eczema, Bad Legs, Abscesses, Boils, Pimples and Eruptions, Piles, Glandular Swellings, Rheumatism, Gout, etc. Over 50 years' success. Pleasant to take, and free from anything injurious.

Ask for and see that you get

Clarke's Blood Mixture

"EVERYBODY'S BLOOD PURIFIER."

Of all Chemists and Stores, 5/- per bottle, or 11s. 6d. (the quantity, 12/-. (7)

DAINTY RIMLESS EYE GLASSES Complete Fitted.

T. MASON, OPTICIAN,
ESTABLISHED 1780.
6 and 8 DAME ST., DUBLIN (Near the Castle).

CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS.

City of Dublin Y.M.C.A., 43 Upper Sackville street.—To-night, at 8 o'clock, Young Men's Conversational Bible Class. Mr. Henry O'Connor. To-morrow (Saturday), at 8 p.m., Prayer and Fellowship Meeting. Boys' Department—To-morrow (Saturday), at 6 p.m., Prayer Meeting.

WE HAVE

the largest One-floor Garage in Ireland, and one of the best equipped Workshops in charge of an Engineer of very large experience. We are in a position to undertake any class of repair work. Our charges are reasonable. Taking the value of the pound as 6/8, they would work out at approximately 13/4. Let us quote you for painting your Car. We carry large Stocks of Tyres, Accessories, Oils, Petrol, &c., and are in a position to handle any business that offers, in an expeditious and courteous manner.

SOLE AGENTS FOR IRELAND (Excluding Ulster) FCR

MORRIS LIGHT CARS.

G. A. BRITTAIN, Ltd.,
HATCH STREET, DUBLIN.

Every Cigarette in every Packet is a concrete reason why Polo should be the permanent occupant of your cigarette case

Fill it up right away—your tobacconist can supply

M 43 Nordd

Warning Twinges of GOUT RHEUMATISM and SCIATICA

cease within an hour of taking a dose of Osmos—so promptly and effectually does Osmos neutralise and eliminate the cause of those complaints.

A physician with an extensive practice at a popular British Spa, states:—"I am more pleased with Osmos than any other water, and am largely prescribing it."

Osmos
The Great British Aperient Water

IRISH RAILWAY SERVICES.

Labour troubles and the uncertainty of being able to obtain adequate coal supplies have imposed on the chief Irish railway companies the necessity of curtailing their passenger services. Until further notice the Great Southern and Western Company will continue to carry out the programme of reduced passenger trains as announced in our issue of 23rd ult. The principal trains discontinued are the 11 a.m. and 1.15 p.m. Dublin to Cork, the 3.15 p.m. to Waterford, to Maryborough, and the 6.25 p.m. train to Kilkenny and Waterford. Various local services will be discontinued, while important alterations in the departure of the 4.45 p.m. train from Dublin to Cork and the 11.45 a.m. up train will take effect, as also on several branch lines. Notable reductions are being made by the G.N.R. Company, who have decided not to run any Sunday trains, and to discontinue the 7.25 a.m. train from Dublin to Belfast and Derry, the 4.25 p.m. train from Belfast to Dublin, and several runnings between Dundalk and Dublin, and also on the different branch lines of the system. There is also a marked curtailment of the services on the Midland Great Western Railway, the only trains leaving the Broadstone being 7.25 a.m. limited mail for Galway and Sligo, the 9 a.m. for Galway, and the 5 p.m. to Kingscourt. The down night mail has been altered to leave the Broadstone at 3 p.m. The Dublin and South-Eastern Railway Company have resumed the running of the morning mail train from Westland row to Kingstown, the evening train from Carlisle Pier to Dublin, and two evening "locals" between the city and Kingstown.

None of the railway companies, owing to the disturbed conditions at present prevailing, can accept responsibility for the carriage of goods or conveyance of passengers to their destinations. After Monday, 8th inst., the Midland Railway Company will decline to accept all goods, except food stuffs, for carriage. Between Harcourt street Station and Bray and on the Kingstown line a number of trains have been taken off, while a reduced service will be provided for Sundays between Dublin and Kingstown and Bray.

INCORPORATED ORTHOPÆDIC HOSPITAL OF IRELAND.

A meeting of the House and Finance Committee was held in the Hospital, 23 Upper Merrion street, on the 3rd inst., the Chairman, Joseph Mooney, Esq., J.P., presiding. Also present:—Arthur Chance, Esq., P.R.C.S.I. (late Surg.-Lieut.-Col. Hubland-Clark, Miss Corcoran, Miss G. Dobbs, Captain H. French, Mrs. A. E. Goodbody, G. S. Green, Esq., W. S. Haughton, Esq., M.D., T. C. P. Kirkpatrick, Esq., M.D., F.R.C.P.I.; Sir John (O'Connell), M.D., D.Sc., Lady Wallace, and J. H. Webb, Esq., M.R.I.A.I.

A vote of condolence was passed by the Governors to Lady Coote and the relatives of the late Sir Algernon Coote, Bart., who was for many years a kind friend and supporter of the hospital.

The routine business was transacted, and cheques amounting to £503 10/8 were signed in payment of the accounts for October.

The number of patients in the hospital on the 31st October was 70, the daily average during the month 69.

The Governors gratefully acknowledge the following subscriptions received during October:—Messrs. Jacob, Fannin and Co., £2 2/; Messrs. McCabe, £1 1/; Messrs. Pim Bros., £1 1/; Mrs. Marcus Keane, £1/; Messrs. Constable Buckley, £1; Messrs. Bewley and Draper, £1; William Trocke, Esq., £1. The Matron acknowledges the following gifts, with many thanks:—Grapes, Mrs. Nicholson; fruit, vegetables, and books from the Harvest Festival, Sandymount; fruit, St. Ann's Church Harvest Festival, and Rockbrook Harvest Festival; eggs, vegetables, and plants, Mrs. Brown, 10 Londonderry terrace; 10 jumpers, Mrs. MacCrossan; butter, Mrs. Meany; bracks and apples, Miss Corcoran; jam, Miss Dobbs; illustrated paper, Miss Hamilton; toys, Miss McComas Sandford; sponges, hot water bottle covers, slings, Hospital Supply Depot.

ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—At the usual meeting of the Governors of the Royal Irish Academy of Music, held at Westland row, Dublin, Mr. James W. Druitt, M.A., presided. The following were also present:—The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, the High Sheriff of the City of Dublin, Helen Guinness, Sir Thomas O'Donoghue of the Glens, Mr. de Courcy Millar, Dr. A. W. W. Barton, F.R.C.S.I., Mr. William Jackson, Mr. John Irwin, J.P., Mr. Frank Browning, Dr. P. G. Cowan, M.I.C.E., Mr. J. Russell Stritch, J.P., Mr. Warburton Rooke, Mus. B., T.C.D., Mr. W. H. Pool, B.A., B.L., Captain T. M. Gerrard, B.A.I., R.W.F., the Chancellor, Coghlan Bellingham, and G. J. Grahame Harvey, Secretary. The Governors had under consideration the appointment of a Senior Professor of the Violin in the Academy (being specially summoned for the purpose), and appointed Captain J. J. Watson to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Signor Simonetti.

LAW REPORTS.

ACTION AGAINST DUBLIN TRAMWAYS CO.

—In the Court of Appeal, Dublin, yesterday, before the Lord Chancellor, Lord Justice Ronan, and Lord Justice O'Connor, the arguments concluded in the appeal brought by the plaintiff in the case of Barron against the Dublin Tramways Company, and judgment was given in favour of the defendant company. The appellant was Mrs. Barron, of Cianbrassil street, Dublin, and she appealed against a decision of the King's Bench Division refusing to set aside a verdict obtained by the defendants at the trial before Mr. Justice Dodd and a city common jury, which had been brought to recover damages for personal injuries alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiff through the negligence of the company's servants in the management of a tramway car at Stephen street. Mrs. Barron alleged that when boarding a tramway car at the corner of the street, as she alleged, the conductor pushed her off the platform, with the result that she sustained the injuries. The conductor, on the other hand, stated that when the plaintiff was endeavouring to get on the car he told her that it was full, and, notwithstanding this, she came on the car while it was in motion, and fell off before the car could be brought to a standstill. The Court unanimously dismissed the appeal, holding that the defendants' conductor was not guilty of negligence. Mr. Healy, K.C., Mr. McGonigal, K.C., and Mr. Hamilton (instructed by Mr. Lane Joynt) appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. Lynch, K.C., and Mr. R. J. A. Devlin (instructed by Messrs. Casey, Clay, and Collins) appeared for the company.

DUBLIN SOLICITOR'S ESTATE.—In the Chancery Division, before Mr. Justice Powell, in the matter of Horan v. Scallan, an application was made on behalf of Francis E. Scallan, one of the defendants, for an order dismissing the action on the ground that it was unnecessary and vexatious. The action was brought by Mr. Gerald Horan, B.C.L., one of the executors, who sought an order for the administration of the estate of the late John E. Scallan, solicitor, Dublin, who died on June last, by his will, dated June 2nd, 1920, which was subsequently proved, the testator appointed three executors and trustees, namely, Messrs. Horan, F. E. Scallan, and Arthur Cox. He bequeathed to Mr. Francis Scallan all his interest in his business as solicitor, and also a sum of £1,000 towards the capital of the business; he gave certain pecuniary legacies and to two of the executors, Mr. Horan and Mr. Cox, he gave £300 each, and the residue of his property he gave to Francis Scallan. In addition to Mr. Scallan was entitled to a share in a sum of £12,000, which was to be divided amongst twelve nephews and nieces, on the suggestion of the judge, the parties, with their counsel, consulted for a while, and then it was announced that an agreement had been arrived at, to the effect that a decree for administration should be made, together with an order for the usual accounts and inquiries; that Mr. Charles Orpen should act as solicitor for all the personal representatives, and that in the event of any difficulty arising liberty should be given to apply to the Court, the costs of all parties to the proceedings to be paid out of the estate. Mr. Justice Powell expressed his satisfaction with the settlement.

WATERFORD MUNITIONS FACTORY.—In the Court of Appeal this morning motions by Messrs. Thompson & Son, engineers, Carlow and Dublin, against the Ministry of Munitions, came up on appeal by the suppliants from a decision of the King's Bench Division. The suppliants sought to recover damages for breach of contract in the matter of the sale to them of what had been the Hamilton Factory at Waterford. The case was first tried by Mr. Justice Pim, who entered judgment for Messrs. Thomson for £2,000. The Master's decision reversed the order of Mr. Justice Pim, and held that the contract for sale had never been completed, although there were protracted negotiations. The Court of Appeal now, without calling upon counsel for the Ministry, unanimously affirmed the decision of the King's Bench Court. Mr. S. L. Brown, K.C.; Mr. Murphy, K.C., and Mr. Cecil Forde (instructed by Messrs. Gerrard, Henry and Son) appeared for the suppliants; and Mr. Ridsdale, K.C.; Mr. Wood, K.C., and Mr. Lynch (instructed by the Chief Crown Solicitor) appeared for the Ministry of Munitions.

DUBLIN CITY SESSIONS.

FURTHER CLAIMS FOR COMPENSATION.

THE SHOOTING OF ASSISTANT INSPECTOR-GENERAL ROBERTS.

The Right Hon. the Recorder sat in the Courthouse, Green street, Dublin, and resumed the hearing of the Dublin City Sessions, a large number of claims for compensation for malicious injury being disposed of.

Robert S. Miller claimed £587 for the destruction of documents and £137 for the destruction of furniture and personal belongings, caused by fire in the income tax office at 10 Lower Abbey street on 3rd April.

Mr. A. F. Blood, K.C., and Mr. M. C. McGuire (instructed by Messrs. Vincent and Beattie) appeared for the applicant.

The Recorder, in awarding £594 15/5, to be levied off the city, remarked that it was a shocking neglect of duty on the part of the local authorities not to appear and oppose these claims.

INSURANCE COMPANY'S CLAIM.

A sum of £1,422 was claimed by the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company for damage to their premises in Nassau street.

Mr. J. O'Connor (instructed by Mr. Gerald Byrne), Pleasants street, to search for arms and seditious literature. He saw the accused in bed, and found certain articles in the wardrobe near his bed. He arrested the accused. A member of the party stated that he saw the previous witness find certain articles in the room where the accused was in bed. Some of the articles were in a wardrobe.

The next witness stated that on the 21st June he searched a civilian named Hugh C. Brady in his house in Killybegs, and in a pocket of his coat he found two letters, which he identified, addressed from 28 Pleasants street, Dublin. The letters were signed J. W. Keane.

Another witness identified a slip on which the accused wrote a statement in Mountjoy Prison on the 13th October.

Accused—What is written on it?

Witness—I certify that nothing of value was taken from me when I was arrested."

The accused did not produce any witnesses for his defence or make any statement, and the Court closed for consideration of judgment.

Hugh Kirwan, Swords, Co. Dublin, was later brought before the Court, charged with having a revolver and documents, the publication of which would be likely to cause disaffection to His Majesty, in his possession on the 12th of last month.

He refused to recognise the Court.

The President read extracts from the documents as follows:—"Meanwhile the enemy pursues his military preparations for what he terms subjugation, and, in the North, is arming and instigating rebels with the intention of fomenting civil war. The safety of the Irish Republic, the safety of the people of Ireland, threatened by these unscrupulous mercenaries and armed traitors at home, depends upon the Irish Volunteers, and it is our duty to push forward our work with an energy, speed, and decisiveness which will anticipate and defeat the military preparations of the enemy."

The first witness stated that, with a raiding party, he went to Taylor's premises in Swords on the 12th October, and found the accused there. On searching him he found in his right hand breast pocket two documents, and in his right hand trousers pocket a revolver.

Another witness said that he accompanied the previous witness during the raid, and saw the documents and revolver found in the possession of the accused. The revolver was unloaded.

The accused did not call witnesses or make a statement in his defence.

The Court closed, and reserved judgment.

CHARGES AGAINST YOUNG MEN.

INVESTIGATED BY COURT-MARTIAL.

At a district courtmartial which was held at Marlborough Barracks, Dublin, yesterday, Joseph W. Keane, 26 Pleasants street, Dublin, was charged with making statements likely to cause disaffection to His Majesty, in that, on the 15th October, 1919, he wrote a letter to Hugh C. Brady, Killybegs, Co. Donegal, containing the following statements:—"We are getting bomb instruction three times a week, and arms are reported as being landed in Donegal. L. L. and yourself ought to get a few for us. Speaking of Ireland's chance, I fear the only thing that will bring home to the minds of the responsible tyrants is the method of ditch-work now on foot all over the country. I am in favour of it, and I would like to know are you. It is time to take the life of the enemy's agents, who endeavour to even exceed the request of the tyrannical authorities. Remembering all that the people of to-day and of previous times have suffered, also the threat of the Fenians, we have sworn by the Pitch-cap Gibbets Act and by the memory of Emmet and Tone."

The accused refused to recognise the Court.

A military officer gave evidence that on the morning of the 16th September last he was in charge of a raiding party that went to 26 Pleasants street to search for arms and seditious literature. He saw the accused in bed, and found certain articles in the wardrobe near his bed. He arrested the accused.

A member of the party stated that he saw the previous witness find certain articles in the room where the accused was in bed. Some of the articles were in a wardrobe.

The next witness stated that on the 21st June he searched a civilian named Hugh C. Brady in his house in Killybegs, and in a pocket of his coat he found two letters, which he identified, addressed from 26 Pleasants street, Dublin. The letters were signed J. W. Keane.

Another witness identified a slip on which the accused wrote a statement in Mountjoy Prison on the 13th October.

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The accused did not call witnesses or make a statement in his defence.

The Court closed, and reserved judgment.

LIVERPOOL DOCK RATES AND DUES INCREASED.

THE EXACTING DEMANDS OF LABOUR.

At a meeting of the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board, yesterday, a recommendation was put forward by the Finance Committee to the effect that the present rates and dues on goods respectively be raised as from the 1st December, from the current increase of 75 per cent. on dock tonnage, and wharf rates to 100 per cent., and that the present 75 per cent. increase on the harbour rates be raised to 125 per cent.

Sir Francis Dawson, in proposing the confirmation of the recommendation, said that the heavy increases in the cost of material and labour had rendered the new rates necessary. The financial position of the board was satisfactory, and the proposed increases were not to proportionate in Liverpool as in the other ports of the country. In the future the board could make both ends meet in two ways only—by cutting down expenditure, or by increased charges. The former they were doing all they could, and in the latter they were doing no more than was absolutely necessary. Their greatest difficulty was the increased cost of labour, not only by the amount of wages paid, but by the reduced number of hours worked, by a corresponding reduction in the amount of goods which they could pass over their quays in a given time, and the increased delays to steamers, both of which added to the cost of everything in the country. Surely the time had come for the public to realise that increased output in all branches of industry must obtain if they were to avoid a terrible amount of unemployment, and the country at large is not going to drift into a state of chaos and disaster.

The recommendation was agreed to.

CORK BUTTER MERCHANTS AND THE PROHIBITION ON EXPORTS.

At a special meeting of the trustees of the Cork Butter Market, held in the boardroom on Wednesday, Mr. Daniel Horgan, T.C., Chairman, presided. There were also present—Messrs. J. Roche, Daniel Cleary, Henry J. Cronin, William Lane, Mathewr Buckley, P. J. Harding, John R. Cleary, Secretary.

The following resolution was passed unanimously:—"That we call on the Board of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland to remove forthwith the prohibition on the export of butter from Ireland to Great Britain, ample supplies being held in stock since in the country for the requirements of the Irish consumers, and merchants have also considerable stocks in Great Britain, which no outlet is at present obtainable. Naturally, therefore, they cannot in the absence of any outlet see their way to accumulate further stocks and have had to cease buying, to the great inconvenience and detriment of the dairy industry, especially in districts where the home-making of butter is the principal means of dealing with the milk supply. The merchants connected with the Cork Butter Market disclaim any responsibility for the retailers in Dublin or elsewhere not carrying out the wishes of the Department in regard to selling at 3/4 per lb., as they (the merchants) have supplied every demand made on them from all over Ireland at a figure which would enable the butter to be retailed at the price agreed on.

Copies of this resolution to be sent to the Press, the Prime Minister, Mr. M'Curdy, Minister of Food Grant Bridges, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, Right Hon. T. J. Barrie, Vice-President Department of Agriculture, and the following members of Parliament—T. P. O'Connor, Joseph Devlin, J. MacNeill, and Captain Redmond.

THE IRISH BAR AND REPUBLICAN COURTS.

A general meeting of the members of the Irish Bar was held yesterday afternoon in the Law Library of the Four Courts. The meeting was called to consider a resolution, of which notice had been given in the Library for some days, to the effect that it was advisable for the Bar and the Bar Council to have passed, as they did about three or four months ago, a resolution declaring that it was unprofessional misconduct for a member of the Bar to appear before the Sinn Fein Republican Courts.

Mr. H. D. Murray, K.C., Failer of the Bar, presided. He called upon Mr. Healy, K.C., whose name was attached to the notice on the board, to speak.

Mr. Healy said that he had not drafted the notice, and had not authorised his name to be attached to it, but he held that the Bar Council had no right to pass judgment upon the conduct of any member of the Bar for his action or non-action. The only body who had that right was the Benchers, who admitted the men to the Bar. For 20 years at the Bar, and nothing like this had arisen in his time. He did not know what was to be done, but he felt that the senior members should do what they could to protect the junior members of the Bar.

Mr. S. L. Brown, K.C., suggested that the meeting take no action on the subject matter before them. They had all been a long family at the Bar, and it would be a pity to introduce anything that would cause friction or disagreement. He moved that the meeting adjourn indefinitely.

This motion was seconded, and the meeting dispersed without having come to any decision on the matter before them.

It is feared that four lives were lost in a collision on Wednesday night between naval boats in Tor Bay. A whaler belonging to H.M.S. Cleopatra was run down by a steam drifter tender.

THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES—Friday, November 5th, 1920.

H.M. COURT OF APPEAL.—For Hearing. Final Appeals—Brown v. Campbell, part heard; Pritchard v. Pritchard; Carmichael v. Lisk Coal Co.; Keane v. Reilly (Surveyor's fees); Woodburn v. same, notice of withdrawal; Woodburn v. Woodburn, Act—Mac v. Lyttle and Sons.

CHANCERY DIVISION.—Lord Chancellor.—In Chambers. Before the Registrar, 11.30 o'clock—Summons, Mulvihill v. statement; Keller v. same, report; Bailey v. Ringwood and Gordon. Before the Examiner, 11.30 o'clock—Feb. Gibson v. Gibson, Gibson v. Gibson; Carroll v. Carroll, &c., Russell; Gallagher v. Gallagher, &c., Russell and Son; Todd Bros. v. same, &c., Maguire and Herbert. Motions on Notice—Before the Chief Clerk—Re Lunacy, 11 o'clock—Before the Chief Clerk—Re Lunacy, 11 o'clock—Thompson v. Henry, J.; Skeffington; Scully v. Hayes, M.; Hayes v. Hayes; Cowan v. Cowan; Bolton v. Bolton; Osborne v. Osborne, jr.; Osborne v. Osborne, sr.; Fleming v. Fleming; Dawson, dec'd.; Miller and Bank; Ington; Dunphy v. Dun

F BIG REDUCTIONS.

announcement of yesterday we
few examples of the very tempt-
tions which have been made in
h item constituting an exceptional
Bargain.

LADIES' WOVEN UNDERWEAR.
Ladies' All-Wool Combinations, low neck, strap shoulders. Special offer, 21/11.
All-Wool Combinations, extra heavy quality, V neck and long sleeves. Wonderful value, 24/11.
Ladies' Silk and Wool Combinations, half sleeves, only limited quantity. Bargain price, 25/11.
Ladies' heavy quality Silk and Wool Combinations, low neck, half sleeves. Offered at 29/11.
A few odd Ribbed Vests, all wool, fine quality. Bargain price, 6/11.
Similar style, heavy quality. Clearing 11/3.
Special line Ladies' fine quality Pyjama Suits, in mauve, blue, and pink stripes. Usual price, 15/6. Clearing at 12/11.
Ladies' Wool Knickers, fleece-lined, in grey, Saxe, and navy. Usual price, 8/11. Offered to-day 7/9.
Dressing Gowns, in fine quality ripple cloth, neatly finished with silk stitching. Usual price, 31/6. Clearing at 27/11.
A few odd Dressing and Combing Jackets clearing at exceptional prices.
Underskirts (ladies), in fine quality sateen, in Saxe and mauve only. Usual price, 6/11. Clearing at 5/11.
Ladies' odd makes and sizes in Corsets, good quality. Limited quantity only. Clearing at 5/11.
LADIES' GOLF COATS AND WOOLLEN JUMPERS.
Ladies' All-Wool Jumpers, embroidered contrasting colour, all shades. Usual price, 25/11. Clearing at 19/11.
Ladies' All-Wool Jumper, with dainty collar and outside patch pockets of contrasting shades, Rose/Fawn, Grey/Rose, Jade/Fawn, Grey/Jade, Fawn/Jade. Usual price, 25/11. Bargain price, 29/11.
Smart Shetland Breakfast Coats, in all colours. Wonderful value, 12/11.
A few odd White Coats, trimmed contrasting shades. Clearing at 5/11.
Ladies' All-Wool Golf Coats, with belt and pockets, in variety of shades. From 49/11.
Ladies' Black Taffeta Silk Skirts. Wonderful value, 29/11.
Sun Ray Pleated Skirts, in Gabardine and Serge, in Grey, Fawn, Mole, Nigger, Navy and Black. From 60/6.
Similar styles in Stripes and Checks.
RIBBONS, FANCIES, AND NECKWEAR.
Velvet Cord Ribbon, in various colours, 3½d. yard.
Variety of Lingerie Ribbon, in Lemon, Sky, Pink, Mauve, etc. From 3½d. yard.
Ladies' Made Veils, in Navy, Grey, Nigger, Purple, and Black. Usual price, 4/11. Clearing at 2/9.
A few odd remnants of Ladies' Veiling. Clearing at Half-price.

Call in and look round. There are many more big bargains than we can mention here.

The Fashion Centre,
GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

The last lot of Lotus

for clearance at the specially reduced prices has now arrived, and we urge our customers to take full advantage of the opportunity of saving

From 9/- to 24/- on each pair

Stephens & Bourke,
LTD.,
26 Stephen's Green and
Rathmines Road.

t Gift.

the very
friendship
y use it
a kindly
e donor.
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AN"
HTPENS
20/- upwards,
and Jewellers.
Swan House, 133-135, Oxford
: 79 & 80, High Holborn,
: 95a, Regent Street, W.1.
ree, Manchester.
y, Toronto and Cape Town.

Yes, quite satisfied, and I owe it all to *Pomeroy Skin Food*, which has made my complexion all that I can desire. The use of this delightful emollient brings skin health and skin beauty, removing wrinkles and all blemishes *as no similar preparation can do.*
Try *Pomeroy Skin Food* for the lasting benefit of your complexion—try it to-day.

Pomeroy Skin Food
2/3, 4/9 and 6/6 Jars.
Of Hairdressers, Chemists and Perfumers
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A Geneva message states that influenza has broken out again in Switzerland. Sixty-nine deaths occurred last week from influenza and from sleeping sickness.

ROBERT CALLOW & SONS
DUBLIN.
CARS
44 Westland Row. 'Phone 654
19 Up. Kevin St. 'Phone 2547
Touring 2 or 4 Seaters £495
Coupe and Saloon £750
Chassis £450
Also the New Willys-Knight 20 h.p. Sleeve Valve Engine.
DELIVERY VANS.
Olympia, Stand No. 83.
Olympia, Stand No. 83.
Light Van, £415
Chassis, £350
All Models equipped with Electric Lighting and Starting Outfits and Detachable Rims.
Messrs. W. J. and L. J. Callow will be in attendance at above Stand, November 5-13. Address Portland Hotel, Great Portland Street, London, W.C.

Proved Value.

"It would be difficult to find "finer value for money in the "Motor Car world at the present "time than the 14.3 h.p. Angus-"Sanderson."
—"THE AUTOCAR," Oct. 16th, 1920.

STAND No 96 OLYMPIA
It is because of the proved value that the 14 h.p.
Angus-Sanderson
maintains its position as the most popular car with the motoring public.
Make a special point of seeing it.

SIR WM. ANGUS SANDERSON & CO., LTD., Birtley, CO. DURHAM
London Showrooms: 33, New Bond St. W.1

GREGOIRE CARS
SPEED - POWER - COMFORT
(Low Running Cost).
WINNER OF MANY TROPHIES.
The Best Engineering Job Ever Turned out of France.
BE SURE AND SEE IT AT
OLYMPIA, STAND 28,
AND BOOK FOR EARLY DELIVERY FROM
R. B. KENNETT,
AUTOMOBILE ENGINEER,
68 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.
SOLE IRISH AGENT EXCLUDING ULSTER.

THE sensational interest created at the Motor Show of 1919, when we introduced the Citroën to this country will be fresh in your memory, how it was impossible at times to reach our Stand because of the hundreds of purchasers and experts surrounding it, how the Car was immediately acknowledged as a pre-eminent example of French automobile skill, how the Press heralded it as the first really successful European mass-production effort.
Trial and test have since firmly established its reputation, and the present-day Citroën is even better.
PETROL CONSUMPTION:—The Citroën certified petrol consumption is 30 miles to the gallon, which at present rate is less than 1½d. per mile. Petrol cost of the average car is 1½d. to the mile.
TAX:—You cannot have a lower car tax than the Citroën tax, £2. 2s. Fitted with Michelin Detachable Wheels and Tyres.
REDUCED PRICES:—The Citroën is above the Light Car class, yet its price is below that of the average light car to-day.
4-Seater £495; Coupé £625 AVAILABLE NOW. Right-hand Drive.
Send for the New CITROEN Catalogue to Sole Concessionaires,
GASTON, LTD.
212-214, Great Portland St., LONDON, W. 1.
Telegrams: "Gastonell, Wesdo, London." Telephone: Mayfair 5163 & 5164
See also the famous Model de Luxe 1921 VOISIN on Stand 308.

SPORTING NEWS.

LEOPARDSTOWN MEETING THIS DAY.

Coming as it does after a blank period extending over a fortnight, the Leopardstown Meeting is very welcome, and, in view of the attractive character of the programme, it is tolerably safe to predict that the fixture will prove very successful. The ground is on the soft side as a result of the recent rains, but this will not affect the strength of the fields, and the sport should rule interesting on both days. Selections for this afternoon are appended:—

Brat Plate—Sir Bryan.
Paddock Plate—Lussker.
Shanklin Plate—Victorieux.
Carrickmines Plate—Rosey Treed.
Maiden T.Y.O. Plate—Golden Gorse or Orby Lass.
Manor Plate—Phadrit or Canadian Fusilier.

PROGRAMME.

1.45—BRAY HANDICAP of 200 sovs. 5 f. Ages st. lb.
SIR LAUNCELOT (Mr. Myerscough) ..... Grundy 3 9 10
TINODE (Mr. P. W. Shaw) ..... Fetherstonhaugh 6 8 11
RECRUITER (Mr. O'Donohoe) ..... Anthony 6 8 10
MISS BRIAN BORU (Captain Daly) ..... Grundy 3 8 8
DORAMA (Mr. W. A. Wallis) ..... Morgan 3 8 6
FLYING STAR (Mr. Kirwan) ..... Moss 3 7 13
BATHFARAN (Mr. Tully) ..... Owner 3 7 11
DRAGON (Mr. Dixon) ..... M'Kenna 3 7 11
THE TATTLER (Mrs. P. B. O'Toole) ..... Bolger 3 7 11
SIR BRYAN (Col. Clarke) ..... MacCabe 4 7 11
GARTEE BOY (Mr. T. M'Carthy) ..... Anthony 3 7 11
EAGER FLIGHT (Mr. P. B. Kelly) ..... Rankin 3 7 9
FORD (Mr. Desmond) ..... Hayden 3 7 9
LOW LAD (Mr. Hetherington) ..... Anthony 3 7 9
QUEEN OF THE GAIL (Capt. Dunn) ..... Hunter 3 7 7
DOUBLE R. (Mr. Hope) ..... L. Brabazon 3 7 6
RATHENDUFF (Mr. O'Mara) ..... Prendergast 3 7 6
LUCKY D.V. (Mr. Mullett) ..... Prendergast 3 7 0
LE ROUE (Mrs. Moore Brabazon) ..... Brabazon 3 7 0

2.15—PADDOCK T.Y.O. SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs. 5 f. st. lb.
LITTLE ENGLAND (Mr. J. T. Rogers) ..... Owner 2 9 10
MIDENSIS (Mr. A. Lowry) ..... Dawson 2 9 6
SILVER PRINCE (Mr. L. Goodman) ..... Parkinson 2 9 0
ERRIGAL (Mr. J. W. Fullerton) ..... MacCabe 2 8 7
FAIRIE KNIGHT (Mr. A. M'Kenna) ..... Owner 2 8 7
GALLOPING GREEN (Mr. R. A. Mahon) ..... Owner 2 8 7
HAPPY HARRY (Mr. F. S. Mayerscough) ..... Grundy 2 8 7
MYRTLE LEAF (Mr. J. Barry) ..... Private 2 8 3
EXTRAVAGANZA (Mr. J. Blake) ..... Jeffery 2 8 3
ARLADEW (Mr. R. J. Hartigan) ..... Arnott 2 8 3
DINAH (Mr. A. M'Cann) ..... Reidy 2 8 3
MANNIKIN (Mr. A. Lowry) ..... Dawson 2 8 3
LOOK IN (Mr. W. Parrish) ..... Rogers 2 8 3
RHODE ISLAND (Mr. D. J. Power) ..... Doyle 2 8 3
MISS VIOLET (Mr. P. Shaw) ..... Fetherston 2 8 0
LASS MOE (Mr. J. J. Parkinson) ..... Owner 2 8 0
MONTELLO (Col. Jameson Davis) ..... Arnott 2 8 0
GENEVIEVE (Mr. A. Lowry) ..... Dawson 2 8 0
FUSEE VOLANTE (Sir C. Kavanagh) ..... Redmond 2 8 0
NEWTOWN WONDER (Mr. Dickson) ..... Dawson 2 8 0
LADY CAPRICE (Col. Clarke) ..... MacCabe 2 8 0
LANDMAN (Mrs. Cogan) ..... Rice 2 8 0
I WILL (Miss Collis) ..... Reidy 2 8 0
LITTLE ENGLAND (Mr. J. T. Rogers) ..... Owner (6.0.)

MR. PORTA (Mr. S. Jeffery) ..... Owner (6.0.)

4.15—MANOR PLATE of 250 sovs. 2 m. Age st. lb.
OLD CRAFTON (Mr. J. Pigeon) ..... Lynch 4 11 8
PAM NUT (Mr. E. Delany) ..... Owner 4 11 8
NEW LADY (Capt. M'Iver) ..... Brabazon 6 11 3
CRUISE LIFE (Mr. H. Moore) ..... Walker 4 10 12
CANADIAN FUSILIER (Mr. Carson) ..... Morgan 6 10 2
VERY OPPRESSIVE (Mr. Gannon) ..... Morgan 6 10 2
ISCHEVAHA (Mr. Hope Johnstone) ..... Fetherston 6 10 2
SWEET PEGGY (Mr. J. Rooney) ..... Private 6 10 2
PHEBOLE (Capt. Shirley) ..... Rogers 4 10 2
DUDU (Mr. L. S. Ward) ..... Owner 6 10 2
RATHANGAN LASS (Mrs. White) ..... Fetherston 6 10 2
CROSS PADDY (Mr. T. Singleton) ..... Rice 6 10 2
PRINCETHORPE (Mr. H. Beasley) ..... Owner 4 10 0
SANTOA (Major Dixon) ..... Buttle 5 10 0
SILENT NOTE (Mr. W. Duffy) ..... Owner 4 10 0
FANE LADY (Mr. L. Goodman) ..... Parkinson 4 10 0
SANDY McNAB (Mr. Farrington) ..... Bevans 4 10 0
MUNITION GIRL (Mr. J. Frame) ..... Private 5 10 0
BROWN QUEEN (Mr. Treacy) ..... Anthony 4 10 0
MOURNE (Mr. H. L. Disher) ..... Owner 5 10 0
ASHLIGHT (Mr. P. Flood) ..... Owner 5 10 0
SPARROWHAWK (Mr. Kinahan) ..... Veach 3 10 0
KILCORRY (Col. R. C. Knox) ..... Hunter 4 10 0
BALLYGIBBY (Mr. O'Brien) ..... Prendergast 4 10 0
KILDARRA LASS (Mr. O'Driscoll) ..... Dawson 5 10 0
AJ-NADDA (Capt. W. Morland) ..... Morland 5 10 0
CLONGRAVE (Mr. Jas. Nugent) ..... Dawson 4 10 0
DOOLIGLASS (Mr. J. Dawes) ..... Owner 5 10 0
TOKEN (Mrs. John Widger) ..... Widger 5 10 0
FARM A VIOLET (Mr. S. Delmege) ..... Owner 5 9 7
THE WILDERNESS (Mr. J. Punch) ..... Harty 5 9 7
BATTLE ROYAL II. (Mr. Mulcahy) ..... Harty 5 9 7
G. by COLIGNY—Dame Alice (Mr. Kennedy) ..... Baile 5 9 7
COURCELETTE (Mr. M. Arnott)....Owner 5 9 7

SCRATCHINGS—Brat Plate—Royal Airman. Paddock Plate—Dismisfire, Shanklin Plate—Crazy Glass, Dundrum Plate—Tenacity. Maiden Plate—Gravel Glass, Pool Stakes—Glass Wate, Harped chord, Silver Queen, Royal Airman.

ARRIVALS.—Crecora, Flying Star, Silver Prince, Rosey Treed, Sir Hope, Illinton, Recruiter, Lone Lodge, Ringskiddy, Admiral Shotmaker, Rhode Island, Fairie Knight, Queen of the Dale, Leader, Brat, Flight, Blackrath, Maverick, Hazel Hawk, Lisvarna, Dragon Fly, Lowcok Lass, Mermaid, Glengower, Bellilly, Sir Bryan, Kerry's Babegoodlit, Ballyrathby, Dudu, Barcalo, Eileen's Date, Rowlatt, Prudent Girl, Rhoda O., Vesuvius, Aughavran Lass, Realogh, Congiat. Many other expected.

CHANTICLEER'S NOTES.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM.)

NEWBURY, THURSDAY NIGHT.

Excepting, perhaps, Newmarket, no better choice could be made than Newbury for the initial resumption, as the close proximity of the Berkshire stables will ensure good fields. The overnight arrival list is a capital one, and the well-endowed card should produce excellent sport. The chief event is the Ormonde Stakes, for which Attilus is spoken of as a doubtful runner. Lord Derby's selected will probably be Bideford, but my vote goes to

TETE-A-TETE,

who scored a ridiculously easy victory at Ascot on her only appearance this season. My other selections are:—

T.Y.O. Selling Plate—Fordwych.
Lelcombe Handicap—Credentials.
November Handicap—Ball Mahal.
Beckhampton Handicap—Marval.
Manton Handicap—Viaduct.

NEWBURY MEETING—THIS DAY.

PROGRAMME.

1.0—T.Y.O. (S.). PLATE, £250. 1 m. st. lb.
Clarilaw colt ..... 8 9 Fordwych 8 9
Winslade ..... 8 9 Hilaryford filly 8 9
(Above has arrived.)
Bold Fenny ..... 9 0 Miss Douglas gldg. 8 6
Colt by Romeo ..... 9 0 Grape Shoot gldg. 8 6
Dicker ..... 9 0 Dicker 8 6
Antaki ..... 8 9 Fahiuna 8 6
Powder Blue ..... 8 9 Speedy gelding 8 6

1.30—LETCOMBE (S.) NURSERY H'CAP, £250. 5 f. st. lb.
Credentials ..... 8 12 Woodgirl 8 8
Nathurst ..... 8 10 George Robey 8 4
(Above has arrived.)
Ardella ..... 9 0 Marette 8 4
Eleanor B. ..... 8 11 Reorient gelding... 8 4
Not Long ..... 8 11 Brash 8 3
Wakefield ..... 8 10 Gowk 8 3
Monodony ..... 8 10 No King 8 2
Half a Crown ..... 8 10 Winsome Child filly 8 2
Master Shepherd... 8 9 Mon Webster 8 2
Blastino ..... 8 8 Climb 7 9
Confederate ..... 8 7 Peace Terms 7 4
Coxford 8 7

2.10—NOVEMBER NURSERY H'CAP, £800. Y.O. 7 f. st. lb.
Bell Metal ..... 8 11 Atlantic Flight 8 0
Honest Penny ..... 8 8 French Mint 7 10
(Above have arrived.)
Venetia ..... 9 0 Walton's Choice... 8 0
Pictura ..... 8 11 Bucks 7 13
Copetan ..... 8 7 Mentality 7 13
Beauregard ..... 8 7 Warrington 7 11
Eaglehawk ..... 8 6 Milenko 7 10
Wild Rosery ..... 8 6 Bristol Channel 7 9
Night Bomber ..... 8 6 Charlered 7 9
Carisma ..... 8 4 Fiery Queen 7 7
Hark Forrard ..... 8 4 Jilted 7 6
Pidelo ..... 8 3 Bedella 7 2
Diana ..... 8 3 Wilna 7 2
Saki ..... 8 2 Usarpia 6 13
Pharpar ..... 8 1 Crowthorn colt 6 11

2.45—ORMONDE STAKES, £1,000. 3-Y.O. 1 m. st. lb.
Attilus ..... 9 10 Tete a Tete 8 9
Kenasse ..... 9 5 Bideford 7 9
Sabotage ..... 9 5 (Above have arrived.)
Paladin ..... 9 10 Royal Alarm 8 12
Flyaway ..... 9 10 Great Elm 8 10
Banity ..... 9 5 Princox 8 10
Celestial ..... 9 5 Twenty 8 3
Vivaldi ..... 9 5 Vivaldi 8 12
Welsh Woman ..... 9 2 The Gaffer 7 12
Northern Light ..... 9 1 Serment d'Amour.. 7 12
Manbrino ..... 9 1 Llama 7 12
Great Fun ..... 9 1 Contrene 7 9
Meleoda ..... 9 12 Lone Star 7 9
Sunstroke ..... 8 13 Met 7 9

3.15—BECKHAMPTON 3-Y.O. H'CAP, £350. 1 m. st. lb.
Riddlesdons ..... 8 10 Marval 7 7
Double Red ..... 7 12 Maid of the Mountains 7 5
Hanchet Blanche... 7 8
Broken Faith 7 8
(Above have arrived.)
Prince Herod ..... 9 0 Zephyr 7 11
North Waltham ..... 8 9 Fool Proof 7 9
Mambrino ..... 8 9 Bepani 7 9
Mambrino ..... 8 8 Hotchmash 7 9
Prince Umbria ..... 8 7 Syrie 7 8
Firework ..... 8 6 Dodo 7 8
Marvel Allum ..... 8 6 Snowhill 7 7
Count Palatine ..... 8 3 Orange William... 7 7
Myrtle ..... 8 3 Dorothy 7 5
Woodrow ..... 8 1 Pretty 7 3
Wolfhill ..... 8 1 Victory Speech 7 3
Great Elm ..... 8 0 Holm Crag 7 3
Verbena ..... 8 0 Superstition 6 8
Lily I. 12

3.45—WEMYSS-MANTON SHELTER H'CAP, £250. About 2 m. 1 f. Age. st. lb. Ages. st. lb.
The Tsar ..... 5 8 (Above has arrived.)
Ivanhoe ..... 4 9 13 Kaboodles 4 7 11
Elsinore ..... 4 9 11 The Settler 4 7 10
Greek Scholar... 4 9 5 Dutch Toy 5 7 10
Challow ..... 4 9 3 Skager Rack... 5 7 9
Hellenath ..... 4 9 2 Dunarty 4 7 9
Race Rock ..... 4 9 2 Rockspilt 4 7 9
Warwick ..... 6 8 13 Marcato 6 7 8
Sheriff's Officer 5 8 7 South Parade... 4 7 8
Celandine ..... 4 8 7 Charles Cherry 4 7 6
Matoppo ..... 6 8 6 Lily 4 7 6
Baal Gad ..... 4 8 4 Dart Up 4 7 4
Jappool ..... 4 8 3 Bianco 4 7 3
Vindict ..... 4 8 3 Llama 4 7 3
Baal Gad ..... 4 8 2 Flint Jack 5 7 2
East Cheshire ... 5 8 1 Ormskirk 4 7 0
Brance ..... 4 8 0 Nell Gwynne 4 7 0
Finchale ..... 4 8 0 Shookum Joe... 4 7 0
Priority ..... 4 7 13 Ray Trie 4 7 0
Saint's Row ..... 4 7 13 Superstition 4 7 0

ARRIVALS.—Allesbury, Atlantic Flight, Ababa, Alderton, Ambleita Co, Ball Metal Bideford, Battbazar, Bucks, Brash, Blastino, Broken Faith, Binck, Inc, Crowson, Credentials, Charlier Co, Charlered, Confederate, Dutchmen, Double Red, Ragichawk, Dodowych, Field Marshal, Finch Mint, Greenaire Robey, Granely, Holborn, Honest Penny, Interstimale, Kansas, Knight Templar, Kloo Bay II., Milenko, Maid of the Mountains, Marvel Allum, Marcia Blanche, Mercurius, Miss Keen colt, Nuthurst, Panjrama, Phill Blen colt, Pampanita, Puck, Pictura, Rockspilt filly, Romulus, Reo, Reorient, Seawrort, Sabotage, The Settler, The Tsar, Tete-a-Tete, Veriina, Vindict, Woodgirl, Winslade, Lakefield

LIVERPOOL MEETING—November 13th.
GROSVENOR CUP (handicap) of £1,000. Three-year-olds. One mile
WEIGHTS.

	st. lb.		st. lb.
Orphans	9 4	Lord Thanet	7 9
Redhead	8 9	Ridiculous	7 8
Valescure	8 4	Mambrino	7 7
Orpi	8 3	Bideford	7 6
March Along	8 1	Money Glass	7 6
Wimasu	8 1	Chrysopolis	7 1
Dynamo	7 13	Scrymgeour	7 0
Tete-a-Tete	7 13	Meleoah	6 13
Southern	7 13	Polymagnus	6 13
Grand Roes	7 10	Semiasquat	6 11
Envoy	7 11	Queen's Double	6 8
Saranac	7 11	Chinkie	6 2
Willbend	7 11	Internationale	6 0
Fretwork	7 11		

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

The King's racing cutter, Britannia, has been entirely dismantled while in harbour at Cowes. She has been hauled up on the Minerva slip in the Medina at East Cowes and struck over. She will be fitted out in May for the racing season.

Yesterday's *Racing Calendar* contains a notice to the effect that the Stewards of the Jockey Club and of the National Hunt Committee, after consultation with His Majesty's Government, have withdrawn the notice published on 21st October with reference to the suspension of racing during the coal strike.

Mr. Henry Webley, whose death in London is announced, in his 74th year, was for a long period associated with the revolver trade in Birmingham. The son of Mr. Philip Webley, he was the great-grandson of the founder of the business started in 1790, which is carried on to-day under the style of Webley and Scott, Ltd.

RACING AND FOOTBALL JUDGE WEEK-END SPECIAL
FINAL ADVICE FOR NEWBURY AUTUMN HANDICAP AND NEXT MONDAY'S WINNERS AT LINCOLN.
GREAT FOOTBALL COMPETITION.
Prize must be won every week.
At all newsagents and bookstalls to-day and every Friday, 1/-.—(Advt.)

LEOPARDSTOWN AUTUMN MEETING,

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW, NOVEMBER 5th and 6th, 1920.
FIRST RACE EACH DAY, 1.45 P.M.
Members' special train leaves Harcourt street Station at 1 o'clock each day. On the introduction of a member, tickets admitting to the Members' Enclosure can be obtained at the Ticket Box on the Course. (Gentlemen 2 gns., Ladies 5/6. Officers (in uniform) 20/- per day.
Combined Tickets for Course and Grand Stand 15/- per day, and for Course and Public Stand 4/- per day, will be on sale at Messrs. Brindley and Sons, Kildare street, Dublin, during the race week, and at the Booking Offices at Harcourt street Station on race days.—(Advt.)

THE MOTOR SHOW.

OPENING TO-DAY.

The Motor Show, which opens in London to-day at Olympia, Kensington, and the White City, Shepherd's Bush, is expected to eclipse all previous exhibitions of a similar character. There are no drastic changes of a mechanical nature, but the modifications which have been made on most cars should go a long way towards making the path of the motorist easier. The changes which have been made are all in the direction of rendering adjustable parts more easily accessible, and in strengthening the points which experience on the road has shown required altering. Three cars which were shown last year with engines of a new design have disappeared, and have been replaced by cars with engines modelled on standard lines with poppet valves. This fact is indicated not only in the engine itself, but also in the chassis and all its fittings. Numerous parts are being eliminated. This is especially the case with regard to engines and clutches, and, where possible, it will be found that considerable weight has been made by operating upon the mechanism affected with as few parts as possible.

The modern car has arrived at a point of perfection which affords the engineer small scope for improvements, but the coach builder has seized his opportunity, and many distinct improvements will be shown in bodywork. Symmetry of design and the comfort of passengers have been combined in the new bodies. With regard to wheels it will be recalled that a few years ago the Artillery wood wheel reigned supreme, but this year the wire wheel, which has been supported by prominent tyre manufacturers, is very much in evidence, while the steel wheel has made a great advance.

THE RANGE IN PRICES.

The comprehensive character of this year's Show is indicated by the range of prices. At one end of the scale comes the £100 two-seater sporting model, with a side-valved engine of 8 h.p., with a mechanical starter, and a two-seater body; while at the other end is a handsome 6-cylinder limousine de luxe, but of the same model, priced at £3,000. Both these cars are shown at the White City, and in between these prices are hundreds of cars at various figures. As a general rule price changes leave things pretty much as they were. In one or two cases reductions have been announced, while in others it has been found necessary to increase the selling price, but in each case the changes are comparatively trivial, and the 1921 models will be round about the 1920 figure. It should be observed, however, that in several cases the prices quoted are clearly stated to be provisional, and are subject to change.

ATTRACTIVE MODELS.

The Bean car is shown on a prominent stand at the White City, and the 1921 models will be little altered from the present models, which have rendered such satisfactory service in all districts of the British Isles. The chassis, with its engine of 11.9 h.p., which actually develops 21 h.p. on the brake at 2,280 revolutions per minute, has a wide range selected for several types of body. The high standard of workmanship and finish which distinguished the earlier Bean cars is well maintained in the new models.

Several improvements will appear in the 1921 Bean models, which will have a single plate clutch, running dry, in place of the multiple disc clutch running in oil, hitherto used. Modifications in the rear axle give it a particularly sturdy appearance, while the question of the brake gear has been given careful attention, and the gear box, instead of being located on the frame, as in previous models, is carried on the rear bevel type of final drive and of a propeller shaft type, speedometer drive. These changes should go well towards assisting in carrying them out the beauty of outline which has always been associated with the Coldborne productions, is emphasised.

PETROLEUMS AND OILS.

"Mex" Petroleum.—At the White City the Anglo-Mexican Petroleum Company, Limited, have a display of cans, drums, and other packages, illustrating their well-known "Mex" motor spirit. The "Mex" motor spirit is a clean, safe and powerful petroleum spirit, giving equally satisfactory results on touring cars, commercial motors, motor boats, and engines. No. 1 Grade is packed in blue cans and No. 3 in red cans. Among the literature distributed is an interesting folder entitled "See that the Can is Sealed," which calls attention to the importance of the seal on the can as a guarantee of the quantity and quality of the contents. The Vacuum Oil Company, whose products are so familiar under the sign of the red gargoyle, will exhibit at Olympia, and will show a full range of their various oils and greases. The chart prepared by this firm is a useful guide for the motorist who appreciates correct lubrication, and it shows at a glance the grade of oil suitable for any particular car.

THE AVON TYRES.

Avon tyres are housed in the stalls at Olympia. The Avon Company has not made any radical changes in its well-known tyres, and considering the popularity that is an surprising. Sunshine motor cover, with its simple, yet pleasing design of chain-cut grooves, regularly spaced somewhat wider, but has a number of steadfast adherents. For cycle cars the Avon Company has attractive "combination" and three ribbed tyres, both having special attractions for owners of light "runabouts," who formerly rode motor cycles, and thus became familiar with the many virtues of these types, which are included in the Avon range of motor cycle tyres. Difficulties in obtaining dyes and equipment from the engineering industry have prevented an earlier commencement of the production of the straight-sided tyres, but it is intended to introduce an Avon cover of this type as soon as possible.

HUNTING.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.
WARD UNION.

Date—November.	Hour.
Saturday, 6th.....The Ward	1.30
KILDARE	
Saturday, 6th.....Courtown Gate	11.0
THE MEATH.	
Tuesday, 9th.....Larncor	11.0

HUNTING FIXTURES.
ROUTE HUNT.—November—Tuesday, 9th, Bearsdiville; Friday, 12th, Granagher; Tuesday, 16th, Gateside; Friday, 19th, Ballymoney; Tuesday, 23rd, Clogrin; Friday, 26th, Dunboe; Tuesday, 30th, Kenpels. Meet at 12 o'clock.
KILKENNY.—November—Monday, 15th, Club House; Tuesday, 16th, Knockmoylan; Wednesday, 17th, Knockmoylan; Friday, 19th, Freshford; Monday, 22nd, Leycraft Gate; Wednesday, 24th, Haggingstown; Friday, 26th, Three Bridges; Monday, 29th, Dashfort Cross. Woods December—Wednesday, 1st, Windgap; Friday, 3rd, Kilrush. Hounds meet at 11 o'clock each day.
WATERFORD FOXHOUNDS.—November—Tuesday, 9th, Kilmacthomas; Friday, 12th, Mount Congreve; Tuesday, 16th, Ballygunnard; Friday, 19th, Dunhill; Tuesday, 23rd, Purrow; Friday, 26th, Fairbrook; Tuesday, 30th, Carroll's X. At 11 o'clock.

INSURANCE.
HUNTERS, RACEHORSES, AND ALL CLASSES OF BLOODSTOCK.
For Best Rates (6.0.)
T. M. O'CALLAGHAN,
Insurance Adviser,
23 ST. ANDREW STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone 3196. Tels.—Insure. —(Advt.)

FOOTBALL.

RUGBY.

PALMERSTON F.C.—The following officers have been selected for season 1920-21:—President, Captain W. Molony; captain 1st XV., F. E. Heron; captain 2nd XV., R. Hanna; captain 3rd XV., G. Stokes; 4th and 5th XV., J. Andrews. Hon. treasurer, Horace A. Marlow, M.C. Hon. Secretary, Cyril A. Saville. Hon. Fixture Secretary, Lieut. Cunningham. Committee—Captain J. A. L. Braffin, C. Haine, E. B. Keating. Representatives to Leinster Branch, I.R.F.U.—C. Haine, H. A. Marlow, Captain W. Molony, and the Hon. Secretary.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURE.
Dublin University 3rd v. Lansdowne 3rd. College Park, 3 o'clock.

ASSOCIATION.
AMATEUR INTERNATIONAL.
ENGLAND v. IRELAND.
TEAMS SELECTED.

Yesterday afternoon the Football Association issued the names of those who will take part, on behalf of the visitors, in the Amateur International with Ireland, to be played in Belfast on Saturday, November 13. The selection was made at Newcastle on the 23rd October, but it was decided not to make public the names until acceptance had been received, it being left to those chosen to elect whether to visit the Emerald Isle or not:—

F. H. Coleman (Dulwich Hamlet); R. Evans (Tufnell Park), W. Keeble (Wimbledon); J. Brenn (Manchester City), A. Read (Tufnell Park), H. Atkinson (Bishop Auckland); Lieut. W. H. Nicholas (the Army), R. Kelly (Dulwich Hamlet), Staff Sergt. H. W. Prince (the Army), C. Wise (Kildare), and Lieut. A. J. Hegan (the Army).
Reserves—E. Bochetel (Wycombe Wanderers) and A. R. Hewitt (Bromley).
Referee—Mr. A. A. Jackson (Scotland).
Linesman—Mr. G. Wacstaffe Simmons (Herts).
Mr. H. Walker will be the Football Association official in charge of the team.
The following will do duty for Ireland:—F. W. M'Kie (Llanfield), R. Mills (Cliftonville), Capt. W. M'Carthy (Bohemians), J. Murdock (Distillery), F. J. Benner (St. James's Gate), J. Harris (Cliftonville); A. Blair (Cliftonville), J. J. Grace (Bohemians), H. Haines (Bohemians), J. Steele (Glenavon), and J. Hawkins (Linfield).
Reserve—J. Chambers (Distillery).

RACING AND FOOTBALL EXPERT.
2d. Every Tuesday and Saturday. 2d.
TO-MORROW'S ISSUE, LATEST NEWBURY AND LINCOLN NEWS.
GREAT COMPETITION EACH WEEK.
On Sale at all newsagents and bookstalls.—(Advt.)

Football Boots, 19/6 to 35/- per pair. Footballs, Association or Rugby, from 15/6 each. Football Jerseys, Caps Sent on Approval. Crotty's, Ltd., 64 Grafton street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

BILLIARDS.

REECH v. FALKINER.
Chiefly by the aid of a fine break of 512, Falkiner recovered a lot of lost ground in the third heat of the tournament at Egmont Hall, London, yesterday afternoon, reducing his arrears from 1,445 to 811. He scored 1,070 to Reece's 438. Falkiner's other breaks were 158 and 150, and Reece's high 214. Interval scores:—Reece (rec. 500), 13,554; Falkiner (rec. 500), 11,765.
Closing scores:—Reece, 13,420; Falkiner, 12,107.

SMITH v. NEWMAN.
After a lame beginning, Newman played brilliantly in this match at Leicester square, London, yesterday afternoon, and practically caught Smith, who had started with a lead of 715. Smith's only breaks were 135, 93 and 79, while Newman made 111, 522, and 528 (unfinished), totalling 1,055 points to 382, and averaging 118. Interval scores:—Smith, 13,569; Newman (rec. 500), 12,220.
Closing scores:—Smith, 13,534; Newman, 13,604.

RACEHORSE, 2d. Newbury Handicap.
RACEHORSE, 2d. Lincoln, Monday.
RACEHORSE, 2d. Popular Competition.
RACEHORSE, 2d. All newsagents and bookstalls. Out to-morrow.—(Advt.)

COURSING.

CLONMEL AND KILSHEELAN MEETING—YESTERDAY.

Judge—Mr. M. F. Davin. Slipper—W. O'Donoghue.
CASTLE STAKES—For 16 puppies. Winner, £40; second, £15; third, £5; fourth and

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
ROYAL CARL ROSA OPERA CO.
TO-NIGHT AT 7.45— CARMEN.
Beatrice Wayvett, Lea Fellina, Louis Dorsay, Henry Hardy, Appleton Moore.
To-morrow (Sat.) MAT.—TALES OF HOFFMANN.
Ethel Austen, Eda Reaney, Beatrice Wayvett, Gwynne Davies, Appleton Moore, Henry Hardy.
Saturday Evening—THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.
Lila Bearne, Constance Willis, Albert Bond, Franz Clarke, Harison Cook.

GAIETY THEATRE.
Monday Next—For Six Nights,
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday 2.30.
WALTER HOWARD'S
GREAT DRAMATIC PRODUCTION
DIRECT FROM THE LYCEUM THEATRE, LONDON.
BOY OF MY HEART.
BY THE AUTHOR OF
SEVEN DAYS LEAVE.
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 8.45.
FRED KARNO'S
HUSTLE CO.,
including
A. W. BASCOMB,
Supported by a Hive of Bustling Hustlers
AND ALL-STAR COMPANY
Book Your Seats Now. Phone 3268.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS AT 7.30.
MATINEE, SATURDAY at 2.30.
"SABLE AND GOLD,"
By Maurice Dalton.
Booking at Theatre (10.30 to 1 p.m., 2.30 to 5 p.m.). Phone 2556.
N.B.—In future, Performances at above Theatre will commence at 7.30.

ABBEY THEATRE.
DUBLIN DRAMA LEAGUE.
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 7th, at 5 p.m.
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 8th, at 8 p.m.
"THE LAUGHTER OF THE GODS."
A Play by Lord Dunsany.
NO SMOKING.
A Comedy, by Jacinta Benevente.
Prices—5/- and 2/6 (Tax Included).
Booking Hours—Phone 3268.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.30 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 8.30
The New and Original Drama,
"THE GREAT BARRIER."
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/6 ..... Tel. 3016.

BOHEMIAN PICTURE THEATRE, PHIBSBORO' ROAD.
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW ONLY.
Continuous, 4.30 to 10.30.
MAURICE TOURNEUR'S SUPER-PRODUCTION,
"WOMAN,"
An enchanting and fascinating Photo Play, depicting the adventures of women through the ages.
COMEDY, TOPICAL AND INTEREST.
BOHEMIAN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA AND
ORGANIST: GEO. P. HEWSON, B.A., Mus.D.
Solo Soprano: Miss Mabel Lemass.
8.30, March Pontificale (Lemmens).
Admission—Stalls, 1/-; Balcony, 2/- (Tax included).

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
"MRS. THOMPSON,"
From the Celebrated Novel by
W. B. MAXWELL.
Starring ISOBEL ELSOM and MINNA GREY.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"CHEATING CHEATERS."
Starring Clara Kimball Young. Monday—"A Member of Tattersall's (Isobel Elsom and Malcolm Cherry). Prof. Renaudi's Famous Orchestra.

PROF. MACALISTER, LITT.D.,
Will LECTURE in the
MOLESWORTH HALL TO-DAY, at Five, on
"THE HISTORY OF THE OLD STONE AGE."
Tickets for the Single Lecture, 2/6. Tea at 4.30, 1/-.

NATIONAL MATERNITY HOSPITAL.
THE DRAWING FOR "DUN EMER" CARPET
Will take place at the
HOSPITAL, THIS MORNING (SATURDAY),
At 1 p.m.
In presence of Sir Andrew Horne and Sir Joseph Glynn, Members of the Finance Committee.
The Number will be published in the Morning Papers, November 6th.

DUBLIN SKETCHING CLUB.
OPENING OF ANNUAL EXHIBITION TO-MORROW (SAT.), 3.30, MILLS' HALL.
Admission by Invitation Only.

SHIPBUILDING, ENGINEERING, AND ELECTRICAL EXHIBITION,
Promoted by the Corporation of Glasgow,
KELVIN HALL, GLASGOW,
8th November to 4th December,
10 a.m. to 10 p.m. daily.
ONE OF THE BIGGEST EXHIBITIONS OF ITS KIND EVER ORGANISED.
MODEL SHIPS, AEROPLANES, AIRSHIPS, LOCOMOTIVES, TOOLS OF ALL KINDS, WELDING PLANT, MOTOR AND SAILING BOATS, ELECTRICAL GOODS, ETC.
Admission, 1s. (Including Tax.) JAMES M. FREER, General Manager.

GRESHAM HOTEL.
CINDERELLAS,
SEASON 1920-1921.
THE First Dance of the Season will be held on SATURDAY NEXT, 6th INST., from 7.30 p.m. to 11 o'clock p.m.
Ticket obtainable at Hotel.

DANCE,
SALTHILL HOTEL.
OPENING OF SEASON COMMENCING TO-MORROW (SATURDAY),
NOVEMBER 6th, 8.30.
TICKETS AT HOTEL.

RAILWAYS.
MIDLAND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
RESTRICTION of PASSENGER TRAINS.
IMPORTANT NOTICE.
Notice is given that on Thursday, 4th November, and Friday, 5th November, in consequence of the (trouble), the undermentioned Passenger Trains only will run on account of the above:—
DOWN.
7.25 a.m., Limited Mail, Dublin to Galway and Sligo.
9.0 a.m., Dublin to Navan.
9.25 a.m., Dublin to Kingscourt.
5.0 p.m., Dublin to Galway and Sligo, calling at all stations except Ashtown and Blanchardstown.
UP.
7.50 a.m., Galway, and 7.5 a.m., Sligo to Dublin, calling at all stations, except Ashtown and Blanchardstown.
8.5 p.m., Kingscourt to Dublin.
2.25 p.m., Limited Mail, Galway, and 1.40 p.m., Sligo to Dublin.
6.40 p.m., Mullingar to Dublin.
For particulars of Train Services on the Edenderry, Clara, Loughrea, Clifden, Ballaghaderreen, Killashandra, and Athboy Branches apply to Station Masters.
Notice is further given that the above services may be restricted or completely suspended on very short notice, and the Company will not be liable for any expense that passengers may incur through the trains by which they travel not reaching their destination.
M. F. KEOGH, General Manager.
Broadstone Station, Dublin, 2nd November, 1920.

DUBLIN & SOUTH EASTERN RAILWAY.
LEOPARDSTOWN RACES,
TO-DAY (FRIDAY) and TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 5th and 6th INST.
Trains from Harcourt street at 11.35 a.m., 12.55 p.m., and 1.25 p.m., and others as may be required. Members' Train at 1.0 p.m.
Return Fares from Harcourt street to Foxrock 9.30 a.m. to 3.0 p.m.:
1st and 2nd Class. 3rd Class.
2/- 3/-
The ordinary published Fares from Harcourt street to stations between Dublin and Bray will be withdrawn between those hours.
The 7.0 a.m. and 9.50 a.m. trains from Wexford will stop at Foxrock.
M. J. MAGUIRE, General Manager.

GREAT SOUTHERN & WESTERN RAILWAY.
DISCONTINUANCE OF TRAINS.
Owing to Labour Trouble, the following trains will be Discontinued on and from TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 5th NOVEMBER:—
10 a.m. Kingsbridge to Kildare.
2 p.m. Kildare to Kingsbridge.
E. A. NEALE, General Manager.
Kingsbridge Station, Dublin, November, 1920.

CONTRACTS.
CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.
NOTICE TO ENGINEERS AND IRON FOUNDERS.
The Paving Committee of the Corporation of Dublin are prepared to receive Tenders for the supply and erection, in Dublin, of Plant for the Manufacture of Tar Macadam, Asphalte Concrete, and Asphaltic Surface Coat.
Copies of the Specification, and instructions for Tendering, may be obtained on application to the undersigned.
Tenderers will be required to enter into a Contract and Bond with the Corporation, embodying the usual Corporation conditions, and to submit the names of two sufficient persons to be bound in a sum equal to 50 per cent. of the contract amount for the due performance of the Contract.
Tenders, sealed and endorsed "Tender for Asphaltic Macadam Plant," should be addressed to the Chairman of the Paving Committee, City Hall, Dublin, and delivered at the Office of the undersigned not later than twelve o'clock noon, on Tuesday, 4th January, 1921.
The Corporation do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.
By Order,
PATRICK TOBIN,
City Hall, Dublin, Secretary, Paving Committee.
4th November, 1920.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME 6.45 .. TWICE NIGHTLY 8.30.
MARCELLE AND HIS UNIQUE PARTNER.
CLIFF FRIEND,
SUPPORTED BY ALL-STAR COMPANY.
WINTER GARDEN.
Vocalist This Week—MADAME ALICIA KROGH.
TIVOLI 6.45, 8.45. TIVOLI
Tel. 4125.
MANGIN & KERBEL.
FRED BRANDON, LADEINOLOS.
AND ALL STAR CO.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
CONTINUOUS 2.0 TO 10.30. FULL ORCHESTRA.
FIRST TIME IN DUBLIN.
A Charming Western Love Story,
"THE MONEY CORRAL." W. S. HART.
Salome Ys. Shanandoah (Sennett Comedy).
Soloist and Dancers.
Featuring Jimmy Aubrey and Bebe Hardy.
ALFRED CUNNINGHAM, Baritone.
WILL APPEAR DAILY AT 8.30, 7, 9.

LA SCALA BALLROOM.
THE DRUMCONDRA LAWN TENNIS CLUB
Are holding their Weekly Dance
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), NOVEMBER 6th.
Dancing, 7.30 to 10.30 p.m.
Subscription 5/- Each, including Buffet.
T. MAGRANE'S BAND.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TRINITY COLLEGE THEOLOGICAL SOCIETY.
THE OPENING MEETING
OF THE 90TH SESSION Will be held (D.V.) IN THE DINING HALL, TRINITY COLLEGE, On MONDAY EVENING, November 8th, At 8.30 p.m.
The Chair will be taken by the PRESIDENT, The REV. A. H. McNEILLE, D.D.
The AUDITOR, the REV. A. HOBSON (Mod., B.A., Hon. Moderatorship Instruct) Address on "CHRISTIANITY AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONSHIPS."
The Speakers will include—
The MOST REV. the LORD PRIMATE OF ALL IRELAND.
The RT. HON. the EARL OF WICKLOW, D.L.
Mr. F. A. ASPIN.
Admission Cards may be had on application to the Hon. Sec., F. W. Strnott, Graduates' Memorial Buildings, T.C.D., from 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m., To-day, Saturday and Monday.

MARINERS' CHURCH, KINGSTOWN.
MISSIONARY GIFT DAY,
To be OPENED at 3.30 p.m. TO-DAY by
H.E. the LORD ARCHBISHOP OF DUBLIN.
Addresses by Miss Chadwick and Miss Freeth.
Sacred Solos. LANTERN LECTURE on JAPAN at 7.30 p.m. By Miss Chadwick.
Tea will be provided.

CHURCH OF IRELAND TRAINING COLLEGE.
THE ANNUAL MEETING
Will be held at the COLLEGE,
On WEDNESDAY, 10th NOV., AT 8 p.m.,
When the Chair will be taken by
His Grace the Lord ARCHBISHOP OF DUBLIN, Manager of the College.
The following are expected to address the meeting:—
His Grace the LORD PRIMATE.
The Very Rev. the ARCHDEACON OF CLOGHER.
Sir ROBERT J. KENNEDY, K.C.M.G., D.L.
Mr. WILLIAM WATSON.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS' (IRELAND) TRADE UNION.
ANNUAL CONFERENCE.
The Postponed Annual Conference will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, Dublin, on TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 6th November, at 1.30 p.m.
PATRICK O'BYRNE, General Secretary.

RATHMINES AND RATHGAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.
CHARGE FOR ELECTRICAL ENERGY.
Notice is hereby given that the Charge for Current for Lighting and Power has been Increased to 4d. per unit.
This Increase will take effect as from the commencement of the March quarter, 1921.
By Order of the Council, CHAS. Clerk to the Council.
Town Hall, Rathmines,
Co. Dublin, November 4th, 1920.

CHURCH OF IRELAND HOME MISSION SOCIETY.
SPECIAL ADDRESSES TO CITY MEN,
REV. CANON TILLINGSTON.
IN ST. ANNE'S CHURCH, AT 1.5 p.m.
EVANGELISTIC SERVICES.
ST. ANN'S CHURCH at 8, NOVEMBER 8th to 12th.

STEWART INSTITUTION FOR IMBECILE CHILDREN.
AN ELECTION will take place, MONDAY, 13th DECEMBER, 1920, for the Admission of Ten Pupils, from 6 to 16 years of age.
Forms of Application, to be had at the Office, must be returned filled in with the Baptismal Certificate, by 20th November. Voting papers will be issued about 25th November.
In the case of candidates a portion of whose expenses is contributed, credit will be given for additional votes in proportion to the guaranteed annual payments.
Each 10/6 paid annually entitles the subscriber to one vote. Each donation of £5 5s. confers a life vote.
All further information can be had from the Secretary, at the Office, Molesworth street, Dublin.

MIDLAND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
IMPORTANT NOTICE.
RESTRICTION AND DISLOCATION OF TRAIN SERVICES.
Notice is given that on Monday, 8th November, and until further notice (in consequence of labour trouble), this Company cannot undertake to accept for conveyance LIVE STOCK TRAFFIC, nor further, that only essential Food Stuffs can be accepted.
Traffic will only be conveyed at Sender's Risk, and the Company will accept no responsibility for loss, damage, or delay that may occur during transit or delivery. Goods must be promptly removed from the Company's premises.
M. F. KEOGH, General Manager.
Broadstone Station, Dublin, 2nd November, 1920.

LEGAL NOTICES.
FINAL NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS AND OTHER INCUMBRANCERS.
COURT OF THE IRISH LAND COMMISSION.
LAND PURCHASE ACTS.
Record No. E.C. 6992.
ESTATE OF
CHARLES ROBERT TENNANT, continued in the names of Richard Stubbert Reeves and Arthur Blackburn Wilkinson, as Personal Representatives of the said Charles Robert Tennant, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that the Final Schedule of Incumbrances affecting the Estate of the above-named, in the County of Cookstown, East and Cookstown West, and part of the County of Londonderry, containing 5a. 1r. 5p., under the above-named Statutes, all situate in the Barony of Newmarket, and the County of Dublin, which have been sold under the Land Purchase Acts, will be closed at this Office on the 27th day of November next, and that all persons claiming any Incumbrance affecting any of the lands comprised in the said Schedule, and all parties interested should attend before me on that day with the necessary proofs in support of their respective claims, with a view to the funds being distributed on the said 27th day of December, 1920.
Dated this 27th day of October, 1920.
HENRY C. LYNCH, Chief Examiner.
Messrs. E. & J. REEVES and SONS, Solicitors for Vendor, 51 Merrion Square, Dublin.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
JOHN P. MURPHY, late of Rathangan, in the County of Kildare, Maltster, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise to have any claims or demands against the estate and effects of the above-named John P. Murphy, who died on the 11th day of June, 1920, are hereby required, on or before the 27th day of November next, to furnish in writing particulars of such claims and demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Administratrix of said Deceased, to whom Letters of Administration were granted forth of the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Ireland on the 26th day of October, 1920. And notice is hereby further given that after the said 27th day of November next the said Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims or demands of which notice shall have been given as above required.
Dated the 2nd day of November, 1920.
THOMAS O'K. WHITE and SON, Solicitors for Administratrix, 4 Parliament street, Dublin, and Edenderry, King's Co.

Gazette Notice—Adjudication—Public Sittings—17. IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN IRELAND. KING'S BENCH DIVISION—IN BANKRUPTCY. CHARLES MURPHY, of No. 14 O'Connell street, in the City of Dublin, Engineer was on the 27th day of October, 1920, adjudged Bankrupt.
Public Sittings will be held before the Court at the Bankruptcy Buildings, Four Courts, Dublin, on Friday, the 3rd day of December, 1920, at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, when the Bankrupt is to be examined, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his estate and effects. Creditors may prove their debts, and at the First Sitting choose a creditors' assignee. At the last sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his examination.
All persons having in their possession any property of the Bankrupt are hereby prohibited from delivering the same to him, and the Bankrupt himself is forbidden to act in relation thereto. And notice is hereby given that I have fixed Monday, the 29th day of November, 1920, at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at my Chambers, Bankruptcy Buildings, Four Courts, Dublin, at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon for the vouching of the several claims specified in the Proofs and Schedule, and all parties interested should attend before me on that day with the necessary proofs in support of their respective claims, with a view to the funds being distributed on the said 29th day of December, 1920.
HENRY C. LYNCH, Chief Examiner.
Messrs. E. & J. REEVES and SONS, Solicitors for Vendor, 51 Merrion Square, Dublin.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS' (IRELAND) TRADE UNION.
ANNUAL CONFERENCE.
The Postponed Annual Conference will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, Dublin, on TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 6th November, at 1.30 p.m.
PATRICK O'BYRNE, General Secretary.

RATHMINES AND RATHGAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.
CHARGE FOR ELECTRICAL ENERGY.
Notice is hereby given that the Charge for Current for Lighting and Power has been Increased to 4d. per unit.
This Increase will take effect as from the commencement of the March quarter, 1921.
By Order of the Council, CHAS. Clerk to the Council.
Town Hall, Rathmines,
Co. Dublin, November 4th, 1920.

FINE
INDIAN & CEYLON TEA,
2/4, 2/8, 3/-, 3/6, 4/-
PURE
CHINA TEA,
3/2, 3/6, 4/-, 4/6.
10lbs. and Over Carriage Paid.
ROBT. ROBERTS & CO.
(IRELAND), LTD.,
19 SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
CART AND RICK COVERS
In GREEN, DRAB, BLACK and WHITE.
HORSE LOIN COVERS.
DRILL COATS FOR CATTLE SALESMEN.
OIL COATS, CAPES, HATS.
RUBBER MATS, ALL SIZES.
AGENTS FOR
DICK'S BALATA BELTING.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. SACKVILLE ST.,
76 MID. ABBEY STREET,
34 NASSAU STREET,
66 DAWSON STREET,
} DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

THE POPULATION OF THE WORLD IS DIVIDED INTO THOSE WHO USE GIBSOL AND THOSE WHO DO NOT. WE ASK THOSE WHO USE GIBSOL TO TELL THEIR FRIENDS ABOUT IT.

BY APPOINTMENT. BY APPOINTMENT.
WEST & SON
JEWELLERS, SILVERSMITHS, AND
ARE PREPARED TO UNDERTAKE
VALUATIONS FOR INSURANCE OR PROBATE
Of all Descriptions of VALUABLE PROPERTY in any part of the Country.
For Terms, apply to
GRAFTON HOUSE,
102 & 103 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1920.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—A belt of high pressure now extends from Scandinavia across the British Isles. A shallow depression over Scotland will cause more rain in the extreme North and North-East, but elsewhere dry cold weather and light winds are indicated.

Ireland.—Winds light, variable sky; visibility indifferent to fair, temperature moderate to rather cold.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day....Morning 7. 6 | Evening 7.42
To-morrow .. ,, 8.11 | ,, ... 8.37

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day....Rises .. 7.31 | Sets 4.46
To-morrow .. ,, .. 7.33 | ,, ... 4.44

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.46 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 8.30 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre—"Carmen," 7.45 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"The Great Barrier," 6.30 and 8.30.
Empire Theatre, 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"Sable and Gold," 7.30 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, etc., 3 to 10.30 p.m.
Bohemian Picture Theatre—4.30 to 10.30 p.m.
Princess Cinema, Rathmines—Continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Professor Macalister's Lecture—Molesworth Hall, 5.0.
Theosophical Society—41 Upper Ely Place, 8.0.
Trinity College Classical Society, 8 p.m.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1920.

Great destruction of house property by armed men took place in Cranard on Wednesday night. Fourteen shops were set on fire.—(P. 5.)

Five houses were burned in Tralee on Wednesday night by armed men after the military patrols had left the streets.—(P. 5.)

Houses were partially wrecked and a creamery valued at £20,000 was burned in Ballymote on Wednesday night.—(P. 5.)

On Wednesday night Constable Sullivan was fired at and wounded at Portroe, near Nenagh.—(P. 5.)

Five policemen who were escorting a mail car were fired at near Athenry by two groups of men in motor cars.—(P. 5.)

Soldiers surprised a Sinn Fein Court in Ennis last night. There was a stampede, and some people jumped from the windows.—(P. 5.)

A sergeant-major and two constables were wounded and one member of the attacking party is believed to have been killed in the ambush of a military and police patrol at Ballinalea.—(P. 5.)

Armed men yesterday terrified the staff in the goods yard at the Great Southern and Western Railway Station in Cork and took possession of two large bales and a box containing military stores.—(P. 5.)

Councillor O'Callaghan, who has been acting as Deputy Lord Mayor of Cork, was last night elected Lord Mayor in succession to the late Alderman MacSwiney.—(P. 5.)

The Dublin Corporation yesterday passed a resolution suspending the Town Clerk and his assistant because they had agreed to submit their accounts to the auditor of the Local Government Board.—(P. 7.)

At the Dublin City Sessions yesterday the Recorder heard evidence and made awards in a number of claims for compensation.—(P. 2.)

The Recorder yesterday awarded Assistant Inspector-General Roberts £4,500 for an injuries received in being fired on near Amiens street.—(P. 2.)

In the House of Commons yesterday Sir Hamar Greenwood, replying to the charges made by Mr. T. P. O'Connor and Mr. Devlin, in regard to reprisals in Ireland, defended the police and soldiers, and declared that the war on the murder gang would continue until murder ceased.—(P. 5.)

Dr. Addison, in the Commons yesterday, moved the second reading of the Ministry of Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill. The debate was interrupted at 8.15.—(P. 5.)

Mr. Churchill, speaking on Bolshevism in London yesterday, said that there was a conspiracy to deprive the Empire of the fruits of victory.—(P. 5.)

The trial of Harold Greenwood, solicitor, for the murder of his wife by poison, was continued at Carmarthen yesterday.—(P. 4.)

In many coalfields the miners are back at work, but in others the extremists are dissatisfied, and are holding back.—(P. 5.)

In London yesterday the Stock Markets opened in an uncertain mood, but later developed a more cheerful tendency. Loans and discounts were without feature. Bar gold rose to 119/6. Dublin Market was lifeless. Coats fell on the disappointing bonus.—(P. 7.)

RAILWAYS AND ARMISTICE DAY.

The Ministry of Transport has requested the railway companies to make arrangements that all traffic shall stop for two minutes at 11 o'clock on Armistice Day, following the precedent adopted last year. The Ministry hopes that the public will co-operate with the railways, and that all persons travelling at the time will observe the two minutes' silence.

Imperial Politics.

Earl Curzon's brief statement on Egyptian policy in the House of Lords yesterday will do little to allay the general feeling of uneasiness about the future of the Protectorate. Lord Salisbury complained that the nation was being kept in the dark in regard to the unofficial negotiations which are being carried on with delegates from Egypt, and deprecated the Government's delay in issuing a statement of policy. The Foreign Secretary's reply was vague. He said that the Milner proposals had not yet been submitted to the Government, and that the results of the unofficial conversations with prominent Egyptians were "being considered." There is a wide-spread belief that the Government is about to endanger the solidarity of the Empire by yielding to the threats of fanatical extremists. Should this prove to be the case, the Government will be guilty of a fateful blunder. What is known as "nationalism" is not nearly such a formidable obstacle in the path of Egyptian peace as alarmists declare it to be. Egypt, like every other country, has its malcontents, but they are to be found chiefly in the student class and among the professional orators. The fellaheen have little interests in politics. The problem, so far as they are concerned, is economic rather than political, and a great deal of the talk about emancipating the down-trodden fellah is utter nonsense. Egypt is of vital value to the British Empire. If it is delivered into the hands of a few irreconcilable Anglophobes, who take their orders—and possibly their wages—from Constantinople and Moscow, the Government will be guilty of a greater folly than that committed by Lord Salisbury's father when he presented Heligoland to the Germans.

Lord Salisbury's warning to the Government that "what we sow in Egypt we shall reap in India" deserves close attention. Mr. Montagu is busily engaged at present in an effort to grant to India a generous measure of self-government. Many men who know India and its people at least as well as Mr. Montagu knows them are of the opinion that he has gone too far from the point of view of the Empire's safety. There is a party in India, however, which thinks that he has not gone far enough, and is clamouring loudly for "independence." This party, while not very large, is extremely dangerous. It is led by Mr. Ghandi, an anæmic Bolshevik, who is also a clever man. The Ghandi group is profoundly interested in the course of events in Egypt. If the Egyptian "wild" men succeed in securing virtual separation from the Empire, Mr. Ghandi will be encouraged to persevere, and probably will get a large number of recruits for his policy. Lord Rawlinson has just gone out to India as Commander-in-Chief of the Forces, and a new Viceroy is about to be appointed in Lord Chelmsford's stead. If the right man be chosen for the latter office, the new Commander-in-Chief may be trusted to uphold the best traditions of the *Raj*; but, if the Government at home plays any tricks in Egypt, the peace of India will be in some danger.

The right of self-determination is a comfortable phrase, but it is full of pitfalls for the unwary. Egypt, undoubtedly, should be given a measure of Home Rule, and India has a right to manage her local affairs; but the separation of either from the British Empire would be fatal to Imperial interests. The time has come when these interests must be taken into fuller account.

After the Armistice President Wilson, on behalf of America, assumed the *rôle* of the world's benevolent protector. Central Europe and the Middle East were taken straightway under his wing, and the "backward peoples of the world" were encouraged to look across the Atlantic for succour. When America retired from world affairs Great Britain was left as *locum tenens*, and virtually ever since has been spoon-feeding a quarter of the globe. On Tuesday America decided not to return; therefore, the British people have a right to demand that the Government shall carry out an Imperial stock-taking. America's repudiation of her old-world obligations makes it absolutely essential that the limits of the Empire shall be defined, and that Imperial policy shall concern itself as soon as possible with the consolidation of British interests throughout the globe. The League of Nations has been scrapped by America. The Government must take good care that the Empire is not scrapped into the bargain. The future existence of the United Kingdom is at stake. Under an efficient League of Nations politicians might have been able to indulge their passion for playing fast and loose with Imperial interests without any great danger to the safety of these islands; but now the solidarity of the Empire is our only shield, and it must be strengthened *coûte que coûte*. Egypt and India demand first consideration. Now that the coal strike has been settled and an industrial truce is possible, the opportunity should be seized by the Government to set about the construction of an Imperial policy. Neither Egypt nor India can be permitted to secede from the Empire. That axiom should be made clear at once. As Lord Salisbury said yesterday, the Oriental despises nothing so much as weakness. The Government would have a far better chance of success with its schemes of self-government if it convinced all concerned at the very outset that "independence" is out of the question.

Mrs. Asquith's Memoirs.

The old question of the biographer's right to embarrass living persons is revived by the publication of Mrs. Asquith's "Memoirs." We shall review the book in due course, but this much is common ground—that it is equally audacious and indiscreet, that it will inflict much pain, and that it will give the uneducated and the foreigner a very misleading and mischievous impression of English society. Mrs. Asquith is, or appears to be, a supreme egoist: in this respect her book recalls the diary of Marie Bashkirtseff. She is nearly as self-revealing as Rousseau. She takes her readers behind the scenes of contemporary politics with the devastating candour of a Pepys. She describes her early love affairs, her husband's courtship, her most intimate conversations with all sorts of public men. The bearers of a hundred names that are known throughout the world have read, or will read, these memoirs with acute discomfort. Mrs. Asquith, like Le Sage's lame devil, flies from Park Lane to Carlton House Terrace, from one great country house to another, lifting their roofs and exposing their inmost domesticity to the gaping crowd. The book is a scandal—a stumbling-block—in the strictest sense of the word. Is there, then, no justification for its appearance except the purely personal one of Mrs. Asquith's bargain with her publisher? Certainly the book will help posterity to understand an important period of British politics. Indeed, such memoirs are of the prime stuff of history. They put flesh and blood on the dry bones of recorded fact, giving humanity to figures that, without such assistance, would become more puppet-like as they receded into the mists of time. Much history is made behind curtains which the formal annals, and even modern newspapers, never lift. The Court of Charles II. lives for us solely on account of Samuel Pepys. The Court of Louis XIV. survives chiefly in the malicious diaries of the time. Even the prosaic Creevey has thrown more light on his period than any of the scientific historians. How much would not the world of letters give for a diary as intimate as Mrs. Asquith's of the society in which Augustus, Maecenas, and Horace moved? It would have forgotten the indiscretions, but would be profoundly grateful for the intimacy. Frank memoirs, in a word, are indispensable if history is to be appreciated at all. Nevertheless, that fact, in itself, does not justify Mrs. Asquith's book. It seems to us that the publication of an absolutely candid account of high political society in its slippers can be justified only by the observance of two conditions. One is that it shall not give pain or embarrassment to living persons; the other, that its statements and pictures shall be true. Of course, the former condition virtually rules out contemporary publication. The late Provost Mahaffy was invited many times to write and publish his reminiscences, but always refused. He said that they could not be made interesting without offence to living friends and acquaintances, and that he would not put his name to an uninteresting book. Therefore, the Pepysian way—cold storage till the last veteran has left the stage—is the only way, if a man is to reveal the secrets and weaknesses of others without ceasing to be a gentleman. Again, memoirs are valueless as props to historians unless their general picture of contemporary manners is just and unless their statements are accurate. We should be very sorry to have to think that Mrs. Asquith's hectic descriptions of English society are just; and she has been convicted already of more than one glaring inaccuracy—for instance, in her account of the meeting in the Cabinet room at the moment of the declaration of war. Misstatements of essential fact in memoirs of this kind are a peculiarly unpardonable affront to the genius of history.

Cheaper Clothes.

The depression in trade is causing considerable anxiety in the clothing industry. Many English firms complain that what amounts to a consumers' strike is in progress, and that it is virtually impossible to find a market for their stocks. We can appreciate the retailers' position and, to some extent, can sympathise with them. Their stocks were bought at a time when high prices prevailed, and they are loth to sell them at figures which will not give a reasonable margin of profit. For the moment they are marking time in the hope that a revived demand may relieve them of the necessity of "cutting their losses." We are witnessing, therefore, a contest in endurance between the consumer and the trade. If the former continues his "strike" for a couple of months, there is a prospect that prices will fall rapidly. When banks begin to call in loans that are secured on stocks forced sales will be the rule. The consumer's attitude is dictated by the suspicion that the prices ruling to-day are artificial and unreasonable. He knows that the cost of some raw material has fallen appreciably during the last year, and that certain manufacturers have reaped exorbitant profits. The reports of the various sub-committees on "profiteering" contain convincing proof of that fact. Unfortunately, the consumers' attack on this form of "profiteering" must involve injury to the retailer who is not a party to it.

Japan's Census.

The Japanese Government has decided to take a census, and the innovation—for this is Japan's first census—is regarded with dread. Despite official assurances to the contrary, a large body of the population is convinced that the authorities have some sinister purpose in view. It believes that the Government would not go to such trouble and expense to "count noses" unless the operation concealed some plan that will be detrimental to at least a section of the community. Some argue that it wants to tighten up the screw of taxation. Others hold that the census will be utilised to bring erring wives into the limelight. A third section believes that the Government's object is to unearth criminals in hiding and to detect young men who have evaded military service. The Japanese, of course, soon will have their alarms silenced. They will learn that the census is the basis upon which every scheme of social reform rests, and that until it has been taken their statesmen cannot begin to fulfil the promises that they have made during the last two years. The fears of the Japanese may amuse us, but they are perfectly natural. In England the first census bill provoked a long and bitter controversy. The opponents declared that it destroyed the last trace of British liberty, and the House of Lords rejected it with contempt. It was not until 1800—some fifty years later—that public opinion was sufficiently enlightened to enable Parliament to legalise this mild inquisition without a struggle.

COURT CIRCULAR.

VICEREGAL LODGE, DUBLIN.
THURSDAY.

Colonel and Mrs. R. Charteris, Mr. A. W. Cope, Mr. Mark Sturgis and Captain G. P. Oldfield, 1st Battalion Wiltshire Regiment, has the honour of being invited to dine with His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant at the Viceregal Lodge this evening.

APPOINTMENT OF NEW IRISH JUDGE.

Nephew Succeeds Uncle.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve the appointment of William Evelyn Wylie, K.C., to be a Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature in Ireland, and the Judicial Commissioner of the Irish Land Commission, in the place of the Right Hon. James Owens Wylie, who has resigned owing to ill-health.

Mr. Wylie was called to the Bar in Hilary Term, 1905. He attached himself to the North-East Circuit, and rapidly acquired a lucrative practice. He had only practised as a junior for a comparatively short period when he was called to the Inner Bar. As senior counsel he was noted for the skill and sound judgment that he exercised in the conduct of the cases entrusted to his advocacy, with the result that he soon found himself among the first rank practitioners at the Irish Bar. His practice lay chiefly in the common law courts, in which he held a brief in almost every case of importance brought for trial there in recent years. His ability was understood and appreciated in high official quarters, where he was invited to bring his knowledge of the criminal law to the assistance of the Irish Government. He accepted the invitation, and for nearly two years he has served as Law Adviser to the Irish Executive. He now succeeds his uncle, Mr. Justice Wylie, as a member of the High Court of Justice, and as President of the Land Court.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

For the fourth day in succession an attempt was made to-day to move the adjournment of the House of Commons in order to discuss the Irish situation, and this time it was successful. Mr. T. P. O'Connor satisfied the Speaker's requirement in regard to the production of new facts, and when his motion was put to the House all the Labour members and "Wee Frees" rose in support of it.

According to present arrangements the Government of Ireland Bill will be taken on three days next week. Monday is earmarked for the Committee stage of the new clauses, and Wednesday and Thursday for the report stage of the Bill.

The proceedings at the Cenotaph and in Westminster Abbey on Armistice Day are to be purely national celebrations, with the consequence that the representatives of foreign Governments anxious to be present will be gratefully informed that, while deeply appreciating the sympathy shown, the British Government desire to keep the ceremonials exclusively national. This will probably prevent the attendance of the King of Spain unless he is present as a member of the Royal Family.

The Prime Minister will preside to-morrow over an important meeting of the British Empire delegates, who are proceeding to Geneva for the League of Nations Assembly next week. The policy to be followed by Britain will be discussed, and the meeting is to be attended by Mr. Balfour, Mr. Fisher, and Mr. Barnes, as well as the Indian and Dominion delegates. The delegates will leave London on Friday in next week, and during their stay at Geneva they will all be lodged together.

London was wrapped in a heavy fog to-day, and the railway traffic was generally very bad, so that it was cold comfort to worried passengers to tell them that the full railway service might possibly be restored on Monday next. Passengers are now so well accustomed to overcrowding and discomfort generally that they accept things as a matter of course. More trains, however, will ease the situation, and for this the Londoner thanks the miner for returning to work. At the same time it is to be hoped that the gas companies will accept the indication that there is to be a return to the normal, and give people a little more gas to keep them warm.

The results of the three ballots recently taken by the coal-miners are curiously diverse. In the first—on the question whether there should be a strike—the votes cast numbered 845,647, and the majority for a strike was 367,917. On the second, regarding the acceptance or rejection of the *status* line proposal, the votes fell to 816,626, and the majority for rejection rose to 453,670. On the third, and last, there was a still heavier fall to 684,549, and the majority against the acceptance of the Government's amended proposals was

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

INDIA AND THE MIDDLE EAST.

The Times, in a leading article to-day, says:—In all the long controversy upon the future course of British policy in Mesopotamia the point of view of the people of India has scarcely been heard at all in this country, although Indian troops have borne the largest share of the invasion and subsequent occupation. The important expression of opinion on the Mesopotamian and Persian issues which the Aga Khan begins to-day in our columns does not profess to be more than a personal view, but we think it may be regarded as interpreting with accuracy and fairness the general trend of moderate Indian thought. The extreme impolicy of employing a large portion of the Indian Army on garrison duties in the Near and Middle East for an indefinite period has been recognised for some time by many Britons with long Asiatic experience. The murderous and unsound report of the Esher Committee, which, in effect, has advocated the transformation of the Indian army into a force largely stationed outside India, greatly quickened the apprehensions felt by those who knew the true situation. If these views were held in many quarters in Great Britain, what is the character of the far stronger feeling in India? In words emphatic, though restrained, the Aga Khan supplies an answer, which both the Government and the British nation should study with care. He challenges with quiet firmness both the policy of the Government and the suggestions of the Esher report. He warns us that the task laid upon the Indian Army in Mesopotamia and elsewhere is regarded by India with repugnance, and he warns us solemnly of the dangerous consequences if the theories of the Imperial General Staff in regard to the future utilisation of the Indian Army in time of peace are to govern our policy. We shall listen to nothing talk about Bagdad Conference and Councils of State when the Government name the date on which they propose to stop warmongering in the Middle East, adds *The Times*. Until we curb their combative proclivities, and bring back their tanks and their armoured cars, their aeroplanes and their gunboats, their machine-gun corps, and their motor transport convoys, all talk about Conferences and Councils at Bagdad have very little practical meaning. Nearly every statement made by the Government about these regions suppresses material facts. When Mr. Churchill tells the House of Commons that our Army in Mesopotamia is now 101,000 strong, he leaves out the Arab levies, the Indian labour battalions, the Air Force, and numerous "drafts" and "followers" who have to be fed, and for whom the uninformed British public have to pay. It is not surprising that the Government are holding back their Supplementary Estimates for Mesopotamia. They wish to avoid as long as possible the inevitable day of reckoning.

EGYPT'S HOPES.

The Times understands that at recent meetings between the Egyptian Nationalist delegation, consisting of Zaghlul Pasha, Ali Bey Maher, Abdul Bey Fahmy, and Mustapha Bey Nahas, which is now in London, and the members of the Milner Mission some change was evidenced in the attitude of the delegation towards certain clauses of the projected agreement, to which it was understood the assent of public opinion in Egypt had already been given. It is stated that the Egyptian delegates objected to the *status* of Egypt under the agreement as not involving any change from the Protectorate, and to the abolition of which they are understood to desire. The delegates, furthermore, desire to restrict the functions of British advisers to more precise duties.

Commenting upon the same subject, *The Times* observes:—We notice that the word "Protectorate" figures once more in this new difficulty, and we recall its prominence in the minds of Egyptians during the controversies which Lord Milner and the Mission have been labouring to compose. If this difficulty is one which turns on the technical implications of the word "Protectorate" it may not be so hard to overcome as some members of the Egyptian Delegation may have thought. Lord Milner's statement in the House of Lords clearly suggests that the conversations with the Delegation are not at an end. If that is so, then we feel sure that no pains will be spared on the side of the Mission to show the Delegation that such misunderstandings do not long survive complete frankness and plain dealing on either side. Nothing has emerged to-day which makes the agreement possible. They inspired a belief in the real desire of this country to do the most generous justice to Egypt, and secured the acceptance by the representatives of the mighty body of Egyptian opinion. When both parties to the agreement have gone so far towards laying unfortunate ghosts, we should have very strong claims to approval, both here and in Egypt, if it is difficult to believe that either the Mission or the Delegation can tolerate anything in the nature of a decisive setback to so promising a process.

MRS. BRYCE'S ARREST.

Mrs. Annan Bryce, in a letter to *The Times* to-day, writes:—I see that Sir Hamar Greenwood says in answer to Mr. Hogge, which regard to the legality of my arrest, that I was suspected of having seditious documents in my possession. Sir Hamar Greenwood in making this answer knew perfectly well that this was false—his colleague, who has all our letters in safety, keep him very well informed. What he was afraid of was that I might do the Government harm in Wales by stating first-hand facts about the acts of violence perpetrated under his orders, hour by hour, in Ireland, and that Wales would know those facts came from no "tainted source." The only papers found in me were the rough notes for my speech. These were abstracted also a cartoon copied from an English paper, neither of which has been yet returned to me. The fact of my arrest and the brutal way in which it was carried out has done more to show up the Government methods in Ireland than a thousand speeches from me.

A MANCHESTER PROTEST.

A Special Correspondent of *The Times*, in a message from Manchester yesterday, states:—There was some plain speaking on the attempt on the part of American firms to cancel orders for cotton goods from Manchester at a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce specially held to consider the matter. The orders were placed during the "boom" in cotton goods earlier in the year, and, as a result of the recent heavy fall in the price of cotton, many American importers are faced with the fact that the orders will now be unprofitable to take up. In the discussion specific instances were given, and it became apparent that in a very considerable number involved. Estimates of the loss to Manchester, if the cancellation is permitted, varied from £200,000 to £2,000,000, but there is reason to believe that the latter is more nearly correct.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

The course of Stock Markets yesterday was decidedly disappointing, the volume of business suffering a further decline, says *The Times*. The decision to terminate the coal strike was without effect. While there was a quite fair amount of investment buying, the more speculative markets, as a rule, were neglected. Advices dated War Begins were again at less demand, and Home Railway prior charge securities, the floating supply of which is very limited, also showed strength. Rubber Shares remained in a very depressed condition, and Coats Ord. weakened after the bonus announcement appeared. South African Shares were a better market.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

Senor Alfredo Zayas, the Conservative candidate, has been elected President of Cuba.

Mr. Fisher in the House of Commons yesterday announced that the Government hoped to be able to introduce the Provisional Licensing Bill next week.

Mrs. James Stuart, widow of the Right Hon. James Stuart, M.P., died yesterday afternoon at her residence, Carrow Abbey, Norwich. She was prominent in the public life of Norwich.

Regarding the situation in Persia, Reuter understands that there is no question of General Ironside taking over command of the Persian Cossacks, whose leader, General Staroselsky, has resigned.

Mr. Lloyd George, replying to Mr. Ormsby-Gore in the Commons yesterday, said that the Government were fully alive to the subject of local rates, but, in view of the fact that a Royal Commission and a Departmental Committee reported on the subject in 1913, he did not think that there would be any advantage in appointing a further Royal Commission.

In a letter to the Minister of Transport regarding certain statements in the Press reflecting on the railways, Viscount Churchill, chairman of the Railway Companies' Association, representing the British railway companies, says that the Association are satisfied that both in the spirit and in the methods adopted the agreements with the Government have been carried out with every regard to economy and to the public interest.

The Miscellaneous Disposals Syndicate, Ltd., Glasgow and London, of which Sir William Beardmore is chairman, announces the completion of a large deal with the Ministry of Munitions. The stores disposed of to the syndicate are of enormous variety, comprising scientific and optical instruments of all kinds, photographic material, cameras, lenses, etc., and boxes of all descriptions, as well as other useful stores and materials—in fact, virtually the whole of the items shown in "Surplus" under the heading of miscellaneous stores section.

IRISH REPRISALS.

CHIEF SECRETARY AND THE MURDER CAMPAIGN.

"CRUEL ACTUALITIES."

THE BARRY AFFIDAVIT.

CASE OF MR. HUGH MARTIN.

POLICE AND SOLDIERS AWAITING TRIAL.

Mr. T. P. O'Connor last night moved the adjournment of the House of Commons to call attention to what he described as "the policy of frightfulness" pursued in Ireland. He repudiated the suggestion that in condemning reprisals he was lenient to assassination. He said that the Chief Secretary had taken up the disastrous position of making himself the strong, unquestioning, and blatant advocate and defender of every act of frightfulness in Ireland. The Government inquiries now going on were not to give the truth, but to hide it. The *Freeman's Journal* had been prosecuted before a courtmartial. Trial of a newspaper before a courtmartial was the end of the liberty of the Press. (Hear, hear.) Then there was the case of Mr. Hugh Martin, an admirable and able British journalist, who had been warned that if he fell into the hands of soldiers and police he would be soon disposed of. That was a serious thing for Ireland and for England. (Hear, hear.) He realised that force on the part of Ireland would ultimately bring her to disaster—(hear, hear)—but force by England was no remedy. He wanted to see a way out, and he appealed to all hon. members to help to find a way out. But he did not believe that the methods of the Chief Secretary would lead to a way out.

Mr. Hogge seconded the motion. He called special attention to the case of Mr. Hugh Martin, the *Daily News* Correspondent. It was he said, a damnable tragedy that was going on in Ireland day by day.

MR. JOSEPH DEVLIN.

Mr. Devlin, who was called on by the Deputy Speaker, denounced what he called the infamies going on in Ireland—he objected to the expression "reprisals"—and stigmatised the conduct of the Government in Ireland "as one of the greatest outrages committed against humanity in modern times." He declared that this question would not be settled by coercive measures, and that where Balfour, Forster, Castlereagh, and Cromwell had failed, the present Chief Secretary with all his outpouring appearance of great masculinity would not succeed. The people responsible for the murders sat on the Government benches, and to them he would say, quoting an expression used by the Prime Minister at Limehouse—"It is your hands that are reeking with the blood of policemen and of civilians." He was told that the other night the Chief Secretary made the hard-faced men of the House laugh at his expense. They were told that he got his information from the English newspapers. He did, and if he said the *Daily News*, the wise men sneered; if he said the *Manchester Guardian*, the Coalition Liberals collapsed; if he said *The Times*, they howled "Lord Northcliffe," and if he said the *Morning Post*, then they remained silent. (Laughter.)

Mr. J. H. Thomas said that he regarded the policy of the Government as being, in the main, responsible for the murder campaign which everybody condemned. He read what he said was a sworn statement made by the youth (Kevin Barry) executed on Monday, in which he declared that he was threatened with military officers with a bayonet, and was afterwards tortured by having his arm twisted in order to make him confess the names and addresses of his associates. Ireland could yet be saved by an honourable settlement

THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that no one was more desirous of a settlement of the Irish question than he, but the resolution was one condemning the Government for what was called the policy of frightfulness. He would first refer to the affidavit of Kevin Barry, alleging that he was tortured by two officers of the Lancashire Fusiliers. It was a question of veracity as to whether that man swore the truth, or whether the officers of the regiment, who denied it, told the truth. Mr. Thomas accepted the man's word. He (Sir Hamar) accepted the words of the officers. Therefore, it was impossible, to carry out that charge. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. John Jones—I accept the men's word, as a Catholic going to his death.

Lt.-Commander Kenworthy—Did they make a sworn statement?

Sir Hamar Greenwood—No; but I am sure they are prepared to do so.

Mr. MacVeagh—Will you accept the words of the ruffians who did it?

Mr. Jones—This is Bleeding a nation, not a man.

The Speaker called Mr. Jones to order.

Mr. Jones—I cannot help it, when I hear my country and religion insulted.

A "PREPARED" AFFIDAVIT.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that it was not a question of Human nature in a case of this kind. If it was torture by anybody, no matter what crime the man was accused of, it was a damnable thing. The last terms of the affidavit were couched in legal language, which no medical student must be foreign, and that convinced him that the affidavit was prepared.

Mr. Jones—Libel him, now he is dead.

Mr. MacVeagh—Do you not know it has to be sworn by a lawyer?

The Speaker said that hon. members from Ireland should allow the Chief Secretary to make his statement.

Mr. MacVeagh—I only desire to enter my protest against the Chief Secretary's mis-representation.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, continuing, said that he welcomed the statements of Mr. Thomas and Mr. O'Connor, that the situation in Ireland was too critical to be turned into a debate in which each side tried to score. He held that view. Of course, they all condemned, too, the assassination of members of the Forces of the Crown and innocent civilians; but these resolutions and speeches did not help the Forces of the Crown. They tended sometimes to encourage those whom they all condemned, in their extreme doctrine of assassination.

THE CREAMERIES.

He would take the question of the destruction of creameries. He had already received representations of the Irish Agricultural Organisation Society, of which Sir Horace Plunkett was the distinguished head, and of the British Co-operative Parliamentary Society, and while one considering two points. First, had the case been made out that any of these creameries had been destroyed by the Forces of the Crown—(a cry of No)—and, if made out, identifying individual members of the Forces of the Crown? If a case had been made out that they had been destroyed, then the question followed: Had the Government a moral responsibility to make what compensation it could in the way of money? If anyone had evidence that would assist in coming to a conclusion on that most important matter he would welcome it.

THE QUESTION OF REPRISALS.

What were commonly called reprisals were not reprisals in the majority of cases, as the word should be used. He would give an instance. Soldiers, or police, might be fired at from a house. It was impossible to knock at the door and ask for permission to search the house. Once they were fired at, the house must be treated as an arsenal or a fort. (Cheers.) It returned fire. They surrounded the house. And it was no (cries). They shot into the house, and they might hurt the house. That was a legitimate act of self-defence. (Cheers.)

Mr. J. H. Thomas—Suppose it is the wrong house?

Mr. Devlin—Give us an instance.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said if he did his best to get at the roots of all cases, and it was common to find that a house had been destroyed under the circumstances he had mentioned. To take another illustration, if a stack had been destroyed when a rifle or bomb was found in it, it was burned because it might conceal other rifles or bombs, as it frequently did. He thought that was quite fair.

Mr. Devlin—Quote a concrete case.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that he could give any number of cases. He objected to the allegation that the Army or the police were less desirous of maintaining rigid discipline than members of the House of Commons.

NINE CONSTABLES UNDER ARREST.

They had now under arrest nine constables—two on a charge of murder; two on a charge of conduct prejudicial to good order; three for felony, and two for looting. He hoped that they would be found innocent, but at the moment they were under arrest. The Commander-in-Chief had had a military inquiry into every case alleged against soldiers. In ten cases disciplinary action had been taken, and courts-martial had been ordered in other cases. Seven men were being tried who, it was alleged, were implicated in the destruction of property in Mallow. In every case men had to meet a charge if it could be urged against them by evidence from any source.

An Hon. Member—Who will try them?

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that it would be a courtmartial by British officers—(cheers)—and no one was more careful of the discipline of a force than those responsible for it as officers.

An Hon. Member—Is there no civil law?

Sir Hamar Greenwood said there was, but the most impartial tribunal in Ireland to-day was the military tribunal set up by the House.

Mr. Tillett—But this House is not impartial.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that he thought the House of Commons was most impartial. This tribunal that had been set up was carrying on severe and grave duties with a courage, impartiality, and generosity that could not be surpassed.

THE DIFFICULTY OF GETTING INFORMATION.

He had been accused of withholding information from the House and of giving evasive replies to questions. It was far from his intention to do either, but he would picture the difficulty of an Irish Secretary in getting information. The newspapers, with an alertness that did them credit, could get telegrams from any part of Ireland on any event. That event generally followed the murder of a policeman. As a rule, before the murder took place, the telephone lines were cut by the malefactors or their friends. It was difficult to find the officers of the police, or the soldiers, at their desks when they were scouring the country for the criminal. If there was any delay it was not due to unwillingness to interrupt the House of every detail, whether helpful to his point of view or not, but it was due to difficulties inherent in the disturbed and disastrous state of certain areas. Mr. O'Connor rather found fault with the fact that there were some members of the Royal Irish Constabulary in the Lobby that night.

Mr. Devlin—He did not find fault.

AN EX-SOLDIER ASSASSINATED.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that he was sure that the hon. member did not intend to find fault. Those constables were there as escort for the body of an ex-British soldier who was assassinated on Sunday night. He was riding on his bicycle when shot in the back of the head. He was a man who had served his country for five years in France and Mesopotamia, and who went to Ireland at the call of the Government to serve his country there. He was one of the main supports of a widowed mother living in London, and he ought not be for the sufferers, however innocent, in Ireland. There ought to be some tears left for those gallant men who deserved well of their country, and who were being murdered day by day in Ireland. No one felt more than he did at the shedding of innocent blood, but those responsible were those who started and continued the campaign of assassination against the forces of the crown.

THE CASE OF MRS. QUINN.

He felt deeply the shooting of Mrs. Quinn, who was shot by a stray bullet.

Mr. Devlin—Shot by one of them.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that one of the most effective ways to meet an ambush was to fire in advance along a hedge. He added that the whole matter was under inquiry. No one regretted more than the police and the soldiers that innocent persons were killed whilst they were carrying out their difficult and dangerous duties.

THE DUNGANNON CHARGES.

The hon. member referred to the burning of Cahirciveen, Dungannon, and Trim, which were inaccurate. In that town on Sunday night an attempt was made to assassinate a constable. Happily, he was only wounded. At once there was a counter-attack by the police, and a number of houses were set on fire. Riffe fire and explosions in different parts of the town aroused the people, who became panic-stricken; the flames from the burning houses lit up the sky, and the shrieks of women and children near the burning premises filled the air. The military were turned from Ballymullen Barracks about five o'clock, and did their utmost to extinguish the fires.

The following promises were destroyed:—Thomas Slattery, two houses, grocery and spirit establishment, and the flour premises adjoining in Bridge street; Mrs. Brosnahan's grocery and spirit premises, next door; Mrs. Dunne's grocery and spirit premises, Upper Castle street; and Mrs. O'Rourke's premises in Boherbee were partially burned. The following were extinguished by Volunteers. This morning the following notice was posted conspicuously all over the town, and was also published in a special letter box:—

"Final Notice.—Take notice that all business premises, factories, shops, etc., in Tralee must be closed from 2 p.m. to-morrow, Saturday, at the time as the police in Sinn Fein custody are returned. Anyone disobeying this order will be dealt with in drastic manner."

So absolute was the people that the order was rigidly obeyed. All business was suspended, and all shops were closed, and the streets are deserted. Hundreds are seeking safety in the country districts.

The missing police have not yet been found, and further reprisals are dreaded to-night.

MR. CHURCHILL AND BOLSHEVISM.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE EMPIRE.

EGYPT, INDIA, AND IRELAND.

Speaking as guest of the United Wards Club at a luncheon at Cannon street Hotel, London, yesterday, Mr. Winston Churchill discussed the problem of Bolshevism. He said that he saw in the votes of the American nation a great revulsion of both parties in the United States on the doctrine of world-wide revolution preached and practised by Lenin and Trotsky. He thought we could see that sentiment repeated in the municipal elections held in this country. Mr. Churchill contended that the issue of his words, that the Labour Party, or the Socialist Party, which was a better name, and they liked it better—(laughter)—was unfitted to govern the country, had not been diminished by what had taken place during the present year. All those strikes, and rumours of strikes, he added; all this talk of revolution and direct action, have deeply offended the mass of the British people. There was, however, an active and a very voluble minority always trying to grab control.

Mr. Churchill alluded to Mr. Thomas's declaration when the Council of Action was set up, that it was regarded as a definite challenge to the Constitution, and said that was a very remarkable and improper thing. (Hear, hear.) A challenge to the British Constitution was a challenge to universal suffrage. The fact that so many people had been led to believe at this time as the police in Sinn Fein custody are returned. Anyone disobeying this order will be dealt with in drastic manner."

So absolute was the people that the order was rigidly obeyed. All business was suspended, and all shops were closed, and the streets are deserted. Hundreds are seeking safety in the country districts.

The missing police have not yet been found, and further reprisals are dreaded to-night.

HOUSE-BURNING AND WRECKING.

DESTRUCTION IN GRANARD.

FIVE HOUSES BURNED IN TRALEE.

CREAMERY WRECKED AT BALLYMOTE.

The towns of Granard, Tralee, and Ballymote suffered severely on Wednesday night. Armed men, it is said, caused the destruction of much house property, and greatly alarmed the inhabitants.

In Granard fourteen business houses appear to have been set on fire, and most of them were destroyed. Five shops were burned in Tralee, and several others and a creamery at Ballymote.

Telegraphing from Granard yesterday, our Correspondent states:—At 11.30 o'clock on Wednesday night eleven lorries, filled with uniformed men, entered the town, and at 12 o'clock they commenced to fire rifle bullets into the houses on the main street. Then fires were commenced by the destruction of Mr. L. D. Kiernan's "Corner House" grocery and bar, and, after the third attempt with petrol and bombs, the premises were set on fire. The hardware establishment of Mr. Kiernan was next fired, and Mr. Kiernan's Greville Arms Hotel, with the Market House, a splendid block of buildings, valued at £70,000, were totally destroyed. Mr. Peter Heslin's grocery and bar and steam bakery were entirely burned, and Mr. James Cosgrove's grocery. Mr. Michael Kelly's grocery and bar, a splendid house, was totally destroyed on the north side of the street, and on the south side the following houses were entirely destroyed:—Bernard Macken's, J. W. Burn's, James Kellet's, Mrs. Grehan's, Mrs. Petit's grocery, bar, and hardware, one of the finest shops in the town; Mr. Francis Major's, Patrick O'Hara's grocery and bar, Joseph Tierney's drapery, Mr. Kelly's house was fired, but was saved. Many other houses would have been destroyed, but for the heroism displayed by Michael Deacons, an ex-soldier, who saved two or three houses by cutting down the roofs. The Misses Irwin, assisted by Mr. Lennon, and others, saved Mr. J. O'Reilly's from the fire in Mr. Kelly's house. Having the work of destruction so well accomplished, the uniformed men took their departure in the direction of Longford, playing mouth-organs and melodeons, and shouting—"That's the stuff to give them."

At the time of telegraphing (11 o'clock) the Town Hall is still burning, and groups of homeless people are congregated upon the streets looking at the *débris* of their homes. The damage is roughly estimated at £250,000, but this may be a low estimate.

ANOTHER ATTACK ON TRALEE.

FIVE MORE SHOPS BURNED.

ALL BUSINESS SUSPENDED.

Our Tralee Correspondent, telegraphing yesterday, says:—Further tumult prevailed in Tralee last night. It came as a great shock to the people, who had been assured that the military would, as on the previous night, take control of the peace of the town and the protection of life and property. The military remained on duty up to midnight, and left when all was quiet. Two hours later, however, as I said, were uniform, came out, and the houses of several prominent Sinn Feiners were bombed and set on fire. Rifle fire and explosions in different parts of the town aroused the people, who became panic-stricken; the flames from the burning houses lit up the sky, and the shrieks of women and children near the burning premises filled the air. The military were turned from Ballymullen Barracks about five o'clock, and did their utmost to extinguish the fires.

The following premises were destroyed:—Thomas Slattery, two houses, grocery and spirit establishment, and the flour premises adjoining in Bridge street; Mrs. Brosnahan's grocery and spirit premises, next door; Mrs. Dunne's grocery and spirit premises, Upper Castle street; and Mrs. O'Rourke's premises in Boherbee were partially burned. The following were extinguished by Volunteers. This morning the following notice was posted conspicuously all over the town, and was also published in a special letter box:—

"Final Notice.—Take notice that all business premises, factories, shops, etc., in Tralee must be closed from 2 p.m. to-morrow, Saturday, at the time as the police in Sinn Fein custody are returned. Anyone disobeying this order will be dealt with in drastic manner."

So absolute was the people that the order was rigidly obeyed. All business was suspended, and all shops were closed, and the streets are deserted. Hundreds are seeking safety in the country districts.

The missing police have not yet been found, and further reprisals are dreaded to-night.

"A TRUCE OF GOD."

DR. GILMARTIN'S PLAN FOR PEACE IN IRELAND.

In a message published in *The Universe* to-day, the Most Rev. Dr. Gilmartin, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Tuam, says:—I have always denounced the shooting of police or of other servants of the Crown as murder (outside recognised cases of self-defence). The Irish people have no sympathy with crimes of that kind, but many of them do not care to speak openly. They are longing for an honourable peace.

If they could safely justify assassination, they have also denounced reprisals. The persecution of Catholic workmen in Belfast is a crime and disgrace to all concerned. If there were an honest will to govern Ireland without prejudice to their natural rights a way could be found.

As I write things are easier, and if the servants of the Government were to endeavour to win the people's longing for peace there could, I believe, be established an immediate truce of God. The first move should, however, come from the Government. Only one power is in issue, introduce and pass a full measure of Home Rule, including full fiscal control, and forthwith, in my opinion, serious strife will cease. Ireland, I am sure, will continue to demand a Republic as a logical right, consequent on the acceptance of Wilson's fourteen points, but the reality of Home Rule working had in practice will weld the masses into Irish Conservatives.

would do everything he could to help them to carry out their duties in Ireland.

CRUEL ACTUALITIES.

Let him now bring the House back to some cruel actualities. Since the last debate on Ireland in that House there had been twenty-four murders of policemen, and thirty-two policemen had been wounded. During the last two weeks alone five widows and seventeen orphans had been made by assassination of policemen. He believed, however, that the general condition of Ireland was improving. The total number of general outrages was rapidly diminishing. The number of murders had increased, and might be still further increased, because the policy of the Government was to pursue these assassins. (Cheers.) In that pursuit brave men would be sacrificed, but the men were brave enough to go through with it, and they would have the support. (Cheers.) They all wanted to see a way out of this situation. Nobody wanted assassinations or what were called reprisals. The way out would be found only when the murder gang stopped their murdering. He did not believe that the House would ever make peace until there were no more murders in Ireland. He had never associated the majority of the Irish people with these murders. (Hear, hear.) He believed that if the people of Ireland could be made articulate they would help the Government only in condemning outrages, but in putting them down. He had every information that they welcomed the increasing energy of the soldiers and police stamping out this campaign. (Cheers.) In certain counties in Ireland there was a ferocious campaign against the police. It was an attempt to intimidate England into giving independence to Ireland whether Ireland wanted it or not. The duty of the Irish Government was to defeat that campaign, and, thanks to the bravery of the police and the military, whose courage commanded the respect of the House, they were doing it. If this campaign was not stamped out, it would spread to England. If assassination became a successful method of political propaganda in Ireland, people would be encouraged to carry it on in other places. It was the duty of the Government to make it unsuccessful. The best way to stop anything in the nature of reprisals was to stop this campaign of murder of policemen. The way out was to help the Government to stop this campaign of outrages of all kinds, including reprisals. If they could abstain from the murder of police and soldiers, he thought that what was called reprisals would automatically cease, and then there would be a way out for the Irish people. There was no quarrel between the British people and the Irish people—the difficulties were Irish and not English. If they wished to help the Irish people to settle their trouble, they must first of all stamp out these assassinations which had besmirched the name of that country, and been a bar in the way of settlement. (Cheers.)

Lord Robert Cecil said that he loathed reprisals, and there seemed to be a strong case for very careful inquiry. There had been great weakness in dealing with reprisals. The charges against the Government of connivance had never been denied or refuted.

The motion was defeated by 133 votes to 51.

HEATING OF THE HOUSE.

THE SPEAKER AND SIR MAURICE DOCKRELL.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Sir Maurice Dockrell asked the Prime Minister whether no was aware that private members who had to remain within the precincts of the House had no refuge from the heated atmosphere of the Chamber save the library or the Smokingroom, in which the atmosphere became offensive; and whether he would take steps to provide a billiard room and card room for members. Before putting the question, Sir Maurice raised a point of order. He wished to know whether it was competent for a confidential question such as he had put to have four alterations made in it—two when he brought it to the table, and two when it subsequently appeared in print.

The Speaker said he take the responsibility, as I made the alterations for good and sufficient reasons. (Laughter.)

Sir Maurice Dockrell—As an Irishman who speaks very little in this House, I would ask you to give me some more rope. (Laughter.)

The Speaker—I am rather afraid what the consequence would be.

Sir A. Mond—I am afraid I do not fully appreciate the hon. member's complaint with regard to the heating arrangements. To heat such a building of this size must necessarily be warmed by means of radiators, and every endeavour is made to maintain an equable temperature. We are still conducting experiments to improve the ventilation by means of fans. With regard to the latter part of the question—there is no billiard room and no card room in the building, and, in any case, it is contrary to the tradition of the House that games such as those mentioned should be played within its precincts. (Cheers and laughter.)

HOUSE OF HEALTH BILL.

POSITION OF HOSPITALS.

THE HOUSING PROBLEM.

In the House of Commons yesterday,

Dr. Addison moved the second reading of the Ministry of Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill. The first clause of the bill, he said, empowered authorities to acquire compulsorily empty houses in certain circumstances. Taking advantage of the existing scarcity of houses in certain places, it was quite evident that a number of people had kept houses empty longer than they ought to have done in anticipation of receiving higher prices for them. This had led to serious disorders in some places. The proposal in the bill, however, was limited to houses which were suitable for the housing of the working classes in localities where there was an urgent need of additional accommodation. The third clause dealt with difficulties due to the restriction of unnecessary building. It was proposed to continue, on a modified scale, the system set up during the war, whereby men suffering from mental disorders caused by shell-shock received treatment in special hospitals.

POSITION OF VOLUNTARY HOSPITALS.

Turning to the position of the voluntary hospitals, Dr. Addison said that the accommodation they provided was quite insufficient to meet the public needs. He warmly repudiated the suggestion that voluntary hospitals should be allowed to go to the wall. In the five years ending 1918 there was a deficit on the provincial hospitals of £1,300,000, and on the London hospitals of £900,000. An industrial census about balanced the deficit in the total amount, but some hospitals were more fortunate than others. During the past two years, owing to increased cost of food, wages, and maintenance, the expenditure had risen much more than the income and the discrepancy was correspondingly greater. His Department sought the co-operation of the King Edward Hospital Fund, which had set aside £250,000 towards the London hospitals. The National Relief Fund had set aside £700,000 mainly for the provincial hospitals. There was a provision in the bill which enabled the authorities, if they so desired, to make a voluntary contribution in aid of the hospitals, but the bill would not enable a local authority to take over a voluntary hospital. In order to avoid increased public expenditure he would propose certain amendments. Clause 11 when the bill went into Committee, in order to provide that any scheme adopted by the local authorities should be on terms of agreement approved by the Ministry, and that the Council should be limited to the taking over of existing poor law hospitals.

EARL WINTERTON.

Earl Winterton expressed disappointment with Dr. Addison's statement. He said that the housing policy of the right hon. gentleman had been a failure. In addition to that, the bill would over-ride the Lunacy Acts by sweeping away the safeguards of the individual. It allowed a most dangerous loophole for possible ill-treatment of the subject. He moved the rejection of the bill.

Sir Henry Craik seconded the motion.

Sir Donald Maclean said that there was no more potent cause of social unrest and discontent in the country than the lack of housing—(hear, hear)—and the matter must be dealt with by the Government in no half-hearted way. We were up against the same problem as we grappled with the war. Talk about Socialism would, he said, fade away if there was no difficulty to deal with very much on the lines on which we grappled with the war. Talk about Socialism would, he was sure, have no effect upon the feeling with the present serious state of affairs, which did not seem to be properly appreciated by hon. members who talked about Socialism and the class war in this matter.

The debate was interrupted at 8.30 p.m.

PATROL ATTACKED.

THREE CASUALTIES.

POLICEMAN SHOT IN TIPPERARY.

SINN FEIN COURTS DISPERSED.

An official report received yesterday at Dublin Castle states:—At two o'clock this morning a police patrol containing a few soldiers was attacked by a party in ambush at Barnalee, a short distance from Granard, on the one hand, and Longford, on the other. The party had been summoned to Granard in expectation of an attack on the barracks there, and were returning to Longford when they were fired upon from an ambush by armed men. The sergeant-major and two constables were wounded, and it is believed that one of the attackers was also by the return fire.

POLICEMAN WOUNDED.

FEAR OF REPRISALS AT NENAGH.

Our Nenagh Correspondent, in a telegram yesterday, stated:—Last night, while going from one home to the R.I.C. Barracks at Portroe, about six miles from Nenagh, Constable Sullivan was fired at, and wounded in the arm. Very lights were sent up from the barracks, and lorries of police and military drove to the district from Nenagh. Constable Sullivan, who is a native of Kerry, is an elderly man, with a large family.

With the exception of the discharge of a number of rifle shots, and the burning of a store in the yard of Miss Skehan's licensed premises in Summerhill, the night passed off quietly in Nenagh. Fearing a repetition of the incidents of the previous night, about half the population sought refuge with friends in the country, and from nightfall the streets were deserted. The store, which was burned at Miss Skehan's, contained all her furniture, which she had removed there for safety, and it was completely destroyed.

ANOTHER POLICEMAN DEAD.

Our Cork Correspondent, in a telegram last night, says:—Shortly after 7 o'clock this morning a six armed men visited the goods store of the Great Southern and Western Railway at Glanmire Station, and "held up" the staff of nine men on duty, with revolvers. The raiders immediately took possession of military stores, which were in two large bales, and a box which had been consigned to Victoria Barracks, Cork.

One bale contained a searchlight apparatus. It is unknown what were the contents of the second bale, but the fact that the raid took place it was military property. Covering the staff with their revolvers the workmen were compelled to place the military stores on railway trucks, and in the motor lorries which had been wheeled outside the premises where they were placed in a common cart, which had been commandeered for the purpose.

ATTACKS ON CROWN FORCES.

HEAVY CASUALTIES LAST WEEK.

It was officially stated in Dublin Castle yesterday that the statistics of outrages for the week ending last November 5th point to a steady decline in the total amount of political crime, but that the campaign of guerrilla warfare against the armed forces of the Crown has been waged with unabated intensity during the week. The casualties during the week-end have been very heavy, seven police being killed and eleven wounded within the thirty-six hours preceding the night of the 31st October. The greater part of these casualties have been sustained in ambushes, which are claimed by Sinn Fein apologists to be in the nature of military engagements. There is, however, no actual fact really to distinguish them from ordinary murders. The conditions in every case are in favour of the attackers, who have all the advantage of disguises and concealment, while the patrols are seldom in a position to retaliate by counter-attack on their assailants. The military casualties for the week were three killed and four wounded. With the exception of one case of wounding, all were sustained in the ambush of a motor lorry near Thomastown on the 28th October. Concerning the allegations of reprisals which followed these attacks on soldiers a military inquiry is being held.

Raids on mails slightly increased as compared with those of the preceding week, the figures being 28 and 25 respectively. Raids on private houses for arms numbered 11, as against 6 in the previous week. Arrests for outrages and political offences amounted to 87, the previous week's figure being 58. There were during the week 77 trials of civilians by Courtmartial, and 70 convictions. Sentences of penal servitude for outrages varied from ten to three years in five cases for armed attacks on military and police, and imprisonment with hard labour in 45 cases.

RECRUITING FIGURES.

The week's recruiting figures for the Royal Irish Constabulary were highly satisfactory. They showed a considerable increase in the number of recruits forthcoming from Ireland itself. Taken in connection with the decreased number of resignations, the figures afford evidence of an improved state of the force. The net increase during the week was 212 for the Royal Irish Constabulary and 76 for the auxiliary division.

There were 26 further cases of refusal on the part of railway employes to work trains containing military or police, and 24 guards, four drivers, and one goods checker were suspended.

A COMPULSORY HOLIDAY IN ROSCOMMON.

Notice was given to shopkeepers and to the public offices in Roscommon by poster that they should close their houses on Tuesday last as a mark of respect to the four policemen who lost their lives in the ambush at Four-Mile-House about a fortnight ago. The notice was religiously observed throughout the town, and no business of any kind was transacted during the day.

THE ENGLISH PRINTING DISPUTE.

The Press Association learns that representatives of the Federation of the Master Printers' and Newspaper Proprietors' Associations met representatives of the Typographical Association yesterday, when a settlement of the wages dispute was reached. The terms were communicated in the following official statement made by Mr. A. E. Goodwin, Secretary to the Federation of Master Printers:—The employers agreed to recommend their constituents to grant an increase of 5s. per week to all adult members of the Typographical Association in all grades of towns, this increase to come into force on the first pay day following Monday, November 15th. After ratification by both sides, the Typographical Association will submit this offer to a ballot of their members as early as possible.

The Press Association is informed that the Typographical Association Executive have agreed to recommend the acceptance of these terms.

ARMED MEN IN MOTOR CARS.

POLICE PATROL FIRED AT

Five constables were escorting a mail car when they were fired upon yesterday at Templemartin, near Athenry, by a party of men occupying two motor cars. There were no casualties.

SINN FEIN COURT SURPRISED.

THE COAL SITUATION.

MANY MEN BACK TO WORK.

EXTREMISTS' ACTION IN SCOTLAND.

Many coal pits in Sunderland district resumed working last night.

A mass meeting at Leigh, Lancashire, yesterday unanimously adopted a resolution declaring that the National Executive had been guilty of a betrayal of the men, and called for its resignation.

A full turn-out of West Lothian miners is expected to-day. A sprinkling of Fifeshire men resumed yesterday.

North Wales colliers returned to work at all the pits. About 50 Scottish miners, who had forbidden them, absented themselves as a protest against the executive's decision in face of the ballot.

At Hamilton last night a large crowd of young extremists dissatisfied with the settlement raided the offices of the Miners' Union, and demanded to see the leaders. Police were sent to Glasgow. The crowd took possession of the premises, and were ejected by the police with drawn batons. Several baton charges took place before the street was cleared.

The Bristol miners presented themselves yesterday, but were not permitted to resume. They complained that they had not received any instructions from the Government or the Mining Association. They telegraphed inquiries.

EMERGENCY ORDER WITHDRAWN

The Secretary for Mines has issued a notice, stating that the state of emergency, as contemplated by section 1 of the Coal (Emergency) Order, 1920, has ceased, and that as from yesterday terms and provisions of the order shall cease to have effect.

RAILWAY RATES AND FARES TO BE INCREASED.

Replying to Major Glynn in the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Neal said that the Minister

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PROVINCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

CRIMEAN VETERAN'S DEATH.—An old soldier of the Crimean period, Mr. W. Byrne, of Darling street, Enniskillen, was buried yesterday. He was found in his shop room dead from heart disease. He had been shops inspector in the town, and carried on a boot repairing business.

COUNTY COURT JUDGE AND UNDEFENDED CLAIMS.—In allowing a number of claims for malicious injury at Roscommon Quarter Sessions, County Court Judge Blakely commented strongly on the absence of counsel for the ratepayers. He was aware that in many cases the amounts allowed were larger than they otherwise would have been had the ratepayers been represented. This was a stupid action on the part of these public bodies.

COMPENSATION AWARDS IN CORK.—At the Cork Quarter Sessions yesterday the Recorder granted £1,450 compensation to Messrs. Cash and Co., Patrick street, Cork, for malicious damage to their drapery establishment last September by a band of raiders. County-Inspector Craig was awarded £580 compensation for injury sustained in the County Club on the occasion of the shooting of Divisional-Commissioner Smyth in the County Club, Cork, last July.

ASSISTANT CLERKS (ABSTRACTORS).

Exam. announced (for 27th Jan.

Last exam., July, 1920. Successful from SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin:—Messrs. Sullivan, Waterson, Butler, Cody, Grattan, Grimes, Gummer, Hargraves, Smith, MacGuinness, Matthews, Greally, C. M. Ryan, Glass, McCarthy, Lavan, O'Toole, Smyth, S. P. Ryan, Wale, McGeeenan, and Lyons, 22 OF THE 25 DUBLIN SUCCESSES. BEST IRISH RESULT.—(Advt.)

Books of the Week.

THE TRAGEDY OF THE ROMANOVS.

The outbreak of revolution in Russia and the Tsar's last days seemed only minor incidents in the all-embracing cataclysm of the great war. Accurate information as to the course of events was hard to obtain, and, by reason of its inadequate presentment to the British public, the case of the Romanovs was misjudged. But there is no longer any excuse for denying them justice. The Special Correspondent of *The Times*, Mr. Robert Wilton, has given to the world the true story, and those who read it, as now published in book form, will find that no comment could enhance its poignancy or add to its significance. The depositions set forth in the second part of the volume need, and give chapter and verse for, Mr. Wilton's narrative. The publication, as a whole, presents an account, both vivid and authentic, of a great human tragedy—the greatest in history since the fall of Louis XVI. of France.

Mr. Wilton is bound to gain in public confidence by his relation of the circumstances which placed in his possession the complete history and documents regarding the fate of the Romanovs. As a journalist he followed the fortunes of General Dieterichs, when in command of the armies who were fighting the Bolsheviks with British and Allied assistance. The General had long realised the enormous importance of the Tsar case—an importance which was shown by the deliberate obliteration by the Reds of all traces of the murder of the Tsar and his family. At Ekaterinburg Mr. Wilton got into touch with the investigating magistrate appointed by the Koltchak Government to conduct the inquiry—Nicholas Alexeievitch Sokolov. Mr. Wilton was given charge of one dossier, and left free to make use of it in certain contingencies. Sokolov had never faltered, and, thanks to him, an overwhelming mass of evidence was built up, whence the grim facts emerged. "At Ekaterinburg, on the night of July 16th, 1918, the Imperial Family and their faithful attendants—seventeen persons in all—were led into a small room in the house where they had been imprisoned, and shot to death with revolvers. There had been no trial of any kind. Before their death the captives were subjected to ill-treatment amounting to torture, mental if not physical. After death the bodies were taken to the woods and completely destroyed. These acts had been premeditated and the murders elaborately prepared."

In the early days of the Revolution the Allied public received an impression, industriously spread by German propaganda, that the downfall of the Romanovs meant the downfall of pro-German influence at Petrograd. Let the revolutionary chieftain, Kirbiss-Kerensky, answer the charge. "*Tzar chist*" (the Tsar is clean) he declared, after overhauling the private papers. In the suppressed order of the day in which Nicholas, on his abdication, attempted to bid goodbye to his soldiers, he proclaimed his unshaken loyalty to the sacred cause of Russia, and besought them never to lay down their arms to Germany.

Mr. Wilton shows that Alexandra also was misjudged. She was, owing to a hysterical temperament, the complete dupe of Rasputin, but she was guiltless of treachery to Russia. It was Rasputin who was the traitor. His daughter and her husband are known to have been acquainted with one of the secret agents of Germany, and other doubtful personages were around him. He it was who was against the war with Germany. "She is too strong. We must be friends." But, more than this, it is pointed out that "he served the German interest in a more subtle and redoubtable manner. His very existence was bringing about the collapse of Russia by destroying the faith of the people in the Tsar." The writings on the walls of Ipatiev's ill-fated house at Ekaterinburg showed how the conscience of the people had been revolted by the Rasputin scandal.

If German influences poisoned the minds of Europe against the Imperial family, they were no less active in connection with the actual crime. Of the twelve murderers seven were Letts, apparently German-Magyars. As Mr. Wilton remarks, the Red Tsar and the Red Kaiser were in accord. The connection is illustrated by the case of Yurovsky, chief jailer and one of the murderers. He had been a watchmaker at Tomsk, scarcely able to make ends meet. Before the war he disappeared. He is next heard of at Ekaterinburg as a photographic dealer. It leaked out that he had been to Berlin and become possessed of some capital. When the Bolsheviks seized the Government Yurovsky became one of their local agents. "At a time when he was seeking any and every means of advancement, Yurovsky had been baptised into the Lutheran Church. He used to attend prayers in Ipatiev's house. He even chatted pleasantly with the sick boy Alexis (the Tsarevich), whom, a few days later, he shot with his own hand."

The progress of events in Russia is not watched generally with the interest which their importance demands. Our recent commitments in that country were undoubtedly unpopular. Yet behind them lay the sound conviction that there will be no true peace while Russia lies sick, either a prey to the ambition of a revived *Mittel-Europa* or of a recruiting ground for the world-be destroyers of all organised government. The overthrow of Tsardom means also the overthrow of Russian Christianity, of which the Tsar was the head. Even those minds which set in great store by the enlightenment of that Church could not regard the existing alternative as an improvement. Moreover, the fallacy that Bolshevism spells an ascendancy of Labour has also been exposed. Mr. Wilton's labours have placed in their true perspective a series of events, the bearing of which is world-wide. Russia must either be brought back to new life or the rest of the world will suffer by her infection. Such is the lesson which may be learned by all who read of the innocence and helplessness of the Imperial family and "the deep damnation of their taking-off."

"The Last Days of the Romanovs." Part I. By Robert Wilton. Part II. The Depositions of Eye-Witnesses. London: Thornton Butterworth. 15/- net.

ADAM OF DUBLIN.

Adam of Dublin is a delightful youngster. There are few more interesting types of precocious childhood than the Dublin newsboy, and Mr. Conal O'Riordan has drawn a vivid picture of his hero's early efforts to earn a precarious livelihood—officially, by the sale of papers, but largely by the exercise of his nimble wits. Adam is a denizen of that mysterious region which provides a squalid setting for the Pro-Cathedral. There are doubts about his parentage—and, unfortunately, Mr. O'Riordan cannot resist the temptation of a little melodrama by hinting darkly at noble birth. Yet Adam has a father and a mother—the former a sot, the latter something worse—and in his portrayal of the thirsty Macfadden Mr. O'Riordan gives us a piece of characterisation which stamps him as a novelist of real talent. We shall not spoil our reader's enjoyment of "Adam of Dublin" by describing its plot. It is crude in many ways; it lacks consistency, and in the end the author leaves his reader hanging in mid-air. Nevertheless, the book is full of convincing realism—Mr. O'Riordan knows what he is writing about—and is alive with the elusive spirit of Dublin's genius.

Several excellent characters emerge from a tale that is told with affectionate impartiality. Father Innocent Feeley, Mentor of our young Telemachus, is a beautiful soul. His simple piety compels admiration, and the selflessness of his life and conduct almost raises him from the sphere of earthly things. His finds his antithesis in Father Tudor, Prefect of Studies in Adam's school: a *deus ex machina*, one of Mr. O'Riordan's weaknesses, has provided the little ragamuffin with a liberal allowance for educational purposes. Father Tudor is a bully. The excuse for his brutality is that he was mad, but he is a great man for getting his pupils through the Intermediate. The contrast between the two priests is well developed. Young Adam, steeped in Roman Catholic piety, adores the one and hates the other. His rebellion against Father Tudor, while it is realism is so stark as to repel the squeamish reader, is very human, and adds greatly to the attractiveness of the boy.

When Adam becomes civilised he loses much of his charm and treads the path of Compton Mackenzie. A Dublin echo of Michael in Sinister street cannot be convincing, and one feels that Mr. O'Riordan is experimenting. The first half of the book, however, might easily stand alone. It is not polished, but it is not pretentious; it is rough, but real. Possibly the most charming chapters are those which describe Adam's illness and convalescence in the Mater Hospital and at a Convalescent Home near Bray. Here is a little excerpt which gives an idea of Mr. O'Riordan's vivid style. Adam's godmother, Miss or Mrs. Robinson (the prefix was not certain) had died. Father Innocent had asked him to pray for her, and he went to sleep pondering the mystery of the soul's departure.

"But in the middle of the night he awoke with a vibrant desire at all costs to help Miss or Mrs. Robinson. At the end of the ward he could see the Sister nodding over the 'Life of the Curé d'Ars.' . . . In perfect silence he slipped out of bed and dropped on his knees, and the words Father Innocent had taught him came flooding now. 'Be good to my godmother, Emily Robinson, for she was good to me, a little child there were few to care for.' He repeated this phrase again and again with an ever-growing fervour for the safety of his godmother's soul; but still he was not sure that God heard. Then an inspiration seized him, and he cried aloud—'Holy Mary, tell God that He must be good to Emily Robinson, for she was good to me, a little child. . . .' The next instant he was in the Sister's arms, and back in bed, but she was too late to save him from pneumonia."

Adam of Dublin is a lad with whom personal acquaintance is essential. Whether selling out-of-date newspapers outside the Gresham Hotel, visiting the Botanic Gardens in company with Father Innocent, dreaming on the steps of the Custom House, or getting initiated into the mysteries of his first bath, Adam is always human and he is always Irish. Mr. O'Riordan has written a very charming book.

"Adam of Dublin." By Conal O'Riordan. London: Collins. 9/-.

POLITICAL CHARACTERS.

"The Mirrors of Downing Street" are wiped by an anonymous author with what he claims to be a clean duster. His claim deserves to be allowed, for it is manifest that he has been in No. 10 Downing street and has himself looked into the faces reflected by the mirrors. He has his likes and his dislikes, and both are very marked, indeed. He likes Lord Haldane, Lord Carnock, who is better known as Sir Arthur Nicolson; Lord Fisher, and Lord Inverforth. On the other hand, he dislikes Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Asquith, Mr. Balfour, and Lord Kitchener. There is a touch in all the sketches which reminds us of the handiwork of Mr. Lytton Strachey. Both are brilliant, but while this anonymous author admires some men, Mr. Strachey—with the dubious exception of Cardinal Newman—admires none. Here and there the insight of the author seems to be at fault. The characterisation of Mr. A. J. Balfour is piercing, but is it really true that he is "the most egotistical of men"? It is easy to quote the saying of George Wyndham that "he (Mr. Balfour) knows there's been one Ice Age, and he thinks there's going to be another." The author has to meet the fact that Mr. Balfour succeeded in inspiring his intimates with real devotion. We do not believe for one moment that "the most egotistical of men" succeed in inspiring such devotion.

It is a long time since we read a book which is destined to run to so many editions as "The Mirrors of Downing Street," and it is eminently quotable. We give one extract when we feel tempted to give many: "There are some natures to whom easy-going means a descent. There are some men, and those the strongest sons of nature, for whom the kindest commandment is, 'uphill all the way.' Mr. Asquith, both by inheritance and temperament, was designed for a strenuous life, a strenuous moral life. He was never intended for anything in the nature of a *flaneur*. If he had followed his star, if he had rigorously pursued the path marked out for him by tradition and his own earliest propensities, he might have been an unpleasant person for a young ladies' tea-party and an unsympathetic person to a gathering of decadent artists—he might, indeed, have become as heavy as Cromwell and as inhuman as Milton—but he would never have fallen from Olympus with the lightness of thistledown."

"The Mirrors of Downing Street." London: Mills and Boon. 6/- net.

AFTER-DINNER STORIES.

There is something brutal in the idea of collecting after-dinner stories and arranging in order sallies that derive their charm from unexpected spontaneity. The ideal after-dinner story is one which delights a merry company as they "wreathe the wine bowl"; it needs the thyrsus to wake it to pulsating life. Mr. Robey, in a cold and passionless way, tabulates and sets out stories under various heads. It is like looking at the banqueting hall on the morning after the feast—the chairs lie about in disorder; the cloth, soiled by wine, shows up under the blatant sun, and the odour of stale cigars fills the air.

Yet, though Mr. Robey's book fails to inspire us when we read it in the sober daylight, it will prove a boon to the young man who has to propose his first toast at a public dinner. How many times have we seen him sit through a splendid banquet with the glum look of a Borgia, while he fumbles furtively a piece of paper. To such a man Mr. Robey's book will come as a long-desired blessing. Here he will find stories to suit every *milieu* from the local cricket dinner to the meeting of the temperance club. Mr. Robey is most successful in the section dealing with his own profession, though some of the stories are by now very tough old chestnuts." The Scottish stories are amusing, and contain many new shafts that are awaiting their first laugh.

"After-Dinner Stories." By George Robey. London: Grant Richards. 6/- net.

RECENT FICTION.

"George Birmingham," having been accepted as one of our leading humorists, must be allowed a "generous measure" (as we say of Home Rule) of latitude, and we receive, therefore, even his playful allusions to such a vexed question as th. Irish one with tolerance. Moreover, like most humorists, he displays a refreshing perspicacity in observing everyday people and things. The simultaneous invasion of Inishenny, the island in the West where the Flanagans flourish, by a professor in search of a "crannog," and the local D.I., suspicious of hidden arms, leads to a game of cross purposes. The professor's pretty daughter and the respectable parish clergyman find themselves entangled in a plot to evade the law. The D.I., though a Sassenach, is a sport, however, and well able to hold his own against native wit. The whole forms an excellent and tactfully handled comedy of Irish life—from an onlooker's standpoint. We conclude with a sentiment from Mr. Birmingham's pages that may strike the reader as being applicable:—"Trinity College, Dublin, the birthplace of many statesmen and a university, but no one who has really shared the spirit of the place ever becomes either an Intellectual or a Revolutionary."

"Inishenny." By George A. Birmingham. Methuen. 8/6 net.

If Charlotte Redhead and John Roden Conway had not gone together with an ambulance to the war zone she never would have found him out. There would, indeed, have been no disagreeable discovery to make. John, a happy toiler on the Warwickshire land, idealist and dreamer, is of finer clay than the woman, whose wit has been blunted by contact with gross and material things, and who had the sordid experience of Gibson Herbert in her life. But war has its different standards from peace by which to test and appraise humanity. The tragedy of it is that John could not have known himself. An ardent volunteer, he could not have dreamt that, under fire, his own safety would be paramount importance rather than that of the shattered soldiers whom he has gone out to succour. Miss Sinclair's realism is implacable, and amid all the horror and bustle of the slow drive of Charlotte's love there goes on, a tragical undercurrent. John is killed, degraded in the eyes of the few who know; and Charlotte is still wondering, still excusing, but no longer, alas! loving.

"The Romantic." By May Sinclair. Collins. 9/- net.

There is something uncanny in murders committed by a one-armed ruffian with the steel hook that replaces the missing limb. However, Mr. Jeffery Farnol has given us such thrills a pleasant by way of compensation. The main theme is one of vengeance—an oath taken by a despairing young man against the destroyer of his family and the spoiler of his goods. But Martin Conisby is confronted with a very real love for his enemy's daughter, and the book closes on the oath still unfulfilled. Mr. Farnol would be untrue to himself if chivalry and knight-errantry did not play an important part in the story. We were not surprised, therefore, to find the very perfect gentleman and his very delightful lady living for a brief space on an otherwise uninhabited island. As neither the romance nor his love-making attained fulfilment, we await the story that is yet to be told.

"Black Barlemy's Treasure." By Jeffery Farnol. Sampson Low. 7/6 net.

"But in the middle of the night he awoke with a vibrant desire at all costs to help Miss or Mrs. Robinson. At the end of the ward he could see the Sister nodding over the 'Life of the Curé d'Ars.' . . . In perfect silence he slipped out of bed and dropped on his knees, and the words Father Innocent had taught him came flooding now. 'Be good to my godmother, Emily Robinson, for she was good to me, a little child there were few to care for.' He repeated this phrase again and again with an ever-growing fervour for the safety of his godmother's soul; but still he was not sure that God heard. Then an inspiration seized him, and he cried aloud—'Holy Mary, tell God that He must be good to Emily Robinson, for she was good to me, a little child. . . .' The next instant he was in the Sister's arms, and back in bed, but she was too late to save him from pneumonia."

This thrilling tale contains a beautiful damsel in distress, a hot-headed, would-be rescuer, and, of course, the villain. The last is not of the deepest dye, however—merely a self-seeker. He is offered five thousand pounds to see that the young man to whom he has acted as bear-leader marries a certain lady of his own rank, chosen for him by his parents; and, as a preliminary, he is obliged to come between Fennes and the woman to whom he has given his love. The story opens well, and we are absorbed in the affairs of Fennes and Madeline, when the author switches us ahead twenty-five years or so, and we find ourselves concerned with the next generation, the daughter of Fennes and the son of the villain. These young people are, perhaps, not quite so interesting as their parents.

"The Voice of the Merry-Go-Round." By Alan J. Thompson. Sampson Low. 7/6 net.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Art.

THE ART COLLECTIONS OF THE NATION: SOME RECENT ACQUISITIONS. Edited by Geoffrey Holme. London: The Studio. 10/6 net.

Biography.

FRANCIS AND RICHARDSDALE HERVEPELL. By John Buchan. London: Nelson. 15/- net.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF SIR CHARLES A. CAMERON. Dublin: Hodges, Figgis. 7/6 net.

THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF MARGOT ASQUITH. London: Butterworth. 25/- net.

Fiction.

PEGGY'S LAST TERM. By Ethel Talbot. Nelson. 6/- net.

ARTHUR PICE'S SACRIFICE. By Gilbert Jessop. Nelson. 6/- net.

THE HUNTED MAN. By Harold Begbie. Books, Ltd. 6/- net.

PAN. By Knut Hamsun. Gyldendal. 7/6 net.

WITTENBRAKE. By Archibald Marshall. Hodder and Stoughton. 3/6 net.

History.

A SHORT HISTORY OF THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH: THE ISLANDS AND THE FIRST EMPIRE. By Professor Ramsay Muir. London: Philip. Vol. I. 17/6 net.

THINGS WORTH MAKING. By Archibald Williams. London: Nelson. 6/- net.

THE MONOCOTS KNOWN TO THE CHILDREN. By Captain Ellison Hawks. London: Stack. 4/- net.

NAMOOR: LAND POLICE. By "Dalia." Dublin: The Talbot Press. 6/- net.

THE NIGHT HAUNTS OF LONDON. By Sydney A. Moseley. Stanley Paul. 3/6 net.

LETTERS TO YOUNG SPORTSMEN ON HUNTING, ANGLING, AND SHOOTING. By Lieutenant-Colonel J. MacKillop and the Hon. Douglas Jardine. London: *Country Life*. 6/- net.

THE PRACTICE AND THEORY OF BOLSHEVISM. By Bertrand Russell. London: Allen and Unwin. 6/- net.

THE GARDEN DOCTOR. By F. J. Chittenden. London: *Country Life*. 7/6 net.

INCOME TAX SIMPLIFIED. By Arthur Fieldhouse and Ewart Fieldhouse. London: Simpkin, Marshall. 1/6 net.

New Editions.

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED KINGDOM. By Albert E. Hogan, LL.D. London: The University Tutorial Press. 4/6 net.

FORTY DAYS IN 1914. By Major-General Sir Frederick Maurice, K.C.M.G., C.B. London: Constable. 21/- net.

HAMLET. Edited by an Examiner under the Board of Intermediate Education. Dublin: Gill. 2/6 net.

Verse.

EDELWEISS AND ALPROSE, AND OTHER POEMS. By Ida Sinclair. New York: The Beacon Bookshop. 50 cents. net.

SOLDIER PASSENGERS REFUSED AT LIMERICK.

A goods train from Limerick to Tralee was temporarily held up at Limerick yesterday morning. A consignment of military property was in the train for Rathkeale, and an armed military escort entered a carriage. The guard refused to proceed, and the military withdrew. The train subsequently left.

CONDITION OF CORK HUNGER-STRIKERS.

Our Cork Correspondent telegraphs:—Notwithstanding their very critical condition the friends of the Cork hunger-strikers believe that, if released now, they would all recover. O'Reilly suffers from pains in the legs, and had only two hours' sleep during the night. Bourke, Donovan, Hennessy, Kenny, and Upton are also very weak.

THE LATE MR. PERCY FRENCH'S DRAWINGS.

The numerous admirers of Mr. Percy French's water-colour pictures will be glad to hear that there will be an exhibition of his drawings at the Hall, 35 Dawson street, Dublin, from Monday the 22nd inst., for a fortnight. In addition to his well-known hop pictures, there will be numerous sketches which he made abroad, in the West Indies and America, in Switzerland and Flanders.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE IRISH RAILWAYS.

The Shareholders' Point of View.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—We are directed by the Executive Committee of the Irish Railway Stockholders' Protection Association, Ltd. (which represents over 6,000 shareholders) to ask you kindly to publish the following explanation of the present position of the Irish railway question and of the attitude taken up by this Association to safeguard the interests of shareholders.

Very little interest seems to be taken in the South and West of Ireland in the Government of Ireland Bill, 1920, which is, however, likely to reach the Statute Book; but we understand that the Government have accepted certain amendments which provide—

(a) that the Irish railway companies will not in any event be handed over to the Irish Council before 15th August, 1921, when Government control ceases, so that the Government guarantee would remain unimpaired till then;

(b) that the right of the Irish railway companies to impose the increased rates for eighteen months after 15th August, 1921, will be protected.

It is believed that the Government Bill dealing with the future of the railways will be tabled this session, but it will probably be confined to the railways of Great Britain, as it is likely to be based upon the "outlines of proposals as to the future organisation of transport undertakings in Great Britain and their relation to the State" (Cmd. 787), in which the only reference to Ireland is as following:—"The Irish railways naturally fall to be dealt with under the new legislation in regard to Ireland." In other words, the pending bill may not attempt to provide a solution of the Irish railway problem.

It is imperatively necessary that Irish railway shareholders should, in their own interests, immediately combine with all the resources at their disposal to urge the Minister of Transport to deal with the Irish railways at the same time as the British railways, and to effect a settlement of the question before any Government of Ireland Bill can become operative. The reason for this contention is that, if matters are left open for settlement under the provisions of the Government of Ireland Bill, it is quite impossible to foresee the position in which the shareholders will then find themselves placed.

In any event it is felt that the Government must assume responsibility for the effect on the Irish railways of bringing the wages rates in Ireland up to the British level, as this is essentially a Government liability which should be dealt with apart altogether from any question as to the form of Irish government.

The possibility that on any plea the Government might withhold payments due to the Irish railways in connection with the Government control of the railways is one which the Executive Committee must decline to believe for a single moment, since it would obviously involve a breach of the arrangement which was made with the Irish railways when they were taken over by the Government on 1st January, 1917. This arrangement, broadly speaking, obliges the Government in each year to make up to the Irish railways the net revenue of the standard year 1913, and, we understand, is binding upon the Government up to the date of the cessation of Government control—unless, of course, a special Act of Parliament were introduced to vary the arrangement as regards the Irish railways.

Various other matters which affect the interests of Irish railway shareholders receive the constant attention of the Executive Committee, who always keep in view the special problems of the Irish railways as distinct from those of Great Britain. These special problems were referred to in a memorandum which was handed in on behalf of the representatives of this Association at the conference between Sir Eric Geddes and the Central Council of Railway Stockholders' Protection Associations on 20th July last.

It is believed that a further meeting between the Minister of Transport and the Central Council of Railway Stockholders' Protection Associations will shortly be arranged, when the representatives of this Association will again emphasise the special features of the Irish case, and once more suggest certain lines of action which in this case can be fairly and adequately met.—Yours, etc.,

JOHN MACRIE and Co., Secretaries,
Irish Railway Stockholders' Protection Association, Limited, 39 Nassau street, Dublin, November 4th, 1920.

THE NEW PRESIDENT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

MONSIEUR,—Dans votre bel article sur les élections présidentielles vous avez mis très joliment adage précieux à cause de sa crudité naïve: "Charité bien ordonnée commence par soi-même."

A cette proverbiale erreur qui résume cyniquement la philosophie des faits sous le règne de l'individualisme et de la liberté contenue, la solidarité nouvelle substituerait volontiers cette autre formule: "Charité bien ordonnée commence par les autres." L'expérience démontre en effet, après la conscience, que les intérêts généraux, loin d'être opposés aux intérêts personnels, en sont au contraire les satellites, les auxiliaires. Ce que l'individu fait pour la société retourne à l'individu, avec accroissement de bénéfices. La solidarité est l'organisation même de la Providence.

Le sage Solon avait presenti la loi de la solidarité. On lui demandait quel était le meilleur gouvernement? Il répondit: "C'est celui où l'injure d'un seul est l'injure de tous." Ce que Solon disait d'un gouvernement, nous pouvons le dire maintenant à toute l'humanité, et c'est la leçon que M. le Dr. Woodrow Wilson a voulu donner à ses compatriotes et au monde. La civilisation n'aura réalisé son idéal—c'est à dire, le bonheur du genre humain—que quand le principe de la solidarité aura regénéré nos rapports sociaux. C'est vers ce but que marche le progrès depuis l'origine du monde; la philosophie positive n'est que cela.—Recevez, monsieur, etc.,

GUILOAULT.

53 Lesson Park, Dublin,
November 4th, 1920.

CLERICAL INCOMES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—If your correspondent "Justice" had consulted the higher principles of Christian ethics, I think he would have hesitated before he wrote his letter on clerical incomes, and certainly he would not have signed it "Justice." Surely it is only common justice that a clergyman, no matter what his private means may be, should receive a living wage for his services rendered. Is it strictly honest to say "I am going to save my pocket at the expense of my rector, who ministers to me the Word and the Sacraments"? When I am ordering a suit from my tailor would it be just if I were to say to him: "Come now, you are a man of private means; I am, therefore, going to give you only £3 instead of the £8 you ask"? St. Paul teaches that all debts—our debts to God's Church no less than those to tradesmen, etc.—should be discharged. "Owe no man anything."—Yours, etc.,

"TRUE JUSTICE."

Co. Dublin, November 4th, 1920.

THE ARMENIANS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—There was a rumour mentioned in your issue of the 2nd inst. of a further massacre of Armenians. Ten thousand were mentioned. I trust that this is an exaggeration, but there is no doubt that the Armenians in Turkey and on the border of Russia are in a very sad plight. A letter from Adana sent me from the "Friend of Armenia" often tells of cannon-firing outside the city every day and of total insecurity. The refugees in Adana from the deportations during the war were afraid to go into the country to cultivate their fields and vineyards. The letter was from Miss Davies, a missionary lady, who had returned to do hospital work at Adana, and who asks for prayer for these suffering people.

I have made no appeals for the Armenians in your columns for some time past, but I am always glad and ready to receive contributions, either for the "Friends of Armenia" or for the Lord Mayor of London's Fund for Armenian refugees.—Yours, etc.,

B. R. BALFOUR.

Townley Hall, Drogheda,
November 4th, 1920.

SUICIDE AT NORTH WALL.

RAILWAY EMPLOYE SHOOTS HIMSELF.

A painful scene was witnessed at North Wall shortly after one o'clock yesterday, when John McClory, aged 38 years, who was employed as a fireman by the London and North-Western Railway Company, shot himself in the temple. He died in Jervis street Hospital about two hours afterwards.

It will be remembered that on Tuesday night last a young woman named Harriet Butler was shot and seriously wounded in Purdon street. Her assailant escaped, but it was stated that he was known in the locality, and the police immediately commenced investigations. Yesterday three members of the police force, accompanied by two women, went to the Cattle Market for the purpose of arresting the wanted man, the women undertaking to identify him. It was thought that he was employed at these markets, but no man answering his description was found there. The party then went to the premises of the London and North-Western Railway Co., and on the platform the women pointed out McClory as the man who was alleged to have shot Harriet Butler. As the police were about to arrest him McClory observed their approach, and the woman who were with them, and drawing a revolver he shot himself through the brain. The Corporation ambulance received a call at 1.27 p.m., and took the man to Jervis street Hospital, where it was found that his case was hopeless, and he died before 3.30 p.m.

Fashionable Intelligence

The King and Queen of Spain, whose arrival in England has been anticipated for some days, have at last set the time for their departure from Madrid. With the little Prince Don Jaime, they will leave Madrid next Monday evening, will spend Tuesday in Paris, and are expected to arrive in London on Wednesday.

The American Ambassador and Mrs. Davis sailed from New York on Tuesday in the Aquitania on their return to England.

The Duke of Richmond and his brother, Lord Algernon Gordon-Lennox, will remain at Gordon Castle, Morayshire, until the end of this month.

The Earl and Countess of Northbrook have arrived in London from Micheldever.

Viscount and Viscountess Galway have arrived at Serlby Hall, Bawtry, where they will be for some weeks.

Sir Hugo and Lady Fitzherbert have arrived in London from Tissington Hall, Ashbourne.

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place quietly in Rathmines Parish Church on Wednesday, 10th inst., between William M. O'Grady, B.L. (who is leaving immediately to take up his duties as a Magistrate in the Tanganyika Territory), second son of Mr. and Mrs. O'Grady, of Corbally, Grosvenor road, and Ruth, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hatte, of Kington, Cowper road.

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place early next month, between Lieutenant Duncan Francis Claude McAlpin, Indian Army, only son of Mr. and Mrs. F. D. McAlpin, of Bombay, to Margaret Mary Maguire, youngest daughter of Thomas Joseph Maguire and Mrs. Louisa Agnes Maguire, of Clara Villa, 31 Claremont road, Sandymount, Co. Dublin.

Dr. F. J. Smyth has changed his residence from 8 Upper Fitzwilliam street to 26 Lower Fitzwilliam street.

Mr. S. Friel has returned to 3 Fitzwilliam place.

WEDDING OF LADY MAUREEN STEWART AND THE HON. O. STANLEY.

The marriage of Lady Maureen Stewart, third and only Londonderry's eldest daughter, to the Hon. Oliver Stanley, Lord Derby's second son, was solemnised in Durham Cathedral yesterday. There was an enormous congregation. The bride, a radiant figure, entered the south-west door leaning upon the arm of her father, and passed along the nave, with its crimson carpet, to the choir steps where the bridegroom awaited her. She wore a gown of ivory soft crepe satin, embroidered in silver, with a design in violets. A full Court train hung from her shoulders, and a mass of violets adorned the bottom of the train, trailing at into small sprays. The bridesmaids included Lady Mary Fox Strangways, the Hon. Agatha Beaumont, and Lady Margaret and Lady Helen Stewart, sisters of the bride. They wore dresses of blue shot taffeta, and carried bunches of violets with silver ribbons. The best man was Captain T. Fairfax Rose, of the Rifle Brigade.

The Provost of Trinity College, Dublin, and Bishop Welldon officiated. The choir chanted the Psalm, "God be merciful," and "Perfect Love" and "O, Jesus, I have Promised."

After signing the register in the chapter House, the Hon. O. and Lady Maureen Stanley re-entered the Cathedral, and passed out by the north door. The bridal party left later by Springfield, Oakham, the residence of the bride's father, for the honeymoon.

There were very many presents, among those to the bride being:—Their Majesties the King and Queen, diamond and sapphire bracelet; Their Royal Highnesses Princess Mary, Prince Henry, and Prince Albert, inlaid Sheraton table; Princess Helena Victoria, paper knife; Marquis of Londonderry, diamond hair band, with aquamarine centre, and household linen.

A new range of good wearing Coloured Umbrellas, gilt-tipped frames, large Malacca crooks, navy and green, 37s. 6d.—Switzer and Co., Ltd., Grafton street.

Fur Sale—10 per cent. (2s. in the £) off our Entire Stock of Furs and Fur Coats, Wraps, Stoles, Caps, Toques, Ties, and Pelerines, for this week only.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 George's street.

Campbell and Strahan, Ltd., Ladies' Tailors, are showing new and Distinctive Models at 11 Wicklow street.

Balthill Hotel—Winter terms on application.

Arrival of charming new wraps, coatfrocks, and evening gowns. Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton st.

Arrivals at Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamers.—Doctor Dunlop, M.D., L.A.; Rev. C. Crawford Irwin, B.D.; Lady Athlumney, Captain Davies, Miss Morres, Miss Davies, and Mrs. Captain and Mrs. Denniswood, Doctor Sayers, Colonel and Mrs. Grace, Colonel Harry Boothe, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Cleave, W. L. B. Cochrane, Mrs. Cochrane, H. Dodd, Miss Dodd, Mrs. Edwards, J. C. Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. Friel, Mr.

CY C. ADAMS,

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t less cost than any other preparation.

USINESS NOTE
he Tablet form being particularly convenient for
rs, travellers, sportsmen, etc. It can be used any
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y suit or waistcoat pocket. Stores, etc. Prices 1/3, 3/- and 5/-
1/3 size.

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DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

PROFESSOR MACALISTER'S LECTURES.—On behalf of the funds of the Magdalen Asylum, Dublin, Dr. Macalister will lecture in the Molesworth Hall this evening on "Ireland in the Old Stone Age." The Right Hon. Sir John Ross, Bart., will take the chair at 8 o'clock.

COLLEGE CLASSICAL SOCIETY.—The opening meeting of the Trinity College Classical Society will take place this evening in the Graduates' Memorial Buildings, T.C.D., at 8 o'clock. Professor J. S. Phillimore, LL.D., of Glasgow, will read a paper on "Imperial and Advisory Law" in reading of Sergius's Eclogues." Speakers—Professor Gollgher and the official visitor, Mr. R. M. Ferguson. Dr. Purser, LL.D., will preside.

MARINELIFE, CLIFTON, Kingstown.—The annual Missionary meeting will be held this afternoon and evening in the Dalkey Hall, Adelaide street, Kingstown, from 3.30 to 5.30 and 7.30 to 9.30 o'clock. Addresses will be given by Brigadier-General Crosbie, C.M.G., D.S.O., Miss Cradwick (Uganda), and Miss Reed, B.S.A., who showed a number of slides. A lantern picture of Japan will be delivered in the evening by Mrs. Morton and Master Eustace Fannin. A lantern picture on

AUCTION TO-DAY AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK.
COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.
HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE, PIANOS.
IRON SAFE, CASH REGISTER, AND NUMEROUS OTHER LOTS.

Comprising:—Three Upright Iron Grand Cottage Pianos, by eminent makers (brilliant, sweet-toned instruments); Rosewood Inlaid Drawingroom Suite, covered in silk tapestry, hair-upholstered; two magnificent Mahogany Office Chairs, covered in Morocco; Oak Pedestal Writing Table, Fumed Oak Roll-top Desk, superior 7ft. Mahogany Glass-back Enclosed Sideboard, Mahogany Sheraton Bureau, two Pairs Heavy Silk Curtains, 12ft. Set of Mahogany Screw Dining Tables, Mahogany Dumb Waiter, 5ft. 6in. Mahogany Bookcase; two Drawingroom Suites—one Mahogany and one Walnut Frames; Grandfather Hall Clock, brass dial; Cash Register, 6ft. Chesterfield Hair-stuffed Diningroom Suite, in blue velvet, comprising Chesterfield, two Lounge Arm Chairs, and six Single Chairs, all mahogany frames; Burr Walnut Marble-top Cheffonier, Mahogany Falling-leaf Table; Piano Seats, with Music Enclosure; Inlaid Marble-top Cabinet, Oval and Round Tables, two Mahogany-framed Arm Chairs, lofty Gilt Overmantel Glasses, large Chesterfield and two Lounge Arm Chairs, in tapestry; Upholstered Occasional Drawingroom Chairs, six Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs, Console Tables and lofty Gilt-framed Wood-carved Over Glasses; Hand Sewing Machine, Dinner Service, Decorative and other China, Antique Mahogany Bureau, Singer Foot Sewing Machine, two 5ft. Walnut Glass-back Sideboards, Single Chesterfield, large Iron Safe, Walnut Coal Cabinet, Brass Fenders and Fire Brasses, Pictures and Paintings, two Automatic Cyclostyles; Parlour Suites, in tapestry and pegamoid; two Angle Hall Chairs, eight French Spoon-back Dining Chairs; Bedroom Furniture in variety, including six Suites, in Inlaid Mahogany, Satin Walnut, and Oak; Round-end Mahogany Chest of Drawers, two Scotch Chests of Drawers, Mahogany Duchesse Pair, Burr Walnut Cheval Dressing Chest, several Deal Wardrobes and Presses, Dressing Tables and Washstands, Toilet Glasses; All-Brass and Black and Brass Bedsteads, with good Wires and Pure Curled Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows; Bicycles, Mail Cars, Wheelbarrow, Kitchen and Deal Furniture in variety, Pots, Pans, and Saucepans; six Alarm Clocks, several Rolls of Linoleum, some Carpets, large Box Mangle, suitable for an Institution, cost £30; and numerous other lots. Auction commences at 12.30 o'clock. Pianos sold at 3.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

MACARTHUR & CO.'S SALES.
ORDER OF SALE:
TO-DAY (FRIDAY), ONE O'CLOCK.

6 DUGGAN PLACE, RATHMINES (POSSESSION).
47 ADELAIDE VILLAS (POSSESSION).
34 SHELBOURNE ROAD (POSSESSION).
21 AND 27 CROSTHWAITE PARK (POSSESSION).
5 TO 11 WOODVILLE TERRACE.
6 TO 9 WOODVILLE ROAD.
20 SHELBOURNE ROAD. PEMBROKE.
338, 340 NORTH CIRCULAR ROAD.
17 AND 18 ST. IGNATIUS AVENUE.
39 DENZILLE STREET.
54 AND 59 ST. IGNATIUS ROAD.
8 AND 9 LOWER EXCHANGE STREET.

AS HERETOFORE FULLY ADVERTISED.

MACARTHUR & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 79 TALBOT ST.

ON VIEW THIS DAY.
SALE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) AND MONDAY NEXT.
IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION OF
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Upright and Cottage Pianofortes, Carpets and Rugs, Antique Grandfather Clocks, Secretaire Bookcases, large Gilt Mirrors, a very fine Singer Treadle Sewing Machine; a beautiful Oval Mirror, in China Frame, with Figures in a Fine School Desk, 10ft.; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Bicycles, and other Valuable Effects, removed from several Residences in the City and Suburbs, for Convenience of Sale.

MESSRS. JAMES HILL and SON WILL SELL BY AUCTION, ON TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 6th inst. (CONTINUING ON MONDAY), IN THEIR WELL-KNOWN AUCTION ROOMS, 10, 11, and 12 BACHELOR'S WALK, THE SUPERIOR FURNITURE comprises principally: A very exceptional Dark Oak Sideboard, of fine manufacture, with fine Figure Carvings, mostly in Relief (it has a large Mirrored Back, with Cupboard and Drawers); several superior Mahogany Georgian and Victorian Sideboards, with and without Mirrored Backs; a large number of excellent Telescope Dining Tables, different sizes; massive Mahogany Cabinet Dinner Waggon; several Sets of massive Diningroom Chairs, with and without Carving Chairs; Diningroom Suites, Mahogany Bookcases; two Drawingroom Suites—one Mahogany and one Walnut Frames; Grandfather Hall Clock, brass dial; Cash Register, 6ft. Chesterfield Hair-stuffed Diningroom Suite, in blue velvet, comprising Chesterfield, two Lounge Arm Chairs, and six Single Chairs, all mahogany frames; Burr Walnut Marble-top Cheffonier, Mahogany Falling-leaf Table; Piano Seats, with Music Enclosure; Inlaid Marble-top Cabinet, Oval and Round Tables, two Mahogany-framed Arm Chairs, lofty Gilt Overmantel Glasses, large Chesterfield and two Lounge Arm Chairs, in tapestry; Upholstered Occasional Drawingroom Chairs, six Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs, Console Tables and lofty Gilt-framed Wood-carved Over Glasses; Hand Sewing Machine, Dinner Service, Decorative and other China, Antique Mahogany Bureau, Singer Foot Sewing Machine, two 5ft. Walnut Glass-back Sideboards, Single Chesterfield, large Iron Safe, Walnut Coal Cabinet, Brass Fenders and Fire Brasses, Pictures and Paintings, two Automatic Cyclostyles; Parlour Suites, in tapestry and pegamoid; two Angle Hall Chairs, eight French Spoon-back Dining Chairs; Bedroom Furniture in variety, including six Suites, in Inlaid Mahogany, Satin Walnut, and Oak; Round-end Mahogany Chest of Drawers, two Scotch Chests of Drawers, Mahogany Duchesse Pair, Burr Walnut Cheval Dressing Chest, several Deal Wardrobes and Presses, Dressing Tables and Washstands, Toilet Glasses; All-Brass and Black and Brass Bedsteads, with good Wires and Pure Curled Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows; Bicycles, Mail Cars, Wheelbarrow, Kitchen and Deal Furniture in variety, Pots, Pans, and Saucepans; six Alarm Clocks, several Rolls of Linoleum, some Carpets, large Box Mangle, suitable for an Institution, cost £30; and numerous other lots. Auction commences at 12.30 o'clock. Pianos sold at 3.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 10, 11, 12 Bachelor's Walk.

ELMPARK, KILLYLEA, CO. ARMAGH.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION OF
MANSION HOUSE AND LANDS.
HELD IN FEE-SIMPLE, FREE OF ALL RENT.

I have been favoured with instructions from M. V. BLACKER DOUGLAS, Esq., D.L., TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, ON MONDAY, 8TH NOVEMBER, 1920, AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON, THE SUPERIOR MANSION HOUSE AND LANDS OF ELMPARK, CONTAINING 262A. OR. 7P.

IF NOT SOLD IN ONE LOT, THE MANSION HOUSE WILL BE SOLD WITH ABOUT 90 ACRES OF LAND OR MORE, IF SO DESIRED, surrounding the house, with entrances from two roads. The Mansion is modern and magnificent, containing every accommodation, with farmyard, large cattle sheds, barn, shed (by Thompson, Wexford), oil engine, pump, garden, lodge, cottage, and gate lodge. The remainder of lots varying from 15 to 25 acres; also 6 acres of young orchard, as marked out, to the Great Northern Railway. All the lots are still to be Sold in fee simple, free of all rent.

Terms—One-fourth of purchase money to be paid at time of Sale, remainder on getting possession. Purchasers to pay 5% per cent. auctioneer's fees.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to

MESSRS. DARLEY, ORPEN, and SYNNOTT, Solicitors, 30 and 31 Kildare Street.

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13 PEMBROKE PARK.
CLYDE ROAD.
MODERN, NON-BASEMENT HOUSE.
WITH POSSESSION.

This attractive Semi-Detached Residence is choicely situated in a good residential district, and contains tiled entrance porch, large entrance hall, suitable for lounge; drawingroom with bay window, square diningroom, five excellent bedrooms, large maid's room, bathroom, with washdown hot basin; lavatory accommodation, tiled kitchen, scullery, larder, store room, electric light; garden front and rear, side and rear entrance, and large cycle shed. Held for about 150 years, subject to a ground rent of £10 per annum. P.L.V., £40. The House can be inspected on our order, from 3 to 5 o'clock.

R. W. MacNEICE, Esq., Solicitor, 12 Westmoreland street.

"IONA," NEWTOWNSMITH, KINGSTOWN.
AN ATTRACTIVE SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, ON THE SEA FRONT,
WITH POSSESSION TO PURCHASER.

A Semi-built, Non-basement, Double-fronted House, on the coast, facing Dublin Bay, and containing two reception rooms, five bedrooms, servant's room, hot bath, two W.C.s, two pantries, conservatory, stabling, modern sanitation, good garden. The entire exterior of the house was newly composed a few years ago. Copper boiler and cylinder. Large garden at rear. Held free of rent until May, 1923, and then subject to a rent of £22 per annum for a term of 99 years. P.L.V., £40.

THE HOUSE CAN BE INSPECTED DAILY ON ORDER TO VIEW FROM THE AUCTIONEERS, between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock, or at other times by appointment.

Messrs. H. and W. STANLEY, Solicitors, 59 Dawson street.

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3 LAWSON TERRACE, SANDYCOVE.

A FINE ROOMY HOUSE, FACING THE TRAM LINE, WITH LARGE GARDEN. POSSESSION TO PURCHASER.

Held for 854 years from 1920, subject to a rent of £20 per annum.

2 LAWSON TERRACE, SANDYCOVE.

A SOMEWHAT SMALLER HOUSE, GARDEN. POSSESSION.

Held for 834 years from 1920, subject to a rent of £15 per annum.

3 BAYSWATER TERRACE, SANDYCOVE.

One of these fine Houses, in excellent order, having been decorated about a year ago; three reception rooms, five bedrooms, servant's room, hot bath, large garden.

The position of the House is excellent, facing the tram line, the back windows commanding uninterrupted views of Dublin Bay. Held for an unexpired term of 44 years from 25th March, 1920, at a rent of £25 per annum.

Messrs. H. and W. STANLEY, Solicitors, 59 Dawson street.

SMALL MODERN HOUSE, WITH POSSESSION.

5 PARK VIEW TERRACE, KILMAINHAM,

OFF BROOKFIELD ROAD AND ONE MINUTE'S WALK FROM THE INCHICORE TRAM LINE, AND ONE MINUTE FROM DOLPHIN'S BARN TRAM TERMINUS.

A COMPACT, NON-BASEMENT, SMALL MODERN HOUSE, containing sitting-room, and kitchen with boarded floor, and excellent drainage, scullery, 2 good bedrooms, bathroom with hot and cold supply, hot linen press, sanitary accommodation; garden. Lease 860 years. Head £3 18s. 4d. Valuation £15.

Messrs. BOXWELL and BROWNRIGG, Solicitors, 5 Hume street, Dublin.

RICHMOND WORKS, NORTH RICHMOND STREET.

WE are instructed by the Executors of the late Jas. Kiernan

TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, On the Premises, On TUESDAY, 23rd NOVEMBER, THIS IMPORTANT PROPERTY, consisting of A LARGE BUILDERS' YARD, containing ABOUT 14 ACRES OF LAND, WITH A FINE RESIDENCE, MACHINE SHOP, JOINERS' SHOP, TIMBER SHEDS, STORES, with three entrances.

At the same time we will SELL BY AUCTION THE ENTIRE UP-TO-DATE PLANT AND STOCK.

ARTHUR COX and CO., Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, 5 Stephen's Green.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

Auctioneers and Valuers,
SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

VELOUR COAT—Smart Walking Velour Coat, large Sailor Collar, loose shape, deep cuffs of self material. This Coat is well tailored and exceedingly becoming. In shades of Mole, Nigger and Putty. 7½ Guineas.

PLEATED SKIRT—Elegant Accordeon Pleated Skirt, in fine suiting. In shades of Navy and Black. Price 3½ Guineas. NEWELL'S, Ltd., 60 Grafton Street, Dublin.

Off Purchases made before 11 every morning we allow a discount of 10% (2/- in £).

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

Auctioneers and Valuers,
SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

ADAM'S SALEROOMS,

19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, NORTH.
WEDNESDAY, 10TH NOVEMBER, 1920.
And Following Day, at 12 o'clock.

AUCTION SALE OF ANTIQUE AND SUPERIOR MODERN FURNITURE, PIANOS, etc., comprising—Red Inch Solo Piano, walnut case; Chippendale Chairs, Chesterfield Couches, Fumed Oak Sideboard, Chairs to match; pair of Club Divan Chairs, Easy and Occasional Chairs and Tables; antique mahog. secretary, 2 antique mahog. and other Bookcases, Chairs, Stools, and Benches; Brunch oak Stands, Tables, Chairs, and Benches; Brunch oak and mahog. Music Stands; Chippendale and period Sideboards, telescope Dining Tables, sets of Diningroom Chairs and Overmantles, Club Seat and other Fenders, Coal Vases, mantle Shelf Clocks, antique inlaid Dumb Waiter, interesting old 18th century Gilt Portraits, old Sheffield Candelabra, good Axminster and Brussels Room and Stair Carpets, Persian Rugs, Chippendale Table, good double and single Painted Bedsteads, and satin-walnut Bedroom Suites, combination Bedroom Furniture, Wardrobes, Chiffoniers, Dressing Tables and oak Bedsteads, spring and hair Mattresses, feather Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows, good deal Furniture, Dinner, Tea, and Dessert Services, Kitchen Utensils, Cooking Apparatus, and Victualls; Refrigerator, Step Ladders, Lawn Mowers, Hose and Garden Tools, Iron Benches and Folding Chairs, etc. On view Monday, 9th, November, 10 till 5. Sale Wednesday, 10th, and following day, at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,
Auctioneers and Appraisers,
27 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

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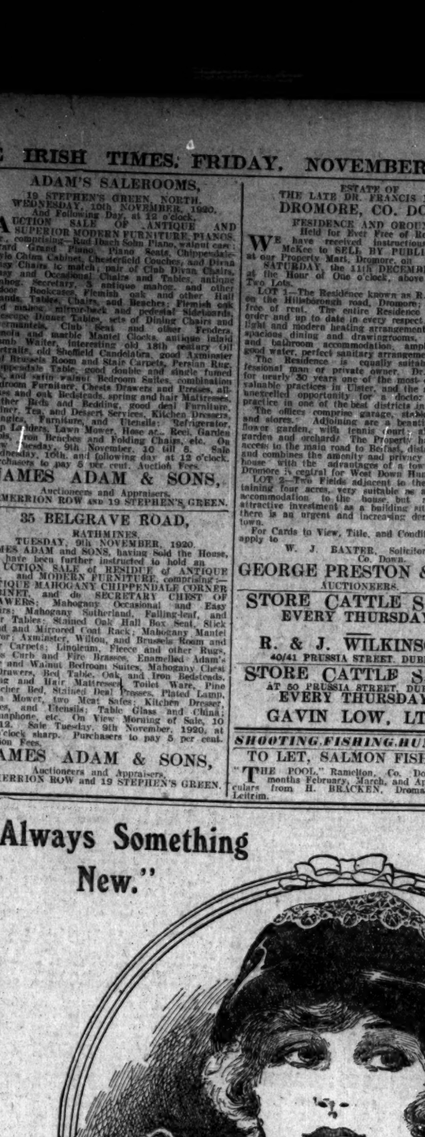
35 BELGRAVE ROAD, RATHMINES.

TUESDAY, 9TH NOVEMBER, 1920.

JAMES ADAM and SONS, having Sold the House, have been further instructed to hold an AUCTION SALE OF THE RESIDENT ANTIQUE and MODERN FURNITURE, comprising—ANTIQUE MAHOGANY CHIPPENDALE CORNER CABINET, and 4½ SECRETARY CHEST OF DRAWERS; Mahogany Occasional and Easy Chairs; Mahogany Sofa-end, Fallling-leaf, and other Tables; Stained Oak Hall Box Seat, Stick Stand and Mirrored Coat Rack; Mahogany Mantel Mirror; Axminster, Wilton, and Brussels Room and Stair Carpets; Linoleum, Fleece and other Rugs, Brass Curb and Fire Brasses; Enamelled Adam's Style and Walnut Bedroom Suites, Dressing Tables, set of Drawers, Bed Table, Oak, and Iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Feather Beds, Pine stretcher Bed, Stained Deal Presses, Plated Lamp, Linen Mangle, two Meat Safes; Kitchen Dresser, Tables, and Utensils; 3 Table Glass and Metal Cabinets, etc. On View Morning of Sale, 10 till 12 o'clock sharp. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,
Auctioneers and Appraisers,
27 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

"Always Something New."



Slyne & Co. LTD.
71
Grafton Street

ESTATE OF THE LATE DR. FRANCIS McKEE, DROMORE, CO. DOWN.

RESIDENCE AND GROUNDS.
Held for Fifty Years of Rent.

WE have received instructions from Mrs. Heard to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at our Property Mart, Dromore, on SATURDAY, the 11TH DECEMBER, 1920, at the Hour of One o'clock, above Property, in Two Lots.

LOT 1.—The Residence known as RATH HOUSE, on the Hillsborough and Dromore Road for over Free of rent. The entire Residence is in perfect order and up to date in every respect, with electric light and modern heating arrangements throughout; spacious dining and drawingrooms, excellent tiled and bathroom accommodation, ample supply of good water, perfect sanitary arrangements.

The Residence is equally suitable for a professional man of private means. Dr. McKee had for nearly 30 years one of the most extensive and valuable practices in Ulster, and the sale offers an unexcelled opportunity for a doctor commencing practice in one of the best districts in the county.

The offices comprise garages, coach house, and stores. Adjoining are a beautifully laid-out flower garden, with tennis court; a very choice garden and orchard. The Property has immediate access to the main road to Belfast, distant 17 miles, and combines the amenity and privacy of a country house with the advantages of a town residence. Dromore, the capital for West Down Hunt.

LOT 2.—Two Fields adjacent to the house, containing four acres, very suitable as an additional accommodation to the Residence, or as a most attractive investment as a building site, for which there is at present an urgent and increasing demand in the town.

For Cards to View, Title, and Conditions of Sale apply to

W. J. BAXTER, Solicitor, Dromore.

GEORGE PRESTON & SON,
AUCTIONEERS.

STORE CATTLE SALES EVERY THURSDAY.

R. & J. WILKINSON,
40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE SALES
AT 55 PRESSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
EVERY THURSDAY.
GAVIN LOW, LTD.

SHOOTING, FISHING, HUNTING.

TO LET, SALMON FISHING,

"THE POOL," Ramelton, Co. Donegal, for months February, March, and April. Particulars from H. BRACKEN, Dromahaire, Co. Leitrim.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,

38-39 SOUTH GT. GEORGE'S ST.

HOUSES FOR SALE, WITH POSSESSION.

Sandymount Avenue, Ballsbridge—Well-built modern, SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, £1,400.

Park Avenue, Sydney Parade, £1,500—SEMI-DETACHED, with large garden. Ground rent only £4 12/9.

Wellington Road, £1,700—Very attractive HOUSE; perfect order, electric light; long garden, sibling.

Clontarf, £1,300—Pretty DETACHED MODERN RESIDENCE, large garden and greenhouse; electric light.

Bushy Park Road, £3,300—Choice RESIDENCE, splendidly built; mountain views; good garden, motor-house.

Clonskeagh, £2,600—Free of Rent for Ever; good residential position; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, etc.; large garden.

Portmarnock, 30 acres, £4,200—FINE RESIDENCE and splendid Land, near golf links.

Coolock, 7 acres, £1,500—Charming RESIDENCE, in perfect order; fine garden.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
HOUSE AGENTS,
38 & 39 STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

FRUIT TREES.

OVER 20 Acres strong, healthy Fruit Trees at Watson's Nurseries, Killiney, Co. Dublin (much the largest fruit-tree nurseries in this country). Free delivery in Dublin and Suburbs. Liberal carriage terms for country orders. New catalogue free.

FARM FOR SALE.

SPLENDID FATTENING FARM, 246 ACRES, Splendid Residence, 10 apartments, bath (h. and c.), ample outoffices, hay sheds, all in good repair. Crops—60 Ton Hay, 50 Ton Straw, 80 Ton Turnips, 50 Ton Mangolds, about 5 Ton Potatoes. Twenty miles from Dublin, half mile from Railway. PRICE £10,000.

EGAN & CO.,
Land Agents,
7 LOWER PEMBROKE STREET, DUBLIN.

RESIDENTIAL HOLDING

of 42 Acres; L.L.C., £17 16s. 2d.; P.L.V. £41 (1,000). Plenty, about 14 to 21ft. high. Apply to Major E. C. HAMILTON, Estate Office, Castlewellan, Co. Down.

FOR SALE, NORTH KILDARE, GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, 5 reception, 8 bed, 3 servants' rooms; modern sanitation, excellent stabling; centre hunting district; 60 Acres prime Grass Land. Immediate possession. Particulars on application.—Z 177, Residence," this office.

FARM FOR SALE, 63 Acres Fattening Land, 12 miles from Dublin; good House, in excellent repair; lofts, cattle shed, etc."—Z 178, Farm," this office.

APARTMENTS CONTINUED.

PEMBROKE road—To Let, Sittingroom and Bedroom (communicating), well Furnished, also Single Bedroom, 1st and 2nd floors, electric light, use of Diningroom; terms moderate.—Q 376, this office.

BUSINESS Lady requires comfortable Board and Residence, with Baths; terms moderate.—Q 700, this office.

BUSINESS Lady wishes comfortable Combined Room, North side; state terms.—Q 705, this office.

DOCTOR requires two Sitting (Hall and one Bedroom, Upper Baggot Street, Stephen's Green or vicinity; state terms.—Q 644, this office.

GENTLEMAN dining out requires Furnished Bedroom and Sitting-room; only replies stating full particulars terms noticed.—Q 475, this office.

GENTLEMAN requires Bedroom and use of Sitting-room, or Combined Room, with full or partial board; state terms.—Q 692, this office.

LARGE, well Furnished Bedroom and private Sitting-room, with Board and attendance, in Protestant house, good locality, required for business gentleman and child; good cooking essential.—Z 232, Room," this office.

LADY wants Room, full attendances, moderate; state terms.—Q 695, this office.

TWO Business Girls Require a Bed Sitting-room near Trinity College, Dublin.—Apply Secretary, 61 Irish Times Office, Fleet Street.

UNFURNISHED Flat, self contained, in city; 2 rooms, kitchen, bathroom; moderate rent.—Q 462, this office.

WANTED by two ladies (I.C.), small Flat or Half House, Unfurnished or partly; attendance, bath if convenient; state terms. South side or Pembroke vicinity.—Z 147, Flat," this office.

WANTED by two Gentlemen, Double Bedded Room with attendance, partial or full board; terms.—Q 707, this office.

WANTED, a Room, with attendance, in the vicinity of Holles st.—Q 520, this office.

WANTED, self contained Flat, Unfurnished, Dublin; three rooms, kitchen, bathroom.—Q 720, this office.

WANTED, comfortable Bedroom and use of Sitting-room; full board; North side preferred.—Q 737, this office.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY.
HOUSES TO LET AND WANTED.

BRAY—Furnished, pleasantly or unfurnished House, for year or longer, non basement, 4 or 5 bed, 2 sitting-rooms, etc., careful tenant, no children, moderate.—950, c/o Wilde, Bray.

BALLY—Furnished House, 5 rooms, to Let month at Christmas; small rent; rent 2 gns. including wage.—Q 427, this office.

CHARMING sunny Furnished House, overlooking Killiney Bay, to Let, November to May; four sittingrooms, seven bedrooms, bathroom, electric light; wage paid; 2/6 6/- a week.—Z 225, House," this office.

DALKEY—Culmore Cottage to Let, Furnished, for winter, 2 sitting, 3 bedrooms, etc.—11 Haddington terrace, Kingstown.

DALKEY—Comfortable House to Let, detached, 30 minutes; 3 bed, 2 sitting, maid's room, bath, garden; plate, telephone; fine views; easy train, tram.—28 Carlisle Park, Kingstown.

FURNISHED House to Let, near Kingstown, for two months; seen by appointment. Apply 6 Glenalbyn terrace, Kingstown.

FURNISHED House, sea front, Kingstown; £12 10s. per month.—607, Irish Times Office, Hawkins st.

KINGSTOWN—Advertisements (Prepaid) for "Irish Times" can be handed in at south and Barton's for 12 o'clock, or up to 4 p.m. (Wednesdays, 1 p.m.).

SMALL Sporting Property required, mountainous district preferred; good house essential.—B. L., Ballyfin Cottage, Clonee, Co. Cork.

TO Let, Furnished, Modern House, Esplanade, Bray; eight rooms, electric light, h. bath. Apply 75 Harcourt st., Dublin.

WANTED, Small House at Howth, for one or two months; rent moderate. Furnished or Unfurnished.—P 1238, this office.

WANTED, Furnished House, every convenience, near tramic route; situated; no children; rent moderate. Tower Office, Rockbrook.

WANTED to Let, in Kingstown, Furnished House to Let or Unfurnished; three bedrooms, two sittingrooms, bath; central position; close to tram.—F 48, Irish Times Office, Kingstown.

APARTMENTS TO LET AND WANTED.

BRAY—Bed and Sittingroom, use of kitchen; attendance if necessary; terms moderate. Apply 1 Quinsboro' road, Bray.

BRAY, Esplanade—Excellent Rooms, very moderate in winter. Esplanade Library, Bray.

BEDROOM, Sittingroom, use Kitchen, to Let; Protestant preferred; without attendance; every convenience; £3 15/- monthly (exclusive).—Q 704, this office.

BRIDGE—Large dining-room, suit two gentlemen, dining out.—Q 605, this office.

CLONTARF—Furnished Combined Room, use of Sitting-room, hot bath.—40 Harrington st.

DUBLIN—Furnished Apartments, suit business ladies; Protestant.—Q 494, this office.

EMAIL—Furnished Bedroom, Rathmines, 7/- weekly.—Q 653, this office.

SELECT Apartments, suit gentlemen, friends, sittingroom, attendance.—149 Clonliffe road, Drumcondra.

TO Let, Unfurnished Room. Can be seen at 10 Nelson's cottages, Rialto st., off Jamestown st., F.

TWO Large Unfurnished Rooms, top Flat, to Let; also Single Unfurnished Bedroom; no children.—10 Belvedere place, Mountjoy square.

UNFURNISHED Flat to Let, next sentained, three rooms; rent £52 10s. per annum.—Q 734, this office.

UNFURNISHED Flat to Let, third floor—124 Lower Baggot st.

WELL-Furnished Double Bedroom and Sittingroom, kitchenette, gas cooker, electric light; private house; no attendance.—20 Herbert place.

5 UPPER Gardiner st., opposite Jesuit Church—Comfortable Furnished Apartments.

13 HERBERT place—Well Furnished Bed and Sittingroom; electric light; suit gentleman.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

BUSINESS Lady requires comfortable Board and Looking; North side preferred; state terms.—Q 706, this office.

BUSINESS Lady wishes comfortable Combined Room, North side; state terms.—Q 705, this office.

DOCTOR requires two Sitting (Hall and one Bedroom, Upper Baggot Street, Stephen's Green or vicinity; state terms.—Q 644, this office.

GENTLEMAN dining out requires Furnished Bedroom and Sitting-room; only replies stating full particulars terms noticed.—Q 475, this office.

GENTLEMAN requires Bedroom and use of Sitting-room, or Combined Room, with full or partial board; state terms.—Q 692, this office.

LARGE, well Furnished Bedroom and private Sitting-room, with Board and attendance, in Protestant house, good locality, required for business gentleman and child; good cooking essential.—Z 232, Room," this office.

LADY wants Room, full attendances, moderate; state terms.—Q 695, this office.

TWO Business Girls Require a Bed Sitting-room near Trinity College, Dublin.—Apply Secretary, 61 Irish Times Office, Fleet Street.

UNFURNISHED Flat, self contained, in city; 2 rooms, kitchen, bathroom; moderate rent.—Q 462, this office.

WANTED by two ladies (I.C.), small Flat or Half House, Unfurnished or partly; attendance, bath if convenient; state terms. South side or Pembroke vicinity.—Z 147, Flat," this office.

WANTED by two Gentlemen, Double Bedded Room with attendance, partial or full board; terms.—Q 707, this office.

WANTED, a Room, with attendance, in the vicinity of Holles st.—Q 520, this office.

WANTED, self contained Flat, Unfurnished, Dublin; three rooms, kitchen, bathroom.—Q 720, this office.

WANTED, comfortable Bedroom and use of Sitting-room; full board; North side preferred.—Q 737, this office.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY.
HOUSES TO LET AND WANTED.

BRAY—Furnished, pleasantly or unfurnished House, for year or longer, non basement, 4 or 5 bed, 2 sitting-rooms, etc., careful tenant, no children, moderate.—950, c/o Wilde, Bray.

BALLY—Furnished House, 5 rooms, to Let month at Christmas; small rent; rent 2 gns. including wage.—Q 427, this office.

CHARMING sunny Furnished House, overlooking Killiney Bay, to Let, November to May; four sittingrooms, seven bedrooms, bathroom, electric light; wage paid; 2/6 6/- a week.—Z 225, House," this office.

DALKEY—Culmore Cottage to Let, Furnished, for winter, 2 sitting, 3 bedrooms, etc.—11 Haddington terrace, Kingstown.

DALKEY—Comfortable House to Let, detached, 30 minutes; 3 bed, 2 sitting, maid's room, bath, garden; plate, telephone; fine views; easy train, tram.—28 Carlisle Park, Kingstown.

FURNISHED House to Let, near Kingstown, for two months; seen by appointment. Apply 6 Glenalbyn terrace, Kingstown.

FURNISHED House, sea front, Kingstown; £12 10s. per month.—607, Irish Times Office, Hawkins st.

KINGSTOWN—Advertisements (Prepaid) for "Irish Times" can be handed in at south and Barton's for 12 o'clock, or up to 4 p.m. (Wednesdays, 1 p.m.).

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DRAWINGROOM, well Furnished, electric light; use of kitchen; terms moderate.—Q 449, this office.

FLAT to Let at Fitzwilliam place; suit doctor or dentist.—Q 474, this office.

FURNISHED Bedroom and Sittingroom, quiet house; no attendance.—25 Annesley Park, Ballsbridge.

FLATS, unfurnished, well equipped, electric light, newly done up. Apply for information 39 Upper Mount street.

GENTLEMAN dining out can have good Bedroom, use of Sitting-room; private house, Rathmines; 30/- weekly.—Z 209, Apartments," this office.

GENTLEMAN requires Bedroom and Sitting-room, with Sittingroom adjoining, breakfast, tea, and full dinner; terms not to exceed £4 10s. per week; within 2 minutes from tram, Rathmines district.—Q 665, this office.

HALF Flat, furnished for three. Can be seen at 66 Pembroke road.

INVALID Lady or Gentleman received in own home (Norfolk); every comfort; nursing experience; highest references; terms £350.—Invalid," this office.

INVALID'S Comfortable Home offered; Protestant; terms moderate.—Q 715, this office.

LARGE Drawingroom and 2 Bed Rooms to Let, Unfurnished; central, best locality.—Q 666, this office.

LADY can have comfortable, well Furnished Bedroom, use Sitting-room, bath, attendance if required; terms moderate.—Q 512, Irish Times Office, Rockbrook.

LARGE well Furnished Sitting and 3 Bedrooms, use of kitchen; terms moderate; no attendance; Protestant preferred.—Q 525, this office.

LARGE Sitting-room, Bedroom, bathroom; Protestant; terms £1 5/- weekly; Rathmines.—Q 634, this office.

LARGE Unfurnished Double Bedroom and Sittingroom, use of kitchen; terms moderate; no attendance.—Q 523, this office.

LARGE well Furnished Double Bedroom and Sittingroom, kitchenette, gas cooker, electric light; private house; no attendance.—20 Herbert place.

LARGE Unfur